City of White Hall, Arkansas

Regulatory Basis Financial Statements and Other Reports

December 31, 2021



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Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Independent Auditor's Report

City of White Hall, Arkansas Officials and Council Members Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the regulatory basis financial statements of the City of White Hall, Arkansas (City), which are comprised of the Balance Sheet – Regulatory Basis for the general fund, street fund, and other funds in the aggregate as of December 31, 2021, and the related Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Balances and Budget and Actual – General and Street Funds – Regulatory Basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Unmodified Opinions on Regulatory Basis of Accounting

In our opinion, the accompanying regulatory basis financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the regulatory basis financial position of the general fund, street fund, and other funds in the aggregate of the City of White Hall, Arkansas as of December 31, 2021; the regulatory basis revenues, expenditures, and changes in net position; and the budgetary comparisons for the general fund and street fund for the year then ended, in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412 described in Note 1.

Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles section of our report, the accompanying regulatory basis financial statements referred to above do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the general fund, street fund, and other funds in the aggregate of the City of White Hall, Arkansas, as of December 31, 2021, or the revenues, expenditures, and changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Regulatory Basis Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles

As described in Note 1 of the financial statements, the financial statements are prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to meet the requirements permitted by the State of Arkansas.

The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material and pervasive.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412, as described in Note 1, to meet the requirements permitted by the State of Arkansas; this includes determining that the regulatory basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- · Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the regulatory basis financial statements as a whole. The accompanying supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the regulatory basis financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the regulatory basis financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the regulatory basis financial statements or to the regulatory basis financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplementary information listed in the table of contents is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the regulatory basis financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the report. The other information is comprised of the schedules listed in the table of contents but does not include the regulatory basis financial statements, supplemental information, and our auditor's reports thereon. Our opinions on the regulatory basis financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the regulatory basis financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 3, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of the testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF

Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas May 3, 2023 LOM109521



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditor's Report

City of White Hall, Arkansas Officials and Council Members Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the regulatory basis financial statements of the general fund, street fund, and other funds in the aggregate of City of White Hall, Arkansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's regulatory basis financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 3, 2023. We issued an adverse opinion because the financial statements are prepared by the City on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material. However, with respect to the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1, our opinions on the general fund, street fund, and other funds in the aggregate were unmodified.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulation, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We also reported to management of the City in a separate letter dated May 3, 2023.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to described the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tim R. Jones, CPA, CFF Deputy Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas May 3, 2023



Sen. David Wallace Senate Chair Sen. John Payton Senate Vice Chair



Rep. Jimmy Gazaway House Chair Rep. Richard Womack House Vice Chair

Roger A. Norman, JD, CPA, CFE, CFF Legislative Auditor

LEGISLATIVE JOINT AUDITING COMMITTEE ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

MANAGEMENT LETTER

City of White Hall, Arkansas Officials and Council Members Legislative Joint Auditing Committee

The commentary contained in this letter relate to the following officials who held office during 2021:

Mayor: Noel Foster

Recorder/Treasurer: Ellen Welch District Court Clerk: Kathryn Funderburg Police Chief/Marshal: Greg Shapiro

No issues came to our attention that we considered necessary to report to management.

This letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee, the City Council (or local governing body) and City management, and other parties as required by Arkansas Code and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. However, pursuant to Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-417, all reports presented to the Legislative Joint Auditing Committee are matters of public record, and distribution is not limited.

ARKANSAS LEGISLATIVE AUDIT

Tim R. Jones, CPA, CFF Deputy Legislative Auditor

Little Rock, Arkansas May 3, 2023

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS BALANCE SHEET - REGULATORY BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General	Street	her Funds in the ggregate
ASSETS	 		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,397,137	\$ 38,942	\$ 381,589
Accounts receivable	275,812		77,527
Interfund receivables	 	 8,901	 32,167
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,672,949	\$ 47,843	\$ 491,283
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 81,829	\$ 15,109	\$ 11,297
Interfund payables	41,068		
Settlements pending	 	 	 13,715
Total Liabilities	 122,897	15,109	25,012
Fund Balances:			
Nonspendable	94,000		
Restricted	557,477	32,734	466,271
Assigned	24,655		
Unassigned	 1,873,920	 	
Total Fund Balances	2,550,052	 32,734	466,271
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2,672,949	\$ 47,843	\$ 491,283

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		General		Street		Other Funds in the Aggregate
REVENUES	•		•	.=	•	
State aid	\$	200,048	\$	456,606	\$	20,850
Federal aid		107,262 450,376		135,184		514,122
Property taxes Franchise fees		450,376 234,394		135,164		
Sales taxes		2,066,559				
Fines, forfeitures, and costs		99,515				
Interest		12,973		10		42
Local permits and fees		77,776		10		72
Sanitation fees		337,931				
Advertising and promotion taxes		007,001				797,301
Reimburse for resource officers		161,840				,
Water park admissions and concession		372,412				
Other		78,449		183		
TOTAL REVENUES		4,199,535		591,983		1,332,315
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General government		1,173,045				426,232
Law enforcement		1,921,159				
Highways and streets				547,838		
Public safety		254,685				55,897
Sanitation		278,757				
Recreation and culture		477,757				440,811
Total Current		4,105,403		547,838		922,940
Debt Service:						
Bond principal						115,000
Bond interest and other charges						122,161
Lease principal		148,216				
Lease interest		15,565				
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,269,184		547,838		1,160,101

Exhibit B

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 General	Street	her Funds in the .ggregate
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ (69,649)	\$ 44,145	\$ 172,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out Loan proceeds	 85,000		 236,891 (236,891)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 85,000		 0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	15,351	44,145	172,214
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1	2,534,701	 (11,411)	 294,057
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$ 2,550,052	\$ 32,734	\$ 466,271

Exhibit C

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND STREET FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General					Street						
	E	Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable ıfavorable)		Budget		Actual	Varia Favo (Unfav	rable
REVENUES			_				_		_			
State aid	\$	90,048	\$	200,048	\$	110,000	\$	456,606	\$	456,606	\$	0
Federal aid		132,409		107,262		(25,147)						
Property taxes		452,172		450,376		(1,796)		132,693		135,184		2,491
Franchise fees		234,172		234,394		222						
Sales taxes		2,008,142		2,066,559		58,417						
Fines, forfeitures, and costs		98,493		99,515		1,022						
Interest		10,826		12,973		2,147		10		10		0
Local permits and fees		78,400		77,776		(624)						
Sanitation fees		309,259		337,931		28,672						
Reimburse for resource officers		161,839		161,840		1						
Water park admissions and concession		727,425		372,412		(355,013)						
Other		202,408		78,449		(123,959)		183		183	-	0
TOTAL REVENUES		4,505,593		4,199,535		(306,058)		589,492		591,983		2,491
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
General government		1,199,725		1,173,045		26,680						
Law enforcement		1,918,402		1,921,159		(2,757)						
Highways and streets						, , ,		580,494		547,838		32,656
Public safety		147,766		254,685		(106,919)		·				•
Sanitation		253,332		278,757		(25,425)						
Recreation and culture		799,354		477,757		321,597						
Total Current		4,318,579		4,105,403		213,176		580,494		547,838		32,656
Debt Service:												
Lease principal		148,316		148,216		100						
Lease interest		15,465		15,565		(100)						
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,482,360		4,269,184		213,176		580,494		547,838		32,656

Exhibit C

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL AND STREET FUNDS - REGULATORY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General					Street						
	E	Budget		Actual	F	Variance -avorable nfavorable)	E	Budget		Actual	F	/ariance avorable ıfavorable)
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$	23,233	\$	(69,649)	\$	(92,882)	\$	8,998	\$	44,145	\$	35,147
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Loan proceeds				85,000		85,000						
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		23,233		15,351		(7,882)		8,998		44,145		35,147
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1				2,534,701		2,534,701				(11,411)		(11,411)
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$	23,233	\$	2,550,052	\$	2,526,819	\$	8,998	\$	32,734	\$	23,736

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The City of White Hall was incorporated under the laws of the State of Arkansas and operates under an elected Mayor-Council form of government. The reporting entity includes all funds of the City.

B. Basis of Presentation - Regulatory

The financial statements are presented in accordance with the regulatory basis of presentation as prescribed or permitted by Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412. The law requires that the financial statements be presented on a fund basis with, as a minimum, the general fund and street fund presented separately with all other funds included in the financial statements presented in the aggregate. This law also stipulates that the financial statements consist of a balance sheet; a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances; a comparison of the final adopted budget to the actual expenditures for the general and street funds; notes to financial statements; and a supplemental schedule of capital assets.

The regulatory basis of presentation is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP require that basic financial statements present government-wide and fund financial statements. Additionally, GAAP require the following major concepts: Management's Discussion and Analysis, separate financial statements for fiduciary fund types and other requirements for fiduciary fund types, specific procedures for the identification of major governmental funds, and applicable note disclosures. The regulatory basis of presentation does not require government-wide financial statements or the previously identified concepts.

A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and other financial resources, together with related liabilities and residual balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for purposes of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

The following types of funds are recognized in the accompanying regulatory basis financial statements.

General Fund - The General Fund is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Street Fund - The Street Fund (Special Revenue Fund) is used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The Street Fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of state highway turnback, property taxes that are restricted or committed for maintaining and constructing highways and streets.

<u>Other Funds in the Aggregate</u> - Other Funds in the Aggregate consist of all funds included in the financial statements except for the General and Street Funds. The following types of funds are included in this column as follows:

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. See Schedules 1 and 2 for Special Revenue Funds as reported with other funds in the aggregate.

<u>Debt Service Funds</u> - Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest. See Schedules 1 and 2 for the Debt Service Fund reported with other funds in the aggregate.

<u>Custodial Funds</u> - Custodial Funds are used to report resources held by the reporting government in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). See Schedule 1 for the Custodial Fund reported with other funds in the aggregate.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Accounting - Regulatory

The financial statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting as prescribed or permitted by Ark. Code Ann. § 10-4-412. This regulatory basis differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Revenues generally are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. However, most state aid received from the State Treasury is by state law revenue of the year in which it was received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred. Liabilities incurred by the government on or before the end of the current period that are paid within 60 days of the end of the current period, are considered to be expenditures of the current period. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. As a result of the use of this regulatory basis of accounting, capital assets and long-term debt are not recorded in these financial statements. Pension trust funds are reported in a separate column as a part of supplementary information in order to provide users a better understanding of the entity as a whole.

The regulatory basis of accounting is not in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). GAAP require the following major concepts: Accrual basis of accounting for government-wide financial statements, including depreciation expense, modified accrual basis of accounting for fund financial statements, separate identification of special and extraordinary items, inclusion of capital assets and debt in the financial statements, inclusion of the net pension liability in the financial statements, and applicable note disclosures. The regulatory basis of accounting does not require the previously identified concepts.

D. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Balances

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Settlements Pending

Settlements pending are considered fines, forfeitures, and costs that have not been transferred to the appropriate entities.

Fund Balance Classifications

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted fund balance amounts that are restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Assigned fund balance amounts that are constrained by the City Council's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.
- 4. Unassigned fund balance amounts that have not been assigned to other funds and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. This classification may also include negative amounts in other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

E. Property Taxes

A lien attaches to the real property in January and on personal property in June of each year. Property taxes are collectible beginning the first business day of March of the subsequent year, but are not considered delinquent until after October 15. Property taxes reflected as revenues on the financial statements include the property tax relief distribution made by the State of Arkansas. The purpose of this distribution is to reimburse the municipality for property tax credits in accordance with Arkansas Code.

NOTE 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

F. Budget Law

State law requires that these procedures be followed in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Prior to December 1, the Mayor submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the calendar year commencing the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. The proposed budget is discussed at a City Council meeting prior to adoption.
- c. Prior to February 1, the budget is legally enacted by ordinance or resolution of the City Council.
- d. Appropriations lapse at the end of each year.
- e. Under certain conditions, the budget may be amended subsequent to the year-end.

The budgeted revenues and expenditures represent the formal operating budget adopted by the City Council, as amended by the Council during the year.

Basis of Accounting

The City prepared an annual budget on the regulatory basis for the General Fund, Street Fund, and the other operating funds.

G. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures

The Municipality's highest level of decision-making authority is its City Council. The establishment of amounts classified as committed fund balances and any subsequent modifications to such balances are the result of formal action taken by the City Council through passage of an ordinance. The City Council is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose, although a formal policy has not been established.

The Municipality does not have a policy addressing whether it considers restricted or unrestricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. For classification of fund balance amounts, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted. The Municipality does not have a policy addressing which resources to use within the unrestricted fund balance when committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used, committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

There were no committed fund balances at year-end.

NOTE 2: Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

Cash deposits are carried at cost (carrying value). A comparison of the bank balance and carrying value is as follows:

	 Carrying Amount	Bank <u>Balance</u>		
Insured (FDIC)	\$ 1,372,537	\$	1,373,420	
Collateralized:				
Collateral held by the City's agent, pledging bank				
or pledging bank's trust department or agent in the				
City's name	1,443,731		1,476,776	
Total Deposits	\$ 2,816,268	\$	2,850,196	

The above total deposits do not include cash on hand of \$ 1,400.

NOTE 3: Legal or Contractual Provisions for Deposits and Investments

State law generally requires that municipal funds be deposited in federally insured banks located in the State of Arkansas. The municipal deposits may be in the form of checking accounts, savings accounts, and time deposits. Public funds may be invested in eligible investment securities having a maturity of no longer than 5 years from the date of acquisition unless, as documented at the time of acquisition, the investment is to fund or support a specific purpose and there are no expectations that the investment will be sold before maturity; an Arkansas bank certificate of deposit; an account established by a local government joint investment trust; or an Arkansas financial institution repurchase agreement for eligible investment securities in which the seller agrees to repurchase the investment at a price including interest earned during the holding period as determined by the repurchase agreement.

NOTE 4: Accounts Receivable

The accounts receivable balance at December 31, 2021, is composed of the following:

Description	Car			r Funds in
Description	<u>Gel</u>	neral Fund	tne /	Aggregate
Property taxes	\$	28,280		
Franchise fees		2,120		
Sales taxes		209,510		
Fines, forfeitures, and costs		5,638		
Sanitation fees		29,814		
Advertising and promotion taxes			\$	77,527
Other		450		
Totals	\$	275,812	\$	77,527

NOTE 5: Accounts Payable

The accounts payable balance at December 31, 2021, is composed of the following:

Description	Ger	neral Fund	Str	eet Fund	 er Funds in Aggregate
Vendor payables Other	\$	76,745 5,084	\$	15,109	\$ 11,297
Totals	\$	81,829	\$	15,109	\$ 11,297

NOTE 6: Interfund Balances

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances are as follows:

December 31, 2021							
In	terfund	ln	terfund				
Red	ceivables	Payables					
		\$	41,068				
\$	8,901						
	32,167						
\$	41,068	\$	41,068				
		Interfund Receivables \$ 8,901 32,167	Interfund Interfund Receivables Page 1				

Interfund receivables and payables consist of errors in depositing restricted revenues and interfund loans. These balances were repaid in February 2022.

NOTE 7: Details of Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance classifications at December 31, 2021, are composed of the following:

	General		;	Street	Other Funds in		
Description		Fund	Fund		the	Aggregate	
Fund Balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Recreation and culture	\$	94,000					
Restricted for:							
General government		557,477			\$	87,890	
Highw ays and streets			\$	32,734			
Public safety						934	
Sanitation						19,002	
Recreation and culture						338,923	
Debt service						19,522	
Total Restricted		557,477		32,734		466,271	
Assigned to:							
Recreation and culture		24,655					
Unassigned		1,873,920					
Totals	\$	2,550,052	\$	32,734	\$	466,271	

NOTE 8: Legal Debt Limit

A. Property Tax Secured Bonded Debt

The City is subject to a constitutional limitation for bonded indebtedness equal to 20% of the total assessed value for tax purposes of real and personal property as determined by the last tax assessment. At December 31, 2021, the legal debt limit for the bonded debt was \$18,885,416. There were no property tax secured bond issues.

B. Short-term Financing Obligations

The City is subject to a constitutional limitation for short-term financing obligations equal to 5% of the assessed value of taxable property within the City as determined by the last tax assessment. At December 31, 2021, the legal debt limit for short-term financing obligations was \$4,860,198. The amount of short-term financing obligations was \$423,400, leaving a legal debt margin of \$4,436,798. There were no short-term financing obligations.

NOTE 9: Commitments

Total commitments consist of the following at December 31, 2021:

	Dec	cember 31, 2021
Long-term liabilities	\$	3,991,123

December 31,

NOTE 9: Commitments (Continued)

Long-term liabilities

Long-term liabilities at December 31, 2021, are comprised of the following:

	2021
Bonds 2017 Hotel and Restaurant Gross Receipts Tax Refunding Revenue Bonds, dated December 1, 2017, in the amount of \$3,975,000 due in annual installments of \$105,000 - \$225,000 plus interest through December 1, 2043; interest at 1.95% - 3.67%. Payments are to be made from the Debt Service Fund.	\$ 3,530,000
<u>Direct Borrowings</u> Lease-purchase agreement dated January 24, 2020, with FBT Bank & Mortgage in the amount of \$117,498 for three 2020 Chevy Tahoes for the Police Department, payable in monthly installments of \$3,442 for 36 months at 3.49% interest with the final installment due on January 24, 2023. Payments are to be made from the General Fund.	43,854
Lease-purchase agreement dated June 3, 2020, with FBT Bank & Mortgage in the amount of \$75,000 for a 2019 Caterpillar Excavator, payable in monthly installments of \$1,364 for 60 months at 3.49% interest with the final installment due on June 5, 2025. Payments are to be made from the General Fund.	31,581
Lease-purchase agreement dated September 28, 2020, with FBT Bank & Mortgage in the amount of \$360,333 for a Pierce Freightliner Pumper Fire Truck, payable in monthly installments of \$6,420 for 60 months at 2.75% interest with the final installment due on August 28, 2025. Payments are to be made from the General Fund.	268,408
Lease-purchase agreement dated October 28, 2021, with FBT Bank & Mortgage in the amount of \$85,000 for a 2001 Aerial Cat Fire Truck, payable in monthly installments of \$1,542 for 60 months at 3.5% interest with the final installment due on September 28, 2026. Payments are to be made from the General Fund. Total Direct Borrowings	79,557 423,400
Compensated absences consisting of accrued vacation and sick leave adjusted to current salary cost.	37,723
Total Long-term liabilities	\$ 3,991,123

Due to the City's regulatory basis of accounting, these liabilities are not recorded in the financial statements.

The City's outstanding bonds payable of \$3,530,000 contain a provision that in an event of default, the Trustee may, and upon written request of the owners of not less than 25% in principal amount of the bonds then outstanding shall, by proper suit compel the performance of the duties of the officials of the City and officials of the State to take any action or obtain any proper relief in law or equity available under the Constitution and laws of the State.

The City's outstanding lease-purchases from direct borrowings of \$423,400 contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts, at the Lender's sole option, may be declared immediately due and payable, and the Lender may exercise any rights and remedies, including the right to immediate possession of the collateral, available to it under applicable law.

NOTE 9: Commitments (Continued)

Long-Term Debt Issued and Outstanding

Date of Issue	Date of Final Maturity			Amount Authorized and Issued	Debt Outstanding mber 31, 2021	Maturities to nber 31, 2021
<u>Bonds</u>						
12/1/17	12/1/43	1.95%-3.67%	\$	3,975,000	\$ 3,530,000	\$ 445,000
Direct Borrow	ings					
1/24/20	1/24/23	3.49%		117,498	43,854	73,644
6/3/20	6/5/25	3.49%		75,000	31,581	43,419
9/28/20	8/28/25	2.75%		360,333	268,408	91,925
10/2/21	9/28/26	3.50%		85,000	79,557	5,443
Total Direct	Borrow ings			637,831	423,400	214,431
Total Long	g-Term Debt		\$	4,612,831	\$ 3,953,400	\$ 659,431

Changes in Long-Term Debt

	Balance anuary 01, 2021 Issued Re		Retired	Balance December 31, 202				
Bonds payable	\$ 3,645,000	\$	0	\$ 115,000	\$	3,530,000		
<u>Direct Borrow ings</u> Lease-purchases	486,616	8	35,000	148,216		423,400		
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 4,131,616	\$ 8	35,000	\$ 263,216	\$	3,953,400		

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The City is obligated for the following amounts at December 31, 2021:

Years Ending		Bonds							
December 31,	Principal	 Interest	 Total	Principal		nterest	Total		
2022	\$ 115,000	\$ 117,218	\$ 232,218	\$ 141,620	\$	11,604	\$	153,224	
2023	120,000	114,344	234,344	107,683.00		7,674		115,357	
2024	125,000	111,344	236,344	93,199.00		4,532		97,731	
2025	120,000	108,219	228,219	68,523.00		1,340		69,863	
2026	125,000	104,768	229,768	12,375.00		200		12,575	
2027 through 2031	695,000	464,987	1,159,987						
2032 through 2036	820,000	342,819	1,162,819						
2037 through 2041	970,000	187,413	1,157,413						
2042 through 2043	 440,000	24,106	 464,106						
Totals	\$ 3,530,000	\$ 1,575,218	\$ 5,105,218	\$ 423,400	\$	25,350	\$	448,750	

NOTE 10: Interfund Transfers

Within the Other Funds in the Aggregate, the City transferred \$236,891 from the Advertising and Promotion Fund to the Hotel and Restaurant Gross Receipts Capital Improvement Bond Series 2017 Fund for debt service requirements.

NOTE 11: Subsequent Event

On May 10, 2022, the City entered in to a financed purchase agreement for \$395,532 with an interest rate of 3.5% to purchase 9 police vehicles.

NOTE 12: Pledged Revenues

The City pledged future 3% sales taxes on gross receipts of hotel accommodations and restaurants to repay \$3,975,000 in hotel and restaurant gross receipts tax refunding revenue bonds that were issued in 2017 to refund the 2013 series hotel and restaurant gross receipt tax bonds. Total principal and interest remaining on the bonds are \$3,530,000 and \$1,575,218, respectively, payable through December 1, 2043. For 2021, principal and interest paid were \$115,000 and \$119,461 respectively.

Other Funds in the Aggregate (Advertising and Promotion Fund) received \$797,301 in hotel and restaurant taxes in 2021. Any hotel and restaurant tax collected in excess of debt service payments on these bonds is permitted to be used for Advertising and Promotion Commission purposes.

NOTE 13: Joint Venture

Metropolitan Emergency Communications Association

City of White Hall belongs to the Metropolitan Emergency Communications Association, as set up by an amended interlocal cooperation agreement, dated May 13, 1996, which is composed of the Cities of Pine Bluff, White Hall, Redfield, Altheimer, Wabbaseka, Humphrey, Sherrill and Jefferson County. The Association is governed by seven commissioners which include the City of Pine Bluff's Mayor, Police Chief and Fire Chief, Jefferson County's County Judge and Sheriff, the Office of Emergency Services Coordinator and the Chairman of the 911 Administrative Board by virtue of their term in office or employment with the local government. Pursuant to the aforementioned amended agreement for 1996, the participants' percentage share of any deficit between 911 telephone fee revenue and operating expenses was as follows:

City of Pine Bluff	70.76%
City of White Hall	2.25%
City of Redfield	0.63%
City of Altheimer	0.57%
City of Wabbaseka	0.19%
City of Humphrey	0.21%
City of Sherrill	0.04%
Jefferson County	25.35%
Total	100.00%

The City paid Metropolitan Emergency Communications Association (MECA) \$16,003 in 2021. Financial information may be obtained at 101 East Barraque Street, Pine Bluff, Arkansas 71601.

NOTE 14: Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties and participation in a public entity risk pool. The amount of settlements, if any, has not exceeded the insurance coverage for each of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the major categories of risk from coverage in the prior year.

The City participates in the Arkansas Municipal League Program (public entity risk pools) for coverage in the following areas:

Workers' Compensation - This program provides statutory benefits for losses incurred by municipal officials, employees, and volunteer fire fighters while performing work for the municipality. Rates for municipalities participating in this program are revised by class code on an annual basis by the Arkansas Workers' Compensation Commission.

Municipal Vehicle Program

- A. Liability This program may pay all sums the municipality legally must pay as damages because of bodily injury, death or property damage to which this agreement applies involving a covered municipal vehicle and for which the municipality is liable. The limit of payment by the program is as follows: \$25,000 because of bodily injury to or death of one person in any one accident; \$50,000 because of bodily injury to or death of two or more persons in any one accident; and \$25,000 because of injury to or destruction of property of others in any one accident. The City shall pay into the program each year a charge established annually by the program administrator for covered municipal vehicles and self-propelled mobile equipment owned or leased by the City.
- B. Physical Damage This program covers motor vehicles and permanently attached equipment which are the property of the participating municipality. Property is valued at the full cost to repair or replace the property after deduction for depreciation. Loss amounts payable will be reduced by the deductible amount of \$1,000 per occurrence. The City agrees to pay into the program each year a service charge established annually by the program administrator for covered property.

Municipal Property Program - This program covers insurable property and equipment, exclusive of motor vehicles and water vessels, which belong to or are in the care, custody, or control of a participating municipality. Property is valued at the full cost to repair or replace the property after deduction of depreciation or as agreed to by the participating municipality and program. Loss amounts payable will be reduced by the deductible amount of \$5,000, or in the case of flood or earthquake, \$100,000. The municipality agrees to pay into the program each year a service charge established annually by the program administrator for property for which the municipality desires coverage.

Municipal Legal Defense Program - The program shall, at the sole discretion of the program administrators, provide extraordinary legal defense and extraordinary expenses in suits against municipal officials and employees and civil rights suits against the municipal government of a participating municipality and pay extraordinary judgments (for actual damages – not punitive damages) imposed on municipal officials and employees and the municipal government. The program shall never be liable to reimburse the municipal government, municipal officials, and employees because of judgment in any one lawsuit for more than 25% of the program's available funds at time the lawsuit was filed or the judgment becomes final, or \$1 million, whichever is less. The City agrees to pay into the program each year a charge established by the steering committee. Each city also agrees to pay the first \$3,000 of the aggregate cost for all expenses on each lawsuit. This cost deposit is not refundable.

The City also participates in the Self-Insured Fidelity Bond Program administered by the Governmental Bonding Board. This program covers actual losses sustained by the participating entity through any fraudulent or dishonest act or acts committed by any of the officials or employees, acting alone or in collusion with others, during the bond period to an amount not exceeding the lesser of \$300,000 or the amount of the bond. Premiums for coverage are determined by the State Risk Manager and approved by the Board. These premiums are paid by the State Treasurer from funds withheld from the Municipal Aid Fund. There is a \$2,500 deductible per occurrence.

NOTE 15: Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) (A Defined Benefit Pension Plan)

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI), an agent multiple employer retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for cities and towns in Arkansas. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State law and can be amended only by the Arkansas General Assembly. The Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LOPFI. That report may be obtained by writing to Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System, 620 W. 3rd, Suite 200, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201, by calling 1-866-859-1745, or on their website www.lopfi-prb.com.

On November 16, 2016, administration of the City of White Hall Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund was transferred to LOPFI.

Funding Policy

The employee contribution rate depends on the type of service being rendered and whether or not the service is also covered by Social Security. The different employee contribution rates required by state law are:

- A. Paid service not covered by Social Security: 8.5% of gross pay
- B. Paid service also covered by Social Security: 2.5% of gross pay
- C. Volunteer fire service: no employee contribution

The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by State law. The contribution requirements of the City are established and may be amended by the LOPFI Board of Trustees. The plan is also funded with state insurance tax. The City's contribution to the plan was \$194,160 and the amount of insurance tax paid by the state to the plan for the benefit of the City was \$82,063 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Net Pension Liability

The requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement no. 68, under the regulatory basis of accounting, are limited to disclosure of the City's share of the collective net pension liability. The City's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability at December 31, 2021 (actuarial valuation date and measurement date) was \$1,080,477.

NOTE 16: Employee Retirement Program (A Defined Contribution Pension Plan)

The White Hall City Council has contracted with VOYA to provide a 457 (b) governmental plan and trust to every eligible employee. Eligible employees include all full-time employees with the exception of police officers and the District Court Judge. Employee contributions are limited to \$2,000 per year. Employer contributions are determined by a vote of the City Council or the City of White Hall Retirement Board. The current contribution rate is \$75 dollars per month for employees with years of service from 60 days to 5 years, \$100 per month for 5 years of service to 10 years and \$125 per month for 10 years of service and above from the City. Benefits are distributed upon attainment of retirement age (as designated by City, but not earlier than age 65) or death. Benefits are limited to contributions made for the employees and the earnings on those contributions. Employees are vested after 10 years of service. Therefore, the plan will have no unfunded liabilities. The City's contributions to the plan were \$25,375 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 17: Mayor's Retirement Benefits

Plan Description

Ark. Code Ann. § 24-12-123 establishes retirement benefits for mayors in cities of the first class and death benefits to their spouses at the option of the governing body of the City. Benefits and contribution provisions are established by State law and can be amended only by the Arkansas General Assembly. A retiree is entitled to receive an annual retirement benefit during the remainder of their natural life, payable at the rate of one-half (1/2) of the salary payable to the mayor at the completion of his or her last term as mayor. Retirement benefits are to be paid monthly from the City's General Fund. A mayor may retire: 1.) upon reaching the age of 60 with a minimum of ten years of service or 2.) upon serving 20 years, regardless of age. The City paid \$22,012 to Martha Morgan, the spouse of former Mayor James Morgan, for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 18: Corona Virus (COVID-19)

On March 11, 2020, the Governor of Arkansas issued Executive Order 20-03 declaring an emergency and ordered Arkansas Department of Health to take action to prevent the spread of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19). The City was awarded \$1,028,238 in federal aid from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 and 2022, as of report date, \$1,028,238 of this amount had been received. The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on financial statements for future reporting periods remains uncertain.

NOTE 19: Related Party Transaction

The City maintained deposits of \$869,810 and loan balances of \$423,400 at December 31, 2021 with FBT Bank and Mortgage, where a council member is the Executive Director. White Hall Ordinance no. 533 (June 21, 2021) allows the City to conduct business with this related party.

Schedule 1

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - OTHER FUNDS IN THE AGGREGATE REGULATORY BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021

				SPEC	CIAL R	EVENUE FL	JNDS				DEB	T SERVICE FUND		STODIAL FUND		
		ertising and romotion	Re	ecycling	and	Equipment I Training Act 833)		eteran's Iemorial		imerican scue Plan Act	Rest Rec Impro	Hotel and aurant Gross eipts Capital evement Bond eries 2013	Dist	trict Court		Totals
ASSETS	\$	255 075	Ф.	10.002	•	10.001	•	F 404	ф.	FF 700	•	10 522	ф.	10 715	ф.	204 500
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Interfund receivables	Ф	255,975 77,527	\$	19,002	\$	12,231	\$	5,421	\$	55,723 32,167	\$	19,522	\$	13,715	\$	381,589 77,527 32,167
monana roccivasios										02,101						02,107
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	333,502	\$	19,002	\$	12,231	\$	5,421	\$	87,890	\$	19,522	\$	13,715	\$	491,283
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:																
Accounts payable					\$	11,297									\$	11,297
Settlements pending Total Liabilities						11,297							\$	13,715 13,715		13,715 25,012
Total Liabilities						11,231								13,713		25,012
Fund Balances: Restricted	\$	333,502	\$	19,002		934	\$	5,421	\$	87,890	\$	19,522				466,271
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	333,502	\$	19,002	\$	12,231	\$	5,421	\$	87,890	\$	19,522	\$	13,715	\$	491,283

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - OTHER FUNDS IN THE AGGREGATE - REGULATORY BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				SPE	CIAL F	REVENUE FL	UND:	S		SE	DEBT ERVICE FUND	
		tising and emotion		Recycling	an	Equipment d Training Act 833)		Veteran's Memorial	omerican escue Plan Act	Re Gross (Imp Bor	otel and staurant is Receipts Capital rovement ad Series 2013	Totals
REVENUES State aid					\$	20,850						\$ 20,850
Federal aid Interest	\$	28	æ	0					\$ 514,122	\$	6	514,122 42
Advertising and promotion taxes	Ф	797,301	\$	8						Φ	6	797,301
TOTAL REVENUES		797,329		8		20,850			514,122		6	1,332,315
EXPENDITURES												
Current: General government									426,232			426,232
Public safety						55,897			420,232			55,897
Recreation and culture		440,811										 440,811
Total Current	·	440,811				55,897			426,232			922,940
Debt Service: Bond principal Bond interest and other charges											115,000 122,161	115,000 122,161
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		440,811				55,897			426,232		237,161	1,160,101
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)												,, -
EXPENDITURES		356,518		8		(35,047)			87,890		(237,155)	172,214
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		(236,891)									236,891	236,891 (236,891)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(236,891)									236,891	0
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES		119,627		8		(35,047)			87,890		(264)	 172,214
FUND BALANCES - JANUARY 1		213,875		18,994		35,981	\$	5,421			19,786	294,057
FUND BALANCES - DECEMBER 31	\$	333,502	\$	19,002	\$	934	\$	5,421	\$ 87,890	\$	19,522	\$ 466,271

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS NOTES TO SCHEDULES 1 AND 2 DECEMBER 31, 2021

The following funds and descriptions represent all funds reported as other funds in the aggregate.

Fund Name	Fund Description
Advertising and Promotion	Ark. Code Ann. § 26-75-606 established fund to account for the tax levied on gross receipts of hotels, restaurants, etc. The tax shall be used for the advertising and promoting of the city and its environs; construction, maintenance, and operation of a convention center, operation of tourist promotion facilities, and payment of principal and interest in connection with bonds issued.
Recycling	Established to account for grant funds from Southeast Arkansas Regional Solid Waste Management District to purchase equipment and pay other operating expenditures for recycling compost operation.
Fire Equipment and Training (Act 833)	Ark. Code Ann. §§ 14-284-403, 404 requires insurance premium tax funds to be distributed by the county to municipal fire departments for training, purchase and improvement of fire fighting equipment, initial capital construction or improvements of fire departments, insurance for buildings, and utilities costs.
Veteran's Memorial	Established to account for donations received from individuals and organizations for the maintenance and upkeep of the Veteran's Monument
American Rescue Plan Act	Established to receive and disburse Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (SLRF), a part of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) of 2021, to support response to and recovery from the COVID-19 public health emergency.
Hotel and Restaurant Gross Receipts Capital Improvement Bond Series 2013	City of White Hall Ordinance No. 457 (September 26, 2013) established the debt service fund for the payment of bond principal and interest for the community and aquatic centers.
District Court	Ark. Code Ann. § 16-10-204 established account to receive fines, forfeitures, and costs collected by the district court.

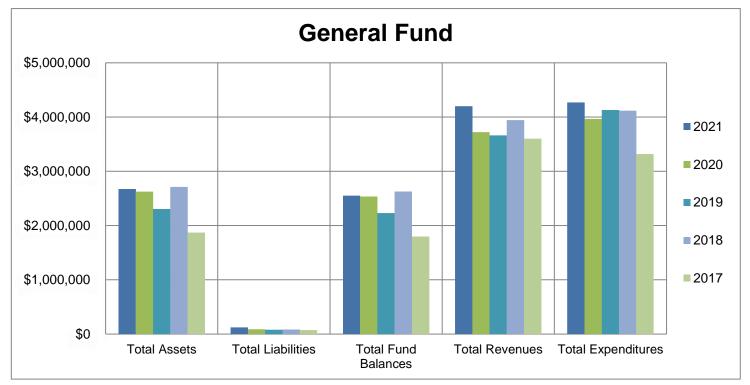
Schedule 3

CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS OTHER INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2021 (Unaudited)

	December 31, 2021
Land Buildings Equipment	\$ 915,746 9,714,388 3,394,418
Total	\$ 14,024,552

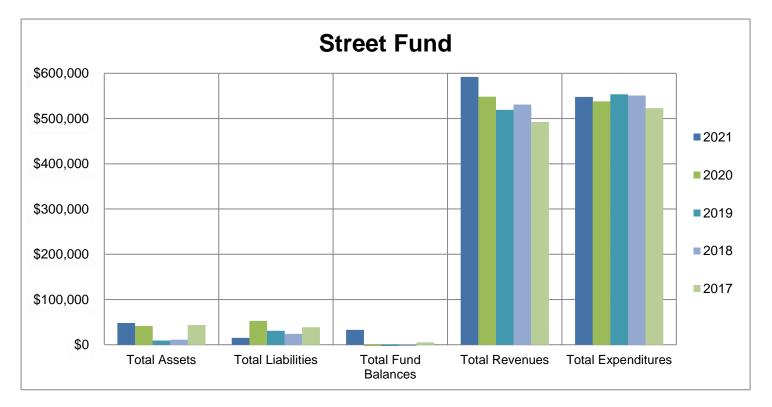
CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION FOR THE LAST FIVE YEARS - GENERAL FUND - REGULATORY BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 (Unaudited)

General	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018		 2017
Total Assets	\$ 2,672,949	\$ 2,622,351	\$ 2,305,284	\$	2,710,729	\$ 1,869,177
Total Liabilities	122,897	87,650	77,691		83,854	72,670
Total Fund Balances	2,550,052	2,534,701	2,227,593		2,626,875	1,796,507
Total Revenues	4,199,535	3,720,723	3,662,350		3,941,530	3,598,186
Total Expenditures	4,269,184	3,966,446	4,131,160		4,116,565	3,316,289
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses	85,000	552,831	(26,000)		1,005,403	(260,514)



CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION FOR THE LAST FIVE YEARS - STREET FUND - REGULATORY BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 (Unaudited)

<u>Street</u>	2021	2020	 2019	 2018	 2017
Total Assets	\$ 47,843	\$ 41,116	\$ 9,085	\$ 10,923	\$ 43,488
Total Liabilities	15,109	52,527	30,588	23,908	38,515
Total Fund Balances	32,734	(11,411)	(21,503)	(12,985)	4,973
Total Revenues	591,983	548,058	518,978	530,835	492,264
Total Expenditures	547,838	537,966	553,496	550,793	522,521
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses			26,000	2,000	



CITY OF WHITE HALL, ARKANSAS SCHEDULE OF SELECTED INFORMATION FOR THE LAST FIVE YEARS - OTHER FUNDS IN THE AGGREGATE - REGULATORY BASIS DECEMBER 31, 2021 (Unaudited)

Other Funds in the Aggregate	 2021	 2020		2019		2018	2017		
Total Assets	\$ 491,283	\$ 308,727	\$	344,003	\$	339,884	\$	240,016	
Total Liabilities	25,012	14,670		20,205		21,948		40,962	
Total Fund Balances	466,271	294,057		323,798		317,936		199,054	
Total Revenues	1,332,315	696,113		670,926		721,311		572,790	
Total Expenditures	1,160,101	725,854		665,064		602,429		628,896	
Total Other Financing Sources/Uses								9,506	

