CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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MEYER & WARD, P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS PO. BOX 1045 WYNNE, AR 72396

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Sally Wilson, Mayor And the Members of the City Council City of Osceola, Arkansas 72370

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Osceola, Arkansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Opinions" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of the City of Osceola, Arkansas, as of December 31, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Osceola, Arkansas, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit	Type of Opinion
Governmental Activities	Qualified
Business-Type Activities	Unmodified
General Fund	Unmodified
Street Fund	Unmodified
Airport Fund	Unmodified
Electric, Water and Sewer Fund	Unmodified
Sanitation Fund	Unmodified
Riverport Authority Funds	Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information	Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards, are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements' section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Management has not determined the cost of its defined benefit pension plan in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require the cost of

employee pensions to be recognized when the accumulated benefit obligation exceeds the fair value of the plan assets. Quantification of the effects of that departure on the financial statements is not practicable

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit for the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatements of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
 procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
 in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to desin audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on pages 37-38 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Osceola, Arkansas' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 26, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Osceola, Arkansas' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Osceola, Arkansas' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Meyer & Ward

Meyer & Ward, P.A. Certified Public Accountants December 26, 2022

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

			t			
		Governmental		Business Type		
		Activities		Activities		Total
ASSETS			_		_	
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	580,230	\$	2,112,505	\$	2,692,735
Accounts receivable, net	·	267,384		3,205,771		3,473,155
Other receivables		-		_		-
Inventories		_		923,502		923,502
Prepaid items		73,540		17,665		91,205
Total Current Assets		921,154	_	6,259,443	_	7,180,597
Total Galletti / 1000to		02 I, IO+		0,200,440		7,100,007
Restricted Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents		547,912		1,569,941		2,117,853
Capital Assets						
Land		2,000		301,279		303,279
Utility plant in service		-		49,482,533		49,482,533
Waste-to-energy		-		1,444,544		1,444,544
Riverport authority		_		4,594,352		4,594,352
Improvements		4,986,795		-		4,986,795
Machinery and equipment		8,531,034		5,190,230		13,721,264
Buildings		9,176,630		-		9,176,630
Furniture and fixtures		-		662,365		662,365
Infrastructure - streets		8,978,786		002,000		8,978,786
Accumulated depreciation		(25,684,091)		(36,808,626)		(62,492,717)
Total Capital Assets, net		5,991,154	-	24,866,677	_	30,857,831
Total Capital Assets, flet		3,991,104	-	24,000,077	_	30,037,031
TOTAL ASSETS	:	7,460,220	=	32,696,061	_	40,156,281
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities						
Accounts payable		246,770		162,781		409,551
Customer deposits payable		, -		324,457		324,457
Accrued expenses		51,751		896,378		948,129
Accrued interest payable		26		73,723		73,749
Due to other funds		-		-		-
Due to other agencies		15,320		_		15,320
Current portion - bonds payable				265,805		265,805
Current portion - capital leases		26,907		200,539		227,446
Total Current Liabilities	•	340,774	_	1,923,683	_	2,264,457
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Bonds payable		-		4,661,610		4,661,610
Capital lease payable		12,027		258,518		270,545
Compensated absences		472,335		42,500		514,835
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		484,362	_	4,962,628	_	5,446,990
	•	,	-	.,. 3=,0=3	_	-,,
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	825,136	\$_	6,886,311	\$	7,711,447

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities	Primary Governme Business Type Activities	Total	
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets, net	5,952,220	19,480,205		25,432,425
Restricted - airport grant	40,387	-		40,387
Restricted - fire department	76,139	-		76,139
Restricted - highways and streets	284,208	-		284,208
Restricted - capital contributions	431,384			431,384
Restricted - bond retirement	-	1,569,941		1,569,941
Unrestricted	(149,256)	4,759,604	_	4,610,348
TOTAL NET POSITION	6,635,082	25,809,750		32,444,832
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 7,460,218	\$32,696,061	\$_	40,156,279

