ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2022



L

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	<u>Exhibit</u>
Balance Sheet – Governmental Fund	А
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Governmental Fund	В
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund	С

Notes to Financial Statements

OTHER INFORMATION (Unaudited)

 Schedule of Selected Information
 1

Other General Information



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair

Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Independent Auditor's Report

Arkansas Supreme Court Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the major fund of the Arkansas Supreme Court, an office of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Arkansas Supreme Court's departmental financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the major fund of the Arkansas Supreme Court as of June 30, 2022, the changes in financial position thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the office, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Emphasis of Matter

As indicated above, the financial statements of the Arkansas Supreme Court are intended to present the financial position, the changes in financial position, and budgetary comparisons of only that portion of the major fund of the State that is attributable to the transactions of the Arkansas Supreme Court. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of the State of Arkansas as of June 30, 2022, the changes in its financial position, and budgetary comparisons for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2022 the office adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the office's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the office's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the office's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board requires that a Management's Discussion and Analysis be presented to supplement government-wide financial statements. However, as discussed in the "Emphasis of Matter" paragraph above, the financial statements of the Arkansas Supreme Court are only for the specific transactions and activity of the Agency and not for the State as a whole. Therefore, the Management's Discussion and Analysis is not required to be presented for the Arkansas Supreme Court individually. Our opinion on the departmental financial statements is not affected by the omission of this information.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Selected Information and Other General Information but does not include the departmental financial statements, required supplementary information, supplementary information, and our auditor's reports thereon. Our opinion on the departmental financial statements does not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the departmental financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 5, 2023, on our consideration of the office's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the office's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the office's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Kozukhormon

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas June 5, 2023 SA0203222



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair

Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Arkansas Supreme Court Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the major fund of the Arkansas Supreme Court (the "Agency"), an office of Arkansas state government, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Arkansas Supreme Court's departmental financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 5, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance, and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tom Bulif

Tom Bullington, CPA Deputy Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas June 5, 2023

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,237,951
Investments		3,550,000
Accounts receivable		2,011
Prepaid items		256,926
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	7,046,888
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable - vendors	\$	15,847
Accrued payroll		437,605
Due to other agencies		67,510
Due to other governments		88
Unearned license fees		938,184
Total Liabilities		1,459,234
Fund balance:		
Nonspendable for prepaid items		256,926
Assigned for regulating the practice of law and		
the professional conduct of attorneys at law		5,930,433
Unassigned		(599,705)
Total Fund Balance		5,587,654
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$	7,046,888

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ARKANASAS SUPREME COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Gen	eral Fund
REVENUES	•	
Docket fees	\$	58,125
License fees		2,108,772
Examination fees		331,900
Delinquent fees		64,014
Continuing legal education fees		66,300
Reinstatement fees		9,800
Professional practicum fees		14,375
Fines		29,736
Copies		5,758
E-file training		41,100
E-file fees		585,355
BAR membership card fees		1,575
Certificates of good standing fees		20,800
Interest income		29,145
Grants and reimbursements		545
Miscellaneous		37,977
TOTAL REVENUES		3,405,277
EXPENDITURES		
Salary and benefits		6,864,471
Communication and transportation of commodities		77,676
Printing and advertising		45,790
Repairing and servicing		65,117
Utilities and rent		263,366
Travel and subsistence		201,995
Professional services		1,091,860
Insurance and bonds		23,797
Other expenses and services		161,973
Commodities, materials, and supplies		339,949
Refunds, taxes, and claims		28,604
Debt service -interest		14,756
Capital outlay		590,492
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		9,769,846
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(6,364,569)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
GASB 87 lease recognition		477,583
Interagency transfers in:		
General revenue distribution		5,700,000
CARES act vaccine incentive		9,400
Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds		1,422
Other, net		(9,976)
Prior-year refund to expenditures		11,612
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled		1,378
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		6,191,419
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(173,150)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1		5,760,804
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$	5,587,654

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		al Fund					
	Budgeted Amount						
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)			
REVENUES							
Docket fees			\$ 58,125	\$ 58,125			
_icense fees			2,108,772	2,108,772			
Examination fees			331,900	331,900			
Delinquent fees			64,014	64,014			
Continuing legal education fees			66,300	66,300			
Reinstatement fees			9,800	9,800			
Professional practicum fees			14,375	14,375			
ines			29,736	29,736			
Copies			5,758	5,758			
Bar of Arkansas - Cash	\$ 5,279,200	\$ 5,279,200		(5,279,200			
E-file training			41,100	41,100			
E-file fees			585,355	585,355			
3AR membership card fees			1,575	1,575			
Certificates of good standing fees			20,800	20,800			
nterest income			29,145	29,145			
Grants and reimbursements			545	545			
Viscellaneous			37,977	37,977			
TOTAL REVENUES	5,279,200	5,279,200	3,405,277	(1,873,923)			
EXPENDITURES							
Regular salaries	5,117,909	5,187,681	5,224,413	(36,732			
Extra help	50,000	50,000	10,752	39,248			
Operating expenses	1,092,765	1,607,242	1,271,790	335,452			
Personal services matching	1,588,614	1,634,392	1,629,306	5,086			
Capital improvements	75,000	75,000		75,000			
Conference fees and travel	186,700	306,700	201,124	105,576			
Professional fees and services	400,000	600,500	841,969	(241,469			
Capital outlay	187,000	202,000	590,492	(388,492			
nvestments	1,690,000	1,690,000		1,690,000			
Printing	229,477						
_egal counsel	195,000						
Committee and commission expenses	20,000						
Special justices	5,500						
Judicial education	100,000						
Case document scanning	300,000						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,237,965	11,353,515	9,769,846	1,583,669			
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES	(5,958,765)	(6,074,315)	(6,364,569)	(290,254)			

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Variance With Final Budgeted AmountBudgeted AmountPositiveOriginalFinalActual(Negative)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)6ASB 87 lease recognition477,583477,583Ganeral revenue distribution5,958,7655,958,7655,700,000(258,765)CARES act vaccine incentive9,4009,400Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds1,4221,422Other, net(9,976)(9,976)Prior-year refund to expenditures11,61211,612Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled1,3781,378TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)5,958,7655,960,1876,191,419231,232NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE(114,128)(173,150)(59,022)FUND BALANCE - JULY 15,760,8045,760,8045,760,8045,760,804		General Fund								
Budgeted AmountPositiveOriginalFinalActual(Negative)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)477,583477,583GASB 87 lease recognition477,583477,583Interagency transfers in:5,958,7655,958,7655,700,000General revenue distribution5,958,7655,958,7655,700,000CARES act vaccine incentive9,4009,400Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds1,4221,422Other, net(9,976)(9,976)Prior-year refund to expenditures11,61211,612Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled1,3781,378TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)5,958,7655,960,1876,191,419PUND BALANCE(114,128)(173,150)(59,022)FUND BALANCE - JULY 15,760,8045,760,8045,760,804					Variance With					
OriginalFinalActual(Negative)OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)GASB 87 lease recognition477,583477,583Interagency transfers in: General revenue distribution5,958,7655,958,7655,700,000(258,765)CARES act vaccine incentive9,4009,4009,400Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds1,4221,422Other, net(9,976)(9,976)Prior-year refund to expenditures11,61211,612Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled1,3781,378TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)5,958,7655,960,1876,191,419PT CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE(114,128)(173,150)(59,022)FUND BALANCE - JULY 15,760,8045,760,8045,760,804					Final Budget					
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 477,583 477,583 GASB 87 lease recognition 477,583 477,583 Interagency transfers in: General revenue distribution 5,958,765 5,700,000 (258,765) CARES act vaccine incentive 9,400 9,400 9,400 9,400 Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 0 Other, net (9,976) (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804		Budgetee	d Amount		Positive					
GASB 87 lease recognition 477,583 477,583 Interagency transfers in: General revenue distribution 5,958,765 5,958,765 5,700,000 (258,765) CARES act vaccine incentive 9,400 9,400 9,400 9,400 Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 0,976) (9,976) Other, net (9,976) (9,976) (9,976) 11,612 11,612 11,612 Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,378 1,378 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)					
Interagency transfers in: General revenue distribution 5,958,765 5,958,765 5,700,000 (258,765) CARES act vaccine incentive 9,400 9,400 9,400 Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 0 Other, net (9,976) (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
General revenue distribution 5,958,765 5,958,765 5,700,000 (258,765) CARES act vaccine incentive 9,400 9,400 9,400 9,400 Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 1,422 Other, net (9,976) (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	GASB 87 lease recognition			477,583	477,583					
CARES act vaccine incentive 9,400 9,400 Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 Other, net (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	Interagency transfers in:									
Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds 1,422 1,422 Other, net (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	General revenue distribution	5,958,765	5,958,765	5,700,000	(258,765)					
Other, net (9,976) (9,976) Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	CARES act vaccine incentive			9,400	9,400					
Prior-year refund to expenditures 11,612 11,612 Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	Marketing and redistribution sale proceeds		1,422	1,422						
Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled 1,378 1,378 TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	Other, net			(9,976)	(9,976)					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804	Prior-year refund to expenditures			11,612	11,612					
SOURCES (USES) 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	Prior-year warrants outlawed and cancelled			1,378	1,378					
SOURCES (USES) 5,958,765 5,960,187 6,191,419 231,232 NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804										
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE (114,128) (173,150) (59,022) FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	TOTAL OTHER FINANCING									
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804	SOURCES (USES)	5,958,765	5,960,187	6,191,419	231,232					
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 5,760,804 5,760,804 5,760,804										
	NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(114,128)	(173,150)	(59,022)					
	FUND BALANCE - JULY 1	5,760,804	5,760,804	5,760,804						
FLIND BALANCE - ILINE 30 \$ 5,760,804 \$ 5,646,676 \$ 5,587,654 \$ (50,022)										
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30	\$ 5,760,804	\$ 5,646,676	\$ 5,587,654	\$ (59,022)					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity/History

The Arkansas State Constitution, adopted in 1874, and its amendments established the State Supreme Court, an office of Arkansas state government, and vested it with the judicial power of the State. The Court is composed of one Chief Justice and six Associate Justices who serve eight-year terms.

The Supreme Court has appellate jurisdiction and general superintending control over all inferior courts. The Court has power to issue writs and to hear and determine the same. The Supreme Court also has the authority to regulate the practice of law and the professional conduct of attorneys.

B. Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances and changes therein, which are segregated for purposes of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The following types of funds, if applicable to this Agency, are recognized in the accompanying financial statements.

Governmental Funds

<u>General Fund</u> – General Fund is the general operating fund and is used to report all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

C. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized and reported in the financial statements. Financial statements for governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay current liabilities (i.e., 45 days). Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis when the related fund liability is incurred.

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand accounts, imprest accounts, cash on hand, cash in State Treasury, all certificates of deposit with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less, and all short-term instruments with maturities at purchase of 90 days or less. All short-term investments are stated at fair value.

E. Deposits and Investments

State Board of Finance Policies

Ark. Code Ann. § 19-4-805 requires that agencies holding monies not deposited in the State Treasury, other than the institutions of higher learning, abide by the recommendations of the State Board of Finance. The State Board of Finance promulgated cash management, collateralization, and investments policies and procedures, effective July 14, 2012, as referenced in the Financial Management Guide issued by the Department of Finance and Administration for use by all state agencies.

The stated goal of state cash management is the protection of principal, while maximizing investment income and minimizing non-interest earning balances. Deposits are to be made within the borders of the State of Arkansas and must qualify for Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) deposit insurance coverage. Policy requires a minimum of four bids to be sought on interest-bearing deposits in order to obtain the highest rate possible.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

State Board of Finance Policies (Continued)

Policy states that funds are to be in transactional and non-transactional accounts as defined in the Financial Management Guide. Funds in excess of immediate expenditure requirements (excluding minimum balances) should not remain in non-interest bearing accounts.

State Board of Finance policy states that cash funds may only be invested in accounts and investments authorized under Ark. Code Ann. §§ 19-3-510, -518. All noncash investments must be held in safekeeping by a bank or financial institution. In addition, all cash funds on deposit with a bank or financial institution that exceed FDIC deposit insurance coverage must be collateralized. Collateral pledged must be held by an unaffiliated third-party custodian in an amount at least equal to 105% of the cash funds on deposit.

Deposits

Deposits are carried at cost and consist of cash in bank, cash in State Treasury, and certificates of deposit totaling \$3,132,839, \$104,887, and \$3,550,000, respectively. State Treasury Management Law governs the management of funds held in the State Treasury, and the Treasurer of State is responsible for ensuring these funds are adequately insured and collateralized.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository institution, the Agency will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Agency has adopted the State Board of Finance Policy requiring the use of depository insurance and collateralization procedures to manage the risk that deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2022, \$2,632,839 of the Agency's bank balance of \$3,132,839 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows

Uninsured and uncollateralized Uninsured and collateralized with securities held	\$ 0
by the pledging financial institution	 2,632,839
Total	\$ 2,632,839

F. Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses generally represent the cost of consumable supplies on hand or unexpired services at year-end. The cost of these items is included with expenditures at the time of purchase. Prepaid expenses, as reported in the general fund financial statements, are also recorded as a nonspendable component of fund balance indicating that they do not constitute "available, spendable financial resources."

G. Fund Equity

Fund Balance

In the financial statements, fund balance is reported in one of five classifications, where applicable, based on the constraints imposed on the use of the resources.

The nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (e.g., prepaid items, inventories, long-term amount of loans and notes receivables, etc.) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

G. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

The spendable portion of fund balance, where applicable, comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance. This classification reflects constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance. These amounts can only be used for specific purposes according to constraints imposed by legislation of the General Assembly, the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the General Assembly removes or changes the constraint by the same action that imposed the constraint.

Assigned fund balance. This classification reflects amounts constrained by the State's "intent" to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. The General Assembly has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes by legislation or approved methods of financing.

Unassigned fund balance. This amount is the residual classification for the general fund.

When more than one spendable classification is available for use, it is the State's policy to use the resources in this order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

H. Budgetary Data

The State utilizes an annual budgeting process with budget amounts initially derived from the previous fiscal year's funded allocation. In accordance with the appropriations and funding provided by the Legislature, individual state agencies have been charged with the responsibility of administering and managing their programs as authorized by the Legislature. Agencies are also charged with the responsibility of preparing an annual operations plan as a part of the budgetary process for the operation of each of their assigned programs. State law provides for the establishment of a comprehensive financial management system that includes adequate controls over receipts, expenditures, and balances of Agency funds. It is mandated that this system include a modified accrual system, conform with generally accepted governmental accounting principles, and provide a reporting system whereby actual expenditures are compared to expenditures projected in the Agency's annual operation plan.

NOTE 2: New Accounting Pronouncement

The Agency implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. A lease is defined as a contractual agreement that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transactions.

Lease Obligations

The Agency leases nonfinancial assets including buildings. Since the financial statements of the Agency are presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, no liability or leased asset is reflected on the balance sheet. Additional details regarding leased assets and related obligations are presented in Other General Information.

Schedule 1

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION FOR THE FIVE-YEAR PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	For the Year Ended June 30,									
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
General Fund Total Assets	\$	7,046,888	\$	7,095,660	\$	7,058,976	\$	6,760,707	\$	6,591,527
Total Liabilities		1,459,234		1,334,856		1,254,707		1,158,630		1,127,444
Total Fund Equity		5,587,654		5,760,804		5,804,269		5,602,077		5,464,083
Net Revenues		3,405,277		3,389,237		3,588,194		3,266,090		3,021,809
Total Expenditures		9,769,846		8,842,242		8,456,650		8,320,335		7,897,454
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		6,191,419		5,409,540		5,070,648		5,192,239		4,990,205

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

A. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased (or leased) and in the custody of this Agency were recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase (lease inception). Assets with costs exceeding \$500 and an estimated useful life exceeding one year are reported at historical cost, including ancillary costs (such as professional fees and costs, freight costs, preparation or setup costs, and installation costs). Infrastructure or public domain fixed assets (such as roads, bridges, tunnels, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems, and lighting systems) are also capitalized. Only leases in excess of \$25,000 with non-State entities were recorded in the statewide accounting system. Gifts or contributions are generally recorded in the accounts at acquisition value at the time received. Acquisition value is the market value if the Agency would have purchased the item. In accordance with current accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, general capital assets and depreciation are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Depreciation is reported for proprietary fund capital assets based on a straight-line method, with no salvage value. Estimated useful lives generally assigned are as follows:

Years
5-20
20-50
10-40
10-100
4-95
10-15

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	 Beginning Balance	Additions		Re	tirements	Po	ostCaps	 Ending Balance
overnmental activities:								
Buildings	\$ 90,673			\$	11,268			\$ 79,40
Equipment	2,028,876	\$	112,909		230,059			1,911,72
Intangible assets	261,881							261,88
Art and historical treasures	75,850							75,85
Library holdings	146,517				1,833	\$	11,615	156,29
Assets under construction	21,000							21,00
Right-to-Use assets								
RtU Buildings			477,583					477,58
Total governmental								
activities	\$ 2,624,797	\$	590,492	\$	243,160	\$	11,615	\$ 2,983,74

B. Pension Plan

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Agency contributes to APERS, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the APERS Board of Trustees. APERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual redetermination of benefit adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests with the General Assembly the legislative power to enact and amend benefit provisions of APERS as published in Chapters 2, 3, and 4 of Title 24 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. APERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System, One Union National Plaza, 124 West Capitol, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 1-501-682-7855.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

B. Pension Plan (Continued)

Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS) (Continued)

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Contributory plan members are required to contribute 5% of their annual covered salary. The Agency is required to contribute for all covered state employees at the rate of 15.32% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. The contribution requirements of the Agency are established and may be amended by the APERS Board of Trustees. The Agency's contributions to APERS for the years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, were \$778,829, \$740,809, and \$690,144, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

C. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Arkansas State Employee Health Insurance Plan (Plan)

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Department of Transformation and Shared Services – Employee Benefits Division (DTSS-EBD) provides medical and prescription drug benefits for eligible state employees and retirees. Policies for DTSS-EBD related to medical and prescription drug plans are established by the State and Public School Life and Health Insurance Board (Board) and may include ad hoc benefit changes or annual cost redeterminations. For the current year, no ad hoc or cost redetermination changes occurred. The Constitution of Arkansas, Article 5, vests the General Assembly with legislative power to enact and amend duties of and benefit provisions of the Board and DTSS-EBD, respectively, as published in Subchapter 4, Chapter 5 of Title 21 of the Arkansas Code Annotated. DTSS-EBD is included in the State of Arkansas's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which includes all applicable financial information, notes, and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Department of Transformation and Shared Services, 501 Woodlane, Suite 201, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201 or by calling 501-319-6565.

The Agency contributes to the Plan, a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by DTSS-EBD, on a monthly basis. The Board establishes medical and prescription drug benefits for three classes of covered individuals: active employees, terminated employees with accumulated benefits, and retires and beneficiaries. The Plan is established on the basis of a pay-as-you-go financing requirement, and no assets are accumulated in a trust, as defined by GASB Statement No. 75. The State's annual OPEB cost for the Plan is based on an actuarially-determined calculated amount made in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75.

<u>Funding Policy</u> – Employer contributions to the Plan are established by Ark. Code Ann. § 21-5-414 and may not exceed \$550 per budgeted position. Employees, retirees, and beneficiaries contribute varying amounts based on the type of coverage and inclusion of family members. Benefits for Medicare-eligible retirees are coordinated with Medicare Parts A and B, and the Plan is the secondary payer.

D. Compensated Absences – Employee Leave

Due to necessary requirements of the Supreme Court, Supreme Court Justices and their immediate staff are allowed to take vacations only during the period the Court is in recess. Because of these circumstances, these individuals are not allowed to earn annual leave and, therefore, cannot be compensated for such leave upon termination.

Annual leave is earned by all full-time employees. Upon termination, employees are entitled to receive compensation for their unused accrued annual leave up to 30 days. Liabilities for compensated absences are determined at the end of the year based on current salary rates.

Sick leave is earned by all full-time employees and may be accrued up to 120 days. Compensation up to a maximum of \$7,500 for unused sick leave is payable to employees upon retirement.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT OTHER GENERAL INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

D. Compensated Absences – Employee Leave (Continued)

Compensated absences are reported in the State's "Government-Wide" financial statements but are not reported as liabilities or expenditures in the governmental funds. However, the compensated absences payable attributable to this Agency's employee annual and sick leave as of June 30, 2022 and 2021, amounted to \$365,756 and \$393,072, respectively. The net changes to compensated absences payable during the year ended June 30, 2022 amounted to (\$27,316).

E. Leases

The Agency has acquired property by entering into a contract that conveys control of the right to use another entity's nonfinancial asset which is treated as a lease under the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87. The following is a schedule of future minimum lease payments under leases together with the present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2022:

	Governmental			
Years Ending	Fu	ind Types		
June 30,	Lease Paymen			
2023	\$	227,545		
2024		36,234		
Total Minimum Lease Payments		263,779		
Amount representing interest		2,486		
Present Value of Minimum Lease Payments	\$	261,293		