# DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION

**Annual Financial Report** 

June 30, 2023



LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE

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Arkansas

Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

## LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

## Independent Auditor's Report

Division of Elementary and Secondary Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission (the "Commission"), a commission of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Commission as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Commission, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As indicated above, the financial statements of the Commission are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of only that portion of the governmental activities and the major fund of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Commission. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arkansas as of June 30, 2023, the changes in its financial position, or budgetary comparisons for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

## Other Matter

#### Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the Commission's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund in our report dated February 3, 2023. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

## Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Commission's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, listed in the accompanying table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Selected Information, Schedule of Combined Statement of Net Position, and Schedule of Combined Statement of Activities but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's reports thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 25, 2024, on our consideration of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Commission's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Kozukhorman

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas January 25, 2024 SA1451623



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair

Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

## LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

## REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Division of Elementary and Secondary Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission (the "Commission"), a commission of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Commission's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 25, 2024.

## Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Commission's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies; therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the Schedule of Findings and Responses below as item 2023-1, that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described below in the Schedule of Findings and Responses as item 2023-2.

## SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

2023-1 Ark. Code Ann. § 19-11-204(13)(A) defines "small procurements" as procurements not exceeding \$20,000, which may be obtained without seeking bids; however, competition should be used to the maximum extent practicable. Additionally, Ark. Code Ann. § 19-11-234 provides guidance regarding competitive bidding for contracts in which the purchase price exceeds \$20,000 and is less than or equal to \$75,000 and states that using repeated small quantity procurements to circumvent competitive bid limits or failing to obtain competitive bids without justification constitutes a violation of Arkansas Procurement Law. The *State of Arkansas Financial Management Guide* states that vendors should be selected before a purchase order is created; after the purchase order is approved, it can be printed and sent to the vendor. Services Contract Instructions issued by the Department of Transformation and Shared Services – Office of State Procurement (OSP) require that the department and the contractor complete the signature portion of the form. Additionally, the use of state-issued credit cards (such as purchasing cards and travel cards) is governed by rules and regulations issued by OSP.

Our review of 61 maintenance and operation expense items, totaling \$3,405,679, and 35 expense items specifically from credit card activities, totaling \$199,066, revealed the following:

- The Agency obtained goods and services without always obtaining bids for transactions that were at or near the threshold for requiring bids, which increases the risk that noncompliance could occur. In one instance, a change order of \$5,000 was made after the contract began, which caused the total contract to rise above the bid threshold.
- A contract valued at \$250,000 was not manually or digitally signed by the vendor; rather, the vendor's name was typed onto the contract.
- Contracts for two vendors, valued at \$48,448 and \$37,200, respectively, were not executed for services.
- Expenditures totaling \$25,037 were coded to incorrect expenditure descriptions.
- Expenditures totaling \$75,825 for contractors' travel costs were charged directly to the Agency's travel card, and \$6,825 was charged to the personal credit card of an employee, instead of being paid by the contractors. OSP guidance on the use of credit cards stipulates that the travel card is intended for official state travel-related use only and should never be used for personal purchases or to pay for someone else's travel expenses.
- Overpayments for rental car charges totaling \$3,033 were identified. In one instance, the cost of a contractor's rental car was charged directly to the Agency's credit card and reimbursed to the contractor. As a result, the Agency unnecessarily paid the contractor \$2,762. The Agency was unaware of this event until informed by the auditors. In another instance, a credit of \$271 was issued by a rental car company to a different contractor towards a new personal rental instead of refunded to the Agency. This event was self-reported by the Agency. After auditor inquiries, the Agency recovered the funds from both contractors.
- The Agency was charged \$108 for a hotel room for a contractor who did not stay overnight.

The Agency did not adequately plan, prepare, and train staff to ensure that the extraordinary number and type of transactions associated with its projects would always follow applicable state laws and guidelines.

We recommend the Agency strengthen internal controls to comply with applicable sections of Arkansas procurement laws, state travel regulations, and the Arkansas Financial Management Guide.

2023-2 Ark. Code Ann. § 6-3-110(b) states that "only an appropriate state employee may supervise state employees of the Educational Television Division of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education," and "no person or employee paid with funds not appropriated by the General Assembly shall supervise any state employee of the Educational Television Division." An AETC employee trained an employee of the Arkansas PBS Foundation ("Foundation") from June 26 through September 1, 2023. As stipulated in a Short Term Accounting Shared Services Agreement, which was executed between the Agency and the Foundation on July 26, 2023, the Agency employee was under the exclusive direction of the Chief Executive Officer of the Foundation during the days of the training. AETC received \$17,025 from the Foundation to cover payroll costs associated with the employee.

As a result of this arrangement, the employee was supervised by a person who was not a state employee and who was paid with funds not appropriated by the General Assembly.

We recommend the Agency comply with applicable sections of Arkansas Code.

#### Agency Management Response

Arkansas PBS values the time, effort, and recommendations of Arkansas Legislative Audit. We acknowledge and concur with the FY23 findings. Please find our detailed responses to the audit findings below.

The following FY23 background information informs the audit findings:

- The agency had 60% turnover in its fiscal/procurement positions during FY23.
- The CFO, controller and procurement coordinator positions were vacant for 5 months, 3 months and one month, respectively. A new CFO began work on January 31, a new procurement coordinator on April 3, and a new controller on June 19. A fiscal division manager position was added (filled on June 26).
- The agency does not employ a contracts administrator. The CFO manages procurement contracting.
- In FY2023, the agency issued 464 purchase orders totaling \$7,506,307. Thirty-two percent (32%) of the POs were for two projects: 99 for the K2 project and 48 for the Rise & Shine S3 project.
- All fiscal and procurement activities for the Rise & Shine S3 project and most fiscal/procurement activities for the K2 project were concentrated during the spring-summer of 2023. Project complexity, the extraordinary number and type of transactions, as well as insufficient staff capacity contributed to regulatory compliance issues.

## Finding 2023-1

#### Item 1.1

This finding is related to approximately 240 individual educational video segments produced during a 90-day period (Rise & Shine S3 project).

The agency had 30 days to plan (48 purchase orders) and 60 days to execute the work, which included puppet shows to teach spelling, educational field trips throughout the state, video-taped readings of stories, animated videos to teach colors and shapes, educational music videos and video-taped lessons by teachers. Work began in early April 2023.

On April 14, 2023, the agency solicited competitive bids from 12 prospective vendors for field trip video production services. Each prospective vendor was permitted to bid on up to ten (10) of 36 digital field trip segments to be filmed throughout the state.

After bids were received, the agency hired the 6 qualified bidders and the collective cost for the 6 contracts totaled \$145,000 for 55 segments. Since the cost of the video production work was substantially higher than \$75,000, it should have been bid as a formal contract through the Office of State Procurement but was not. Awarding a formal bid to multiple venders would have required pre-approval from the OSP Director, but approval was not obtained by the agency.

During this period of extreme workload when the agency was transitioning to a new procurement coordinator, the proper steps to manage this procurement were not taken.

The agency solicited bids via email, received 7 bids, and issued a multi-award to 6 bidders. Bids ranged from \$1,850 per segment to \$5,500 per segment.

The agency accepted four (4) bids as-is:

# Segments	Per	Segment		Total	Contractor
10	\$	1,850	\$	18,500	<b>DENNIS MATTHEW JORDAN*</b>
10	\$	2,000	\$	20,000	DUNN MEDIA GROUP LLC
10	\$	2,500	\$	25,000	MADE BY MATTHEWS
10	\$	3,000	\$	30,000	SDS FILMS LLC
40	\$	2,338	\$	93,500	
*later increase	d from	n \$18,500 t	o \$2	23,500	

The agency negotiated with two vendors to reduce their bids from \$3,500 x 10 segments to \$3,200 x 10 segments, and from \$5,000 per segment x 3 segments to \$3,000 per segment x 5 segments.

In the instance of the \$5,000 increase to the \$18,500 original PO (\$23,500 amended total), the vendor's original bid was 32% lower than the average of the other bids awarded. Due to the logistics of creative preproduction, the agency was unable to provide precise topics and locations to vendors for the 55 segments in advance. Once creative directions for each field trip segment were decided and field trip logistics were finalized, there was additional work required that this particular vendor was unable to budget in the original \$18,500 bid submitted.

The agency deemed it in the state's best interest to renegotiate the contract amount with the existing vendor. All other bids received for this solicitation exceeded this vendor's original bid. It was deemed unlikely the agency would find a qualified vendor to perform the work for the same or less money within the designated timeframe. Purchase orders totaling \$145,500 were issued for 55 video segments.

# Segments	Per	Segment	Total	Contractor
10	\$	2,000	\$ 20,000	DUNN MEDIA GROUP LLC
10	\$	2,350	\$ 23,500	DENNIS MATTHEW JORDAN
10	\$	2,500	\$ 25,000	MADE BY MATTHEWS
5	\$	3,000	\$ 15,000	TITAN CONCEPTS LLC
10	\$	3,000	\$ 30,000	SDS FILMS LLC
10	\$	3,200	\$ 32,000	ONELIGHT FILM LLC
55	\$	2,645	\$ 145,500	

## Item 1.2.

Management acknowledges the oversight. The contract was electronically signed by the vendor on March 27, 2023, and sent to the agency via email, but the digital signature was not certified.

The agency has clarified signature requirements with staff and has specified that a certificate-based digital ID such as Adobe Sign is required for digital signatures.

#### Item 1.3

Both missing contracts were for the K2 project. Both POs (issued without a contract) were issued on April 13, 2023, during the period when the agency was transitioning to a new procurement coordinator, resulting in the oversight.

## Item 1.4

The accounting errors were for K2 project expenses, including a FEDEX p-card transaction incorrectly coded to freight that was for printing services; an equipment rental transaction coded to audio/visual equipment rather than to other rent and leases; and a mileage reimbursement that was accidentally coded to special purpose supplies.

## Item 1.5

It is industry-standard practice in the film industry for all production expenses to be borne by the production company. Cast and crew as a standard practice do not pay their own expenses up-front, to be reimbursed later. For the K2 project, Arkansas PBS served as the production company, and in expanding its service in education to Arkansas, it was the first time the agency had managed a project of this type and magnitude. Given the size and scope of the K2 project, the project had a very limited planning period.

The agency should have requested guidance from OSP on the unique project requirements that were new to the agency.

Over 112 primary cast and crew (contractors) worked on this project, several of whom required airfare, hotel, and rental car accommodation and/or mileage reimbursement for use of personal vehicles for project work.

In the instance of the agency travel card use for contractor travel, the agency failed to closely review the travel card regulations and was therefore unaware that it was violating state procurement law in this instance.

A contracted crew member in a key production role informed the agency late in the day that he was being ousted from his Airbnb accommodation due to a declined agency credit card (no available credit). To secure the contractor's room and avoid possible disruption to the K2 project, the CFO consulted with Arkansas PBS fiscal staff about expense reimbursement regulations but did not review the DFA Financial Management Guide for allowability before giving her personal credit card to cover the bill. The agency failed to remove the CFO's personal credit card from the Airbnb account and the card was subsequently charged for two additional reservations before the error was discovered. The above was self-disclosed to both DFA and Arkansas Legislative Audit by the CFO. In addition, the CFO received cash back on her credit card related to the three lodging transactions, which she self-disclosed to both DFA and Legislative Audit and paid in full to the agency.

#### Item 1.6

A contractor on the K2 project reserved a rental car in his own name prior to the establishment of an agency corporate account with Hertz. He then submitted a reimbursement request to the agency for the rental car charge, which the agency paid (\$2,762). Subsequently, Hertz approved the agency's account application and the contractor's reservation was switched to the agency account. Hertz made the decision without the agency's authorization to retroactively credit the contractor's personal credit card and charge the agency travel card for the earlier rental car costs.

With the volume of project transactions, the agency failed to catch this error and the contractor did not notify the agency that he had been reimbursed twice for the same transaction, by both Hertz and the agency. The contractor has since reimbursed the agency in full for the overpayment.

A second contractor on the K2 project received a reimbursement (credit) from Hertz to her personal credit card that was due to the agency. This was a Hertz administrative error. The agency has since received the full \$271 reimbursement from the contractor.

## Item 1.7

A contracted actor on the K2 project was originally scheduled to work one production day but was then extended to work 3 days due to needed production schedule changes. Hotel availability was limited in Central Arkansas due to high occupancy rates after the tornado that occurred in the spring of 2023. The agency moved the actor (a minor) and parent to a hotel that had multi-day availability but failed to cancel the original one-day reservation.

## <u> 2023-2</u>

In drafting and executing the agreement with the agency's affiliated foundation, the agency CFO was unaware of applicable sections of Arkansas Code. In the future, only an appropriate state employee will supervise state employees of the agency.

#### **Corrective Action Plan**

Arkansas PBS will strengthen its internal controls to ensure compliance with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations in the future.

The agency is creating new internal resources to ensure that agency employees are knowledgeable and fully prepared to comply with state laws, rules, and regulations. In December of 2023, the agency issued a detailed procurement guide to all agency employees and in January of 2024 began the initial phase of conducting agency-wide procurement trainings.

## Agency's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards require the auditors to perform limited procedures on the Agency's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the Schedule of Findings and Responses above. The Agency's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tom Bullyt

Tom Bullington, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas January 25, 2024

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education - Arkansas Educational Television Commission, referenced throughout as the Commission. This discussion provides an overview of the activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, and compares them to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The report also serves as an introduction to the Commission's basic financial statements. It is important that the discussion and analysis be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes that follow this section.

## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Commission's financial statements have three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report contains supplementary information to the basic financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the Commission's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business reports. The statement of net position and statement of activities report governmental activities, which are primarily supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other grants. All services provided by the Commission are governmental activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents financial information on all the Commission assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Commission is improving or deteriorating. The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Commission's net position has changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash inflows or outflows. The revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated absences or vacation leave).

The government-wide financial statements of the Commission only include the operations of the Arkansas Educational Television Commission, a commission of the State of Arkansas. The Commission is required to report its activities separately from the State as a whole to the Corporation for Public Broadcasting each year in order to acquire grant funding. The Corporation for Public Broadcasting also requires the Commission to report the activities of its related fundraising organization, the AETN Foundation (doing business as the Arkansas PBS Foundation), a legally separate 501c(3) nonprofit. The AETN Foundation does not meet the Governmental Accounting Standards Board requirements for presentation in these financial statements as a component unit, but a summary of financial information of the Foundation is included in the notes following the basic financial statements.

## Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.

The fund financial statements have four sections: the balance sheet; the reconciliation of the governmental funds balance sheet to the statement of net position; the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance-governmental funds; and the reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance-governmental funds to the statement of activities. The reconciliation statements are provided to facilitate a comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

## The General Fund

The Commission maintains one governmental fund, the General Fund, to account for all activities. This is the primary operating fund and consists of state appropriations, grants, project and production underwriting, and charges for services. The General fund had a 2% increase in fund balance from \$3,989,429 on June 30, 2022, to \$4,078,109 on June 30, 2023. The overall increase in fund balance was primarily due to the combination of a decrease in non-spendable fund balance resulting from prepaid expenses, decreases in restricted fund balances resulting from federal and Corporation for Public Broadcasting grants, and an increase in unassigned fund balance. The fund balance on June 30, 2023, includes non-spendable amounts for: prepaid expenses of \$571,250; restricted for Corporation for Public Broadcasting Community Service Grants of \$1,712,466; and unassigned fund balance of \$1,794,393.

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

## Notes to the Financial Statements

Notes to financial statements provide additional information essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found in the Basic Financial Statements section of this report.

## Budget

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances-budget and actual-general fund. The budgeted amounts shown are based on appropriations approved by the Arkansas State Legislature. The appropriated amounts do not represent actual funding; therefore, if funding is not received for a requested project appropriation, or right to spend, there will be a significant variance between budget and actual. In fiscal year 2023, the Commission had unfunded projects and vacant positions accounting for most of the variance between budget and actual.

#### **Capital Assets**

The Commission's net investment in capital assets on June 30, 2023, was \$14,207,761. This is less than the June 30, 2022, net investment in capital assets of \$14,522,119. The 2023 decrease in net value of capital assets is primarily due to an additional year of accumulated amortization charged against the agency's right-to-use lease assets.

## **Commission Condensed Financial Information and Analysis**

Condensed Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022			
Current assets Non-current assets	\$ 5,775,687	\$   5,475,067 53,725			
Capital assets (net)	14,207,761	14,522,119			
Total assets	19,983,448	20,050,911			
Deferred outflows related to pensions & OPEB	3,526,346	3,144,410			
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$23,509,794	\$23,195,321			
Current liabilities	\$ 1,991,823	\$ 2,014,796			
Long-term liabilities	12,107,283	8,896,031			
Total liabilities	14,099,106	10,910,827			
Deferred inflows related to pensions, OPEB, and leases	2,210,679	6,210,877			
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	16,309,785	17,121,704			
Net investment in capital assets	14,207,761	14,522,119			
Restricted - Federal grants	142,407	489,323			
Restricted - CPB grants	1,812,868	2,248,388			
Unrestricted	(8,963,027)	(11,186,213)			
Total net position	7,200,009	6,073,617			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources					
and net position	\$23,509,794	\$23,195,321			

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2023

The Commission's net position increased \$1,126,392 due to a decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions, other post-employment benefits (OPEB) and leases, an increase in long-term liabilities related to pensions, OPEB and leases, and an increase in deferred outflows related to pensions, OPEB, and leases.

	Governmental Activities				
	2023	2022			
Charges for services	\$ 286,783	\$ 249,908			
Operating grants	4,494,586	3,873,874			
Total program revenues	4,781,369	4,123,782			
Indirect administrative services	367,118	367,481			
In-kind revenues	6,802	25,690			
Investment earnings	103,846	35,578			
General revenue distribution	5,472,881	5,459,958			
CARES Act funding from other agencies	1,923,267	3,206,046			
Division of Elementary and Secondary Education	2,635,407	2,784,838			
ARP Act Funding from Other Agencies	397,744	763,008			
Miscellaneous revenue	10,874	7,530			
Other transfers	83,105	(114,697)			
Total general revenue and transfers	11,001,044	12,535,432			
Programming and production	3,529,680	3,432,809			
Education	5,010,997	3,672,722			
Broadcasting	3,848,354	4,794,383			
Promotion	782,779	469,086			
Management and general	1,484,211	1,090,261			
Total expenses	14,656,021	13,459,261			
Change in net position	1,126,392	3,199,953			
Net position, beginning of year	6,073,617	2,873,664			
Net position, end of year	\$ 7,200,009	\$6,073,617			

The Commission's smaller change in 2023 net position of \$1,126,392 versus \$3,199,953 in 2022 is primarily due to a 2023 decrease in CARES Act funding and a 2023 increase in education expenses for special projects.

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmer	ntal Act	al Activities		
	2023		2022		
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,716,714	\$	4,666,441		
Customer receivables	37,493		20,000		
Federal receivables	286,508		120,571		
Lease receivables	53,725		52,871		
Accrued interest receivable	868		1,721		
Due from other agencies	109,129		19,910		
Prepaid expenses	 571,250		593,553		
Total current assets	 5,775,687		5,475,067		
Non-current assets:					
Lease receivables			53,725		
Capital assets:					
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	75,648		2,428,732		
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	14,132,113		12,093,387		
Capital assets, net	 14,207,761		14,522,119		
Total non-current assets	 14,207,761	_	14,575,844		
TOTAL ASSETS	 19,983,448		20,050,911		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Related to pensions	3,018,595		2,281,651		
Related to other post-employment benefits	507,751		862,759		
Total deferred outflows of resources	 3,526,346	_	3,144,410		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 23,509,794	\$	23,195,321		

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governme	ntal Activities
	2023	2022
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable - vendors	\$ 329,548	\$ 797,387
Accrued payroll	117,983	371,687
Due to other governments		167
Due to other agencies	16,267	152,120
Due to federal government	188,238	
Unearned revenue	705,304	10,591
Accrued interest payable	1,226	1,799
Lease liability	395,931	425,634
Claims, judgments, and compensated absences	86,554	88,453
Other post-employment benefits obligation	150,772	166,958
Total current liabilities	1,991,823	2,014,796
Long-term liabilities:		
Lease liability	515,271	911,202
Claims, judgments, and compensated absences	532,127	516,557
Post-employment benefits	3,583,244	3,633,486
Net pension liability	7,476,641	3,834,786
Total long-term liabilities	12,107,283	8,896,031
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,099,106	10,910,827
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Related to pensions	293,016	3,774,555
Related to other post-employment benefits	1,863,933	2,328,862
Related to leases	53,730	107,460
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,210,679	6,210,877
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,309,785	17,121,704
NET POSITION		
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	14,207,761	14,522,119
Restricted - Federal grants	142,407	489,323
Restricted - Corp. for Public Broadcasting community service grants	1,812,868	2,248,388
Unrestricted	(8,963,027)	(11,186,213)
Total Net Position	7,200,009	6,073,617
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION	\$ 23,509,794	\$ 23,195,321

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

			Operating	Net Revenu	e (Expense)
		Charges	Grants and	Governmen	tal Activities
Functions/Programs	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	2023	2022
Governmental activities:					
Education	\$14,656,021	\$ 286,783	\$ 4,494,586	\$ (9,874,652)	\$ (9,335,479)
Total governmental activities	\$14,656,021	\$ 286,783	\$ 4,494,586	(9,874,652)	(9,335,479)
Indirect administrative services				367,118	367,481
In-kind revenue				6,802	25,690
Investment earnings				103,846	35,578
Miscellaneous revenues				10,874	7,530
Transfers:					
General revenue distribution				5,472,881	5,459,958
CARES Act funding from other	agencies			1,923,267	3,206,046
ARP Act funding from other age	encies			397,744	763,008
Division of Elementary and Sec	condary Educatio	on		2,635,407	2,784,838
Other transfers				83,105	(114,697)
Total revenue and transfers				11,001,044	12,535,432
Change in net position				1,126,392	3,199,953
Net position - beginning				6,073,617	2,873,664
Net position - ending				\$ 7,200,009	\$ 6,073,617

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund				
		2023		2022	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,716,714	\$	4,666,441	
Customer receivables		37,493		20,000	
Federal receivables		286,508		120,571	
Lease receivables		53,725		106,596	
Accrued interest receivable		868		1,721	
Due from other agencies		109,129		19,910	
Prepaid expenses		571,250		593,553	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	5,775,687	\$	5,528,792	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BAL	.ANC	ES			
Liabilities:	•		•		
Accounts payable - vendors	\$	329,548	\$	797,387	
Accrued payroll		117,983		371,687	
Due to other governments		40.007		167	
Due to other agencies		16,267		152,120	
Due to federal government		188,238		10 501	
Unearned revenue		705,304		10,591	
Total Liabilities		1,357,340		1,331,952	
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Related to revenues		286,508		99,951	
Related to leases		53,730		107,460	
Total deferred inflows of resources		340,238		207,411	
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable - prepaid expenses		571,250		593,553	
Restricted - Federal grants				137,261	
Restricted - Corp. for Public Broadcasting community service grants		1,712,466		2,130,980	
Unassigned		1,794,393		1,127,635	
Total Fund Balances		4,078,109		3,989,429	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES,					
AND FUND BALANCES	\$	5,775,687	\$	5,528,792	

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Exhibit D

Total fund balance: Governmental fund			\$	4,078,109
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different b				
Capital outlays, including leases, used in governmental activities are not financial resou	rces	S		
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.				14,207,761
Deferred outflows of resources are applicable to future reporting periods and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Related to pensions	\$	3,018,595		
Related to other post-employment benefits		507,751		
Total deferred outflows of resources			-	3,526,346
Accrued interest payable for long-term lease liabilities				(1,226)
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not				
reported in the funds. Those liabilities consist of:				
Claims, judgments, and compensated absences		(618,681)		
Other post-employment benefits obligation		(3,734,016)		
Net pension liability		(7,476,641)		
GASB 87 lease liability		(911,202)		
Total long-term liabilities			(	(12,740,540)
Some deferred inflows of resources are applicable to future reporting periods and,				
therefore, are not reported in the funds:				
Related to pensions		(293,016)		
Related to other post-employment benefits		(1,863,933)		
Total deferred inflows of resources			-	(2,156,949)
Deferred inflows of resources related to revenues are reported in the funds				
but not in the government-wide financial statements.				286,508
Net position of governmental activities			\$	7,200,009

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund			
	2023	2022		
REVENUES				
Corporation for Public Broadcasting grants	\$ 2,285,737	\$ 2,224,935		
Federal grants and reimbursements	(20,620)	20,620		
Other grants	21,985	8,934		
Production income	244,446	243,772		
Foundation:				
Programming income	1,847,822	1,340,383		
Production grant revenue	172,605	179,052		
Interest income	103,846	37,299		
Rents, royalties, and leases	42,390	6,174		
Other sales, refunds, and reimbursements	11,374	5,809		
Indirect administrative services:				
Services and tower and property rent appraised value	360,768	361,131		
In-kind contributions:				
Tower and property rent appraised value	6,350	6,350		
TOTAL REVENUES	5,076,703	4,434,459		
	0,010,100	.,,		
Less: State Treasury service charge	53	38		
NET REVENUES	5,076,650	4,434,421		
EXPENDITURES				
Personal services - payroll	5,104,728	4,876,612		
Employee benefits - matching	1,790,473	1,719,643		
Communication and transportation of commodities	164,096	160,360		
Printing and advertising	127,236	156,765		
Repairing and servicing	520,922	608,445		
Utilities and rent	1,225,952	1,143,320		
Travel and subsistence	229,640	35,240		
Professional services	311,568	375,972		
Insurance and bonds	181,370	152,726		
Other expenses and services	1,463,087	1,202,201		
Commodities, materials, and supplies	3,536,587	3,646,717		
Assistance, grants, and aids	631	1,832		
Refunds, taxes, and claims	24,825	31,409		
Low value asset purchases	229,561	315,312		
Debtservice	18,464	21,253		
Capital outlay	571,234	4,948,605		
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,500,374	19,396,412		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF				
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(10,423,724)	(14,961,991)		

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund			
		2023		2022
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Capitalized leases			\$	1,729,468
Interagency transfers:				
General revenue distribution	\$	5,472,881		5,459,958
CARES Act funding from other agencies		1,923,267		3,206,046
ARP Act funding from other agencies		397,744		763,008
Division of Elementary and Secondary Education grants		2,635,407		2,784,838
Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds				792
Other transfers		83,262		(92,588)
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled		6,840		30
Prior-year refund to expenditures		4,431		1,511
Other prior-year adjustments		(11,428)		(24,442)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		10,512,404		13,828,621
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		88,680		(1,133,370)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		3,989,429		5,122,799
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	4,078,109	\$	3,989,429

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – Exhibit F ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balance-governmental fund		\$	88,680
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay	\$ 571,234		
Depreciation expense	(1,461,517)	-	
Excess of capital outlay over depreciation expense			(890,283)
The net effect of donations involving capital assets not reflected on the Statement of			
Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances is to increase net position.			5,391
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is to			
decrease net position.			570,534
Governmental funds report agency pension contributions as expenditures. Some items reported in the Statement of Activities represent a change in net position that			
applies to future periods and includes the difference between expected and actual			
experience, changes in assumptions, expected earnings on plan investment, and			
employer contributions that are not recognized as an outflow or inflow until a future			
period and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.			
These activities consist of:			
Decrease in deferred inflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits	3,946,468		
Increase in deferred outflows related to pensions and other post-employment benefits	381,936		
		•	4,328,404
Increase in deferred inflows related to revenues reported in the funds but			
not in the government-wide financial statements			186,557
Some items reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current			
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental			
funds. These activities consist of:			
Decrease in other post-employment benefits obligations	66,429		
Decrease in GASB 87 lease liability	425,634		
Decrease in accrued interest payable for long-term lease liabilities	572		
Increase in claims, judgments, and compensated absences	(13,671)		
Increase in net pension liability	(3,641,855)	_	
		(;	3,162,891)
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	1,126,392

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund				
				Variance With	
				Final Budget	
	Budgeteo	d Amount		Positive	
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
REVENUES					
Grants and reimbursements			\$ 2,307,722	\$ 2,307,722	
Federal grants and reimbursements			(20,620)	(20,620)	
Production income			244,446	244,446	
Foundation:					
Programming income			1,847,822	1,847,822	
Production grant revenue			172,605	172,605	
Interest income			103,846	103,846	
Rents, royalties, and leases			42,390	42,390	
Other sales, refunds, and reimbursements			11,374	11,374	
Indirect administrative services:					
Services and tower and property rent appraised value			360,768	360,768	
In-kind contributions:					
Tower and property rent appraised value			6,350	6,350	
Cash funds	\$ 6,700,000	\$ 6,700,000	(53)	(6,700,053)	
TOTAL REVENUES	6,700,000	6,700,000	5,076,650	(1,623,350)	
EXPENDITURES					
Regular salaries	5,227,604	5,407,683	4,690,414	717,269	
Extra help	375,730	637,578	414,314	223,264	
Personal services matching	1,763,527	1,947,567	1,790,473	157,094	
Operating expenses	6,162,952	10,042,188	7,650,548	2,391,640	
Conference fees and travel	56,450	56,450	29,183	27,267	
Professional fees and services	350,093	456,908	320,374	136,534	
Resale (cost of goods sold)	5,000	5,000		5,000	
Promotional items	60,000	60,000	33,834	26,166	
Grants and aid	40,000	40,000		40,000	
Capital outlay	500,000	977,500	571,234	406,266	
Maintenance of infrastructure and network		1,789,122		1,789,122	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	14,541,356	21,419,996	15,500,374	5,919,622	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF					
OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(7,841,356)	(14,719,996)	(10,423,724)	4,296,272	

## DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General Fund							
		Budgetee	d Am	ount				riance With nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	(	Negative)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interagency transfers:								
General revenue distribution	\$	5,393,951	\$	5,393,951	\$	5,472,881	\$	78,930
CARES Act funding from other agencies						1,923,267		1,923,267
ARP Act funding from other agencies						397,744		397,744
Division of Elementary and Secondary Education grants						2,635,407		2,635,407
Other transfers						83,262		83,262
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled						6,840		6,840
Prior-year refund to expenditures						4,431		4,431
Other prior-year adjustments						(11,428)		(11,428)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		5,393,951		5,393,951		10,512,404		5,118,453
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(2,447,405)		(9,326,045)		88,680		9,414,725
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		3,989,429		3,989,429		3,989,429		
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	1,542,024	\$	(5,336,616)	\$	4,078,109	\$	9,414,725

## NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Reporting Entity/History

The Arkansas Educational Television Commission, a commission of Arkansas state government, was created by Act 198 of 1961 for the purpose of making educational television available to Arkansas citizens and promoting its fullest use. The Commission is specifically charged with controlling and supervising the use of channels reserved by the Federal Communications Commission for Arkansas for non-commercial educational use. Act 38 of 1971 transferred the Commission into the Department of Education.

The Commission consists of eight members appointed by the Governor, with at least one member from each of the State's congressional districts. At least one member is to be actively engaged in the field of education in the Arkansas public school system, and one member is to be actively engaged in education in an Arkansas institution of higher learning. Each member is entitled to receive a stipend not to exceed \$60 for each meeting attended, plus reimbursement for expenses at the rate established for state employees by state travel regulations, in accordance with Ark. Code Ann. §§ 25-16-901 – 25-16-903.

The implementation of Act 910 of 2019 resulted in the re-naming of the Arkansas Department of Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission to the Division of Elementary and Secondary Education – Arkansas Educational Television Commission.

Effective February 28, 2020, the Arkansas Educational Television Network changed its name to Arkansas PBS. The new name was adopted across all of the network's channels.

B. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting in the United Stated of America.

The basic financial statements have been prepared from accounts maintained by the Department of Finance and Administration and the Commission.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all governmental activities of the Commission. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The statement of net position presents the Commission's assets and deferred outflows of resources, as well as liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding balances of related debt.
- Restricted net position results when constraints placed on asset use are either externally imposed by grantors, contributors, or the like or imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories and is generally available for Commission purposes.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

## Government-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

In the government-wide statement of activities, revenues and expenses are segregated by function. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Revenues are classified as program revenues. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expenses reported for individual function and activities.

## Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for purposes of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following types of funds, if applicable to this Commission, are recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

## Fund Financial Statements

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental fund (i.e., the general fund). The following describes the major funds and categories used in the accompanying financial statements.

#### Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – General Fund is the major governmental fund of the Commission. As the general operating fund of the Commission, it is used to account for all financial resources obtained and spent for those services normally provided by the Commission.

The focus of the Governmental Fund measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources), rather than upon net income.

#### Fiduciary Funds

<u>Trust and Custodial Funds</u> – The Commission does not have fiduciary activities; therefore, no fiduciary activities are included in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements.

The accrual basis of accounting, with a "flow of economic resources" measurement focus, is utilized in the government-wide financial statements. Under this accounting basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recognized when incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Significant revenues susceptible to accrual include federal reimbursements, federal grants, and other reimbursements for use of materials and services.

Financial statements for governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities (i.e., 45 days). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis when the related fund liability is incurred. Revenues from federal grants and federal reimbursements are recognized when all applicable eligibility requirements and the availability criteria of 45 days have been met.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, imprest accounts, cash on hand, cash in State Treasury, all certificates of deposit with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less, and all short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less. All short-term investments are stated at fair value.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include equipment, buildings and building improvements, infrastructure, land and land improvements, intangible assets, and other capital assets, are reported in the governmental activity columns of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at fair value at the date of donation.

Capital assets purchased (or leased) and in the custody of this Commission were recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase (lease inception). Assets with costs exceeding \$5,000 and an estimated useful life exceeding one year are reported at historical cost, including ancillary costs (such as professional fees and costs, freight costs, preparation or setup costs, and installation costs). Infrastructure or public domain fixed assets (such as roads, bridges, tunnels, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems) are also capitalized. Only leases in excess of \$25,000 with non-State entities were recorded in the statewide accounting system. Gifts or contributions are generally recorded in the accounts at acquisition value at the time received. Acquisition value is the market value if the Commission would have purchased the item. In accordance with current accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, general capital assets and depreciation are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Depreciation is reported for proprietary fund capital assets based on a straight-line method, with no salvage value. Estimated useful lives generally assigned are as follows:

Assets:	Years
Equipment	5-20
Buildings and building improvements	20-50
Infrastructure	10-40
Land improvements	10-100
Intangibles	4-95
Other capital assets	10-15

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 75,648			\$ 75,648
Assets under construction	2,353,084		\$ (2,353,084)	
Total capital assets, not				
being depreciated/amortized	2,428,732		(2,353,084)	75,648
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Improvements	54,280	\$ 74,386		128,666
Infrastructure	6,066,577	2,484,496		8,551,073
Buildings	11,933,727	179,556		12,113,283
Equipment	15,541,592	1,076,941	(1,336,832)	15,281,701
Other depreciable/amortizable assets	707,890	37,748		745,638
Right-to-Use assets:				
RtU land	415,796	2,996	(2,996)	415,796
Rtu buildings	33,400			33,400
RtU infrastructure	1,277,276			1,277,276
Total capital assets,				
being depreciated/amortized	36,030,538	3,856,123	(1,339,828)	38,546,833
Subtotal	38,459,270	3,856,123	(3,692,912)	38,622,481
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Improvements	(30,474)	(5,221)		(35,695)
Infrastructure	(3,486,552)	(327,711)		(3,814,263)
Buildings	(6,637,130)	(200,015)		(6,837,145)
Equipment	(12,779,789)	(915,308)	1,336,832	(12,358,265)
Other depreciable/amortizable assets	(669,595)	(17,991)		(687,586)
Right-to-Use assets:				
RtU land	(44,633)	(51,266)		(95,899)
RtU buildings	(2,637)	(10,547)		(13,184)
RtU infrastructure	(286,341)	(286,342)		(572,683)
Total accumulated depreciation/				
amortization	(23,937,151)	(1,814,401)	1,336,832	(24,414,720)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$14,522,119	\$2,041,722	\$ (2,356,080)	\$14,207,761

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Deposits and Investments

## State Board of Finance Policies

Ark. Code Ann. § 19-4-805 requires that agencies holding monies not deposited in the State Treasury, other than the institutions of higher learning, abide by the recommendations of the State Board of Finance. The State Board of Finance promulgated cash management, collateralization, and investments policies and procedures, effective July 14, 2012, as referenced in the Financial Management Guide issued by the Department of Finance and Administration for use by all state agencies.

The stated goal of state cash management is the protection of principal, while maximizing investment income and minimizing non-interest earning balances. Deposits are to be made within the borders of the State of Arkansas and must qualify for Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) deposit insurance coverage. Policy requires a minimum of four bids to be sought on interest-bearing deposits in order to obtain the highest rate possible.

Policy states that funds are to be in transactional and non-transactional accounts as defined in the Financial Management Guide. Funds in excess of immediate expenditure requirements (excluding minimum balances) should not remain in non-interest bearing accounts.

State Board of Finance policy states that cash funds may only be invested in accounts and investments authorized under Ark. Code Ann. §§ 19-3-510, -518. All noncash investments must be held in safekeeping by a bank or financial institution. In addition, all cash funds on deposit with a bank or financial institution that exceed FDIC deposit insurance coverage must be collateralized. Collateral pledged must be held by an unaffiliated third-party custodian in an amount at least equal to 105% of the cash funds on deposit.

## Deposits

Deposits are carried at cost and consist of cash in State Treasury totaling \$4.7 million. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury, and the Treasurer of State is responsible for ensuring these funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

G. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses generally represent the cost of consumable supplies on hand or unexpired services at year-end. The cost of these items is included with expenditures at the time of purchase. Prepaid expenses, as reported in the general fund financial statements, are also recorded as a nonspendable component of fund balance indicating that they do not constitute "available, spendable financial resources."

H. Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a decrease of net position that applies to future periods. Thus, these items will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (an expense or expenditure) until a future period.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an increase of net position that applies to future periods. These items will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until a future period.

#### NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Pension Plan

In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, which became effective with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The Statement establishes standards for public pension plan obligations for participating employers. Under the statement, a cost-sharing employer whose employees receive pensions through a trust will report in the government-wide statements a net pension liability, deferred outflows or inflows of resources related to pensions, and a pension expense based on its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability of all employers in the plan. A net pension liability can be volatile due to changes in actuarial estimates and actual investment return.

The Commission's net pension liability at June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$7.5 million and \$3.8 million, respectively. Net pension liability is based on the Commission's contributions as a pro rata share of the total contributions of all participating employers in the plan. The net change to the net pension liability during the year ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$3.7 million. The State of Arkansas 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) will contain the complete pension footnote required by GASB Statement No. 68.

## Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Commission contributes to the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the APERS Board of Trustees. APERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual redetermination of benefit adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests with the General Assembly the legislative power to enact and amend benefit provisions of APERS as published in Chapters 2, 3, and 4 of Title 24 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. APERS issues a publicly-available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Arkansas 72201 or by calling 1-501-682-7855.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Contributory plan members are required to contribute 5.25% of their annual covered salary. The Commission is required to contribute for all covered state employees at the rate of 15.32% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. The contribution requirements of the Commission are established and may be amended by the APERS Board of Trustees. The Commission's contributions to APERS for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$25,246, \$23,392, and \$22,894, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

## Arkansas Teacher Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Commission contributes to the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System (ATRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the ATRS Board of Trustees. ATRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual redetermination of benefit adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests the General Assembly with legislative power, which includes the enactment and amendment of ATRS benefit provisions as published in Chapter 7 of Title 24 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. ATRS issues a publicly-available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System, 1400 West Third Street, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 1-800-666-2877.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Contributory plan members are required to contribute 7.00% of their annual covered salary. The Commission is required to contribute for all covered state employees at the rate of 15.00% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Commission are established and may be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. The Commission's contributions to ATRS were \$772,082, \$691,310, and \$644,287 for the years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, respectively, which is equal to the required contributions for each year.

#### NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

J. Fund Equity

#### Net Position and Fund Balance

The difference between total assets, total deferred outflows of resources, total liabilities, and total deferred inflows of resources is presented as "Net Position" on the government-wide financial statements and as "Fund Balance" on the governmental fund financial statements.

#### Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories:

- Net investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding balances of related debt.
- Restricted net position, which results when constraints placed on asset use are either externally imposed by creditors, grants, contributors, or the like imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. The amount of restricted assets is reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Unrestricted net position does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories and is generally available for government purposes.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in one of five classifications, where applicable, based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., prepaid items, inventories, long-term amount of loans and notes receivables, etc.) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of fund balance, where applicable, comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

*Restricted fund balance*. This classification reflects constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

*Committed fund balance.* These amounts can only be used for specific purposes according to constraints imposed by legislation of the General Assembly, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the General Assembly removes or changes the constraint by the same action that imposed the constraint.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects amounts constrained by the State's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The General Assembly has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes by legislation or approved methods of financing.

Unassigned fund balance. This amount is the residual classification for the general fund.

When more than one spendable classification is available for use, it is the State's policy to use the resources in this order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

#### NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

K. Budgetary Data

The State utilizes an annual budgeting process with budget amounts initially derived from the previous fiscal year's funded allocation. In accordance with the appropriations and funding provided by the Legislature, individual state agencies have been charged with the responsibility of administering and managing their programs as authorized by the Legislature. Agencies are also charged with the responsibility of preparing an annual operations plan as a part of the budgetary process for the operation of each of their assigned programs. State law provides for the establishment of a comprehensive financial management system that includes adequate controls over receipts, expenditures, and balances of Agency funds. It is mandated that this system include a modified accrual system, conform with generally accepted governmental accounting principles, and provide a reporting system whereby actual expenditures are compared to expenditures projected in the Commission's annual operation plan.

L. Compensated Absences – Employee Leave

Annual leave is earned by all full-time employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their unused accrued annual leave up to 30 days. Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates.

Sick leave is earned by all full-time employees and may be accrued up to 120 days. Compensation up to a maximum of \$7,500 for unused sick leave is payable to employees upon retirement.

Compensated absences are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported as liabilities or expenditures in the governmental funds. However, the compensated absences payable attributable to the Commission's employee annual and sick leave as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, amounted to \$618,681 and \$605,010, respectively. The net changes to compensated absences payable during the year ended June 30, 2023, amounted to \$13,671.

M. Postemployee Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

#### Arkansas State Employee Health Insurance Plan (Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Department of Transformation and Shared Services – Employee Benefits Division (DTSS-EBD) provides medical and prescription drug benefits for eligible state employees and retirees. Policies for DTSS-EBD related to medical and prescription drug plans are established by the State Board of Finance (Board) and may include ad hoc benefit changes or annual cost redeterminations. For the current year, no ad hoc or cost redetermination changes occurred. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests the General Assembly with legislative power to enact and amend duties of and benefit provisions of the Board and DTSS-EBD, respectively, as published in Subchapter 4, Chapter 5 of Title 21 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. DTSS-EBD is included in the State of Arkansas's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which includes all applicable financial information, notes, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Department of Transformation and Shared Services, 501 Woodlane, Suite 201, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 501-319-6565.

The Agency contributes to the Plan, a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by DTSS-EBD, on a monthly basis. The Board establishes medical and prescription drug benefits for three classes of covered individuals: active employees, terminated employees with accumulated benefits, and retirees and beneficiaries. The Plan is established on the basis of a pay-as-you-go financing requirement, and no assets are accumulated in a trust, as defined by GASB Statement No. 75. The State's annual OPEB cost for the Plan is based on an actuarially determined calculated amount made in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Employer contributions to the Plan are established by Ark. Code Ann. § 21-5-414 and may not exceed \$550 per budgeted position. Employees, retirees, and beneficiaries contribute varying amounts based on the type of coverage and inclusion of family members. Benefits for Medicare-eligible retirees are coordinated with Medicare Parts A and B, and the Plan is the secondary payer.

NOTE 2: Arkansas Educational Telecommunications Network Foundation, d/b/a Arkansas PBS Foundation

The Arkansas Educational Telecommunications Network Foundation (AETNF) is a nonprofit Arkansas corporation formed in 1984 to obtain, hold, invest, reinvest, and administer funds and other property for the benefit of the Arkansas Educational Television Commission (AETC) of the State of Arkansas. In 2020, AETNF applied to the Arkansas Secretary of State for the fictitious name Arkansas PBS Foundation. AETNF is not considered a component unit of AETC, and accordingly, AETNF financial data are not included in the government-wide or the governmental funds financial statements presented in this report. AETNF financial statements that were audited by an independent certified public accounting firm for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented below in summary form.

## ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION NETWORK FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 2,328,270
Investments	8,127,579
Accounts receivable	157,411
Prepaid expenses	2,403
Equipment (net)	12,651
RtU asset	 89,394
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 10,717,708
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 56,715
Accrued expenses	104,784
Current portion of operating lease liabilities	62,113
Deferred revenues - unexpended grant funds and	
deferred revenues for programs not broadcast	57,890
Operating lease liabilities	 27,281
TOTAL LIABILITIES	308,783
Net Assets	
Without donor restrictions	1,469,515
With donor restrictions	 8,939,410
TOTAL NET ASSETS	 10,408,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 10,717,708

NOTE 2: Arkansas Educational Telecommunications Network Foundation, d/b/a Arkansas PBS Foundation (Continued)

# ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION NETWORK FOUNDATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

REVENUES	
Contributions	\$ 3,207,934
Underwriting	767,679
Realized gain on investments	168,748
Other revenue and gains	 543,455
TOTAL REVENUES	 4,687,816
EXPENSES AND LOSSES	
Programming	1,984,728
Development and fundraising	1,277,972
Other expenses and losses	 1,044,892
TOTAL EXPENSES AND LOSSES	 4,307,592
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	380,224
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	 10,028,701
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 10,408,925

#### NOTE 3: Leases

A lease is defined as a contractual agreement that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transactions.

## Lease Receivables

As the lessor, the Commission leases out part of its office space. The related receivables are presented in the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet for the amounts equal to the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. For the year ended June 30, 2023, total lease related inflows recognized by the general fund were \$53,739. The Commission had no significant variable payments, residual value guarantees, or lease termination penalties related to its lease agreements as of June 30, 2023.

#### Lease Obligations

The Commission leases nonfinancial assets including land and infrastructure. The leased assets and related liabilities are presented in the Statement of Net Position. Since the Governmental Fund financial statements of the Commission are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, no leased asset or liability is reflected on the Balance Sheet. For more information on the Commission's right-to-use assets, refer to Note 1.E above. Future amounts required to pay principal and interest on lease obligations as of June 30, 2023, were as follows:

## NOTE 3: Leases (Continued)

	Governmental Activities					
Years ending June 30,	F	Principal	Interest			Total
2024	\$	395,931	\$	11,506	\$	407,437
2025		188,239		6,956		195,195
2026		136,000		4,044		140,044
2027		63,532		2,613		66,145
2028		30,274		1,826		32,100
2029-2033		97,226		2,674		99,900
Totals	\$	911,202	\$	29,619	\$	940,821

#### DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

	For the Year Ended June 30,						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019		
GENERAL FUND							
Total Assets	\$ 5,775,687	\$ 5,528,792	\$ 6,036,384	\$ 3,554,835	\$ 2,949,498		
Total Liabilities	1,357,340	1,331,952	913,585	601,718	766,797		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	340,238	207,411					
Total Fund Equity	4,078,109	3,989,429	5,122,799	2,953,117	2,182,701		
Net Revenues	5,076,650	4,434,421	4,762,428	4,089,754	3,808,620		
Total Expenditures	15,500,374	19,396,412	15,652,712	11,713,091	12,105,929		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	10,512,404	13,828,621	13,059,966	8,393,753	7,695,007		

Schedule 1

Schedule 2

#### DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK FOUNDATION SCHEDULE OF COMBINED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

	Commission Govt'l Activities 2023	AETN Foundation 2023	Eliminations	Combined Total
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,716,714	\$ 1,673,318		\$ 6,390,032
Customer receivables	37,493	156,879	\$ (1,793)	192,579
Federal receivables	286,508			286,508
Lease receivables	53,725		(53,150)	575
Accrued interest receivable	868			868
Due from other agencies	109,129			109,129
Other receivables		532		532
Prepaid expenses	571,250	2,403		573,653
Total current assets	5,775,687	1,833,132	(54,943)	7,553,876
Restricted assets:				
Cash		654,952		654,952
Investments		8,127,579		8,127,579
Total restricted assets		8,782,531		8,782,531
Other assets:				
Operating lease right of use assets		89,394	(53,150)	36,244
Capital assets:				
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	75,648			75,648
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	14,132,113	12,651		14,144,764
Capital assets, net	14,207,761	12,651		14,220,412
TOTAL ASSETS	19,983,448	10,717,708	(108,093)	30,593,063
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to pensions	3,018,595			3,018,595
Related to other post-employment benefits	507,751			507,751
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,526,346			3,526,346
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 23,509,794	\$ 10,717,708	\$ (108,093)	\$ 34,119,409

Schedule 2

#### DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK FOUNDATION SCHEDULE OF COMBINED STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

	Commission Govt'l Activities 2023	AETN Foundation 2023	Eliminations	Combined Total
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable - vendors	\$ 329,548	\$ 56,715		\$ 386,263
Accrued payroll	117,983	104,784	\$ (1,793)	220,974
Due to federal government	188,238			188,238
Due to other agencies	16,267			16,267
Unearned revenue	705,304			705,304
Accrued interest payable	1,226			1,226
Lease liability	395,931	62,113	(53,150)	404,894
Claims, judgments, and compensated absences	86,554			86,554
Deferred revenues		57,890		57,890
Current other post-employment benefits	150,772			150,772
Total current liabilities	1,991,823	281,502	(54,943)	2,218,382
Long-term liabilities:				
Lease liability	515,271	27,281		542,552
Claims, judgments, and compensated absences	532,127			532,127
Post-employment benefits	3,583,244			3,583,244
Net pension liability	7,476,641			7,476,641
Total long-term liabilities	12,107,283	27,281		12,134,564
TOTAL LIABILITIES	14,099,106	308,783	(54,943)	14,352,946
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Related to pensions	293,016			293,016
Related to other post-employment benefits	1,863,933			1,863,933
Related to leases	53,730		(53,150)	1,803,933
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,210,679	-	(53,150)	2,157,529
Total deletted filliows of resources	2,210,079	-	(55,150)	2,157,529
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	16,309,785	308,783	(108,093)	16,510,475
NET POSITION				
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	14,207,761			14,207,761
Restricted - grants	1,955,275			1,955,275
Restricted - investments with donor restrictions	.,,	8,939,410		8,939,410
Unrestricted	(8,963,027)			(7,493,512)
Total Net Position	7,200,009	10,408,925		17,608,934
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
AND NET POSITION	\$ 23,509,794	\$ 10,717,708	\$ (108,093)	\$ 34,119,409

Note: Schedules 2 and 3 are provided to meet the request for information by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.

Schedule 3

#### DIVISION OF ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION – ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELEVISION COMMISSION AND ARKANSAS EDUCATIONAL TELECOMMUNICATIONS NETWORK FOUNDATION SCHEDULE OF COMBINED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023 (UNAUDITED)

		Program Revenues		_			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net Revenue (Expense) Governmental	Net Revenue (Expense) AETN Foundation	Eliminations	Combined Total
Governmental activities: Education (Revenue elimination)	\$ 14,656,021	\$ 286,783	\$ 4,494,586	\$ (9,874,652)		\$ (2,022,220)	\$ (9,874,652) (2,022,220)
Total governmental activities	\$14,656,021	\$ 286,783	\$ 4,494,586	(9,874,652)		(2,022,220)	(11,896,872)
AETN Foundation:							
Development (Expense elimination)	\$ 4,307,592	\$ 3,064	\$ 4,236,098		\$ (68,430)	2,022,220	(68,430) 2,022,220
Total AETN Foundation	\$ 4,307,592	\$ 3,064	\$ 4,236,098		(68,430)	2,022,220	1,953,790
Indirect administrative services				367,118			367,118
In-kind revenue				6,802	77,942		84,744
Investment earnings				103,846	370,712		474,558
Miscellaneous revenues				10,874			10,874
Transfers:							E 170.001
General revenue distribution			5,472,881			5,472,881	
CARES Act funding from other agencies			1,923,267			1,923,267	
ARP Act funding from other agencies			397,744			397,744	
Division of Elementary and Secondary Education Other transfers			2,635,407			2,635,407	
Total revenue and transfers				83,105	448,654		83,105
Total revenue and transfers				11,001,044	440,004		11,449,090
Change in net position				1,126,392	380,224		1,506,616
Net position - beginning				6,073,617	10,028,701		16,102,318
Net position - ending				\$ 7,200,009	\$ 10,408,925		\$ 17,608,934

Note: Schedules 2 and 3 are provided to meet the request for information by the Corporation for Public Broadcasting.