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

				Program Rever			Net [Expenses] Revenues and Changes in Net Position Primary Government						
						r	7111	nary Governmer	11				
FUNCTION/PROOF AND			Operating Capital								D		
FUNCTION/PROGRAM		F	Charges for		Grants and		Grants and		Governmental		Business-type		T-4-1
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	_	Expenses	Services		Contributions	_	Contributions		Activities	-	Activities	_	Total
Governmental activities	_	(000 044) 4	0= 000	_	704.005								
General government	\$	(808,811) \$	95,289	\$		\$	-	\$	8,383	\$	- ;	\$	8,383
Law enforcement		(2,887,182)	391,858		1,273				(2,494,051)		-		(2,494,051)
Public safety		(1,596,527)	-		-		7,000		(1,589,527)		-		(1,589,527)
Recreation and culture		(1,078,006)	220,593		-		-		(857,413)		-		(857,413)
Public works		(895,409)	-		-		-		(895,409)		-		(895,409)
Municipal airport		(231,801)	2,000		-		93,319		(136,482)		-		(136,482)
Interest on long-term debt		(7,598)	-		-		-		(7,598)		-		(7,598)
Total Government	_					_				-			, ,
Activities		(7,505,334)	709,740		723,178		100,319		(5,972,097)		-		(5,972,097)
Business type activities Electric, water & sewer													
department		(15,453,617)	17,182,221		-		-		-		1,728,604		1,728,604
Sanitation department		(1,158,272)	943,244		-		-		-		(215,028)		(215,028)
Riverport authority		(78,985)	32,537		-		-		-		(46,448)		(46,448)
Total Business-Type	_					_				_			
Activities		(16,690,874)	18,158,002		_		_		-		1,467,128		1,467,128
Total Primary	_	(-,,- ,	-,,			_				-	, - , -	_	
Government	\$_	(24,196,208)	18,867,742	\$	723,178	\$_	100,319	\$	(5,972,097)	\$	1,467,128	\$_	(4,504,969)
		General Revenues											
		Intergovernmenta	il						792,284		-		
		Property taxes							1,525,012		-		
		Franchise taxes							119,417		-		
		Sales tax							2,645,531		-		
		Miscellaneous inc	come						88,315		-		
		Investment earnir	ngs						568		1,201		
		Interest expense ar	nd other charge	es					-		(163,742)		
		Transfers							528.557		(528,557)		
		Total general reven	ues and trans	fei	rs				5,699,684	-	(691,098)		
		Change in net posit	tion						(272,413)		776,030		
		Net position, begins							6,882,570		25,000,851		
		Restatement adjust							24,925		32,869		
		Net position, ending						\$	6,635,082	\$-	25,809,750		
		poolaoii, oriding	9					٠.	3,000,002	-	_0,000,00		

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-	General Fund	_	Street Fund	_	Airport	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Accounts receivable	\$	394,465 - 267,382	\$	152,825 154,695 -	\$	9,858 - -	\$ 23,082	\$	580,230 154,695 267,382
Total Current Assets	•	661,847	-	307,520	_	9,858	23,082	•	1,002,307
Restricted Assets Restricted cash and equivalents TOTAL ASSETS	\$	507,524 1,169,371	\$ =	307,520	\$ <u>_</u>	40,387 50,245	\$ 23,082	\$	547,911 1,550,218
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued expenditures Due to other funds Due to other agencies TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	231,707 47,382 154,695 - 433,784	\$	15,059 4,370 - - 19,429	\$	- - - - -	\$ 15,320 15,320	\$	246,766 51,752 154,695 15,320 468,533
FUND BALANCES Restricted Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	-	507,524 228,063 735,587	-	288,091 - 288,091	<u>-</u>	40,387 9,858 50,245	7,762 - 7,762		843,764 237,921 1,081,685
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,169,371	\$ <u>_</u>	307,520	\$ _	50,245	\$ 23,082	\$	1,550,218

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 1,081,685
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	5,991,154
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(511,269)
Prepaid items are not expended from current resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	73,540
Governmental funds do not report a liability for accrued interest until it is due and payable. Accrued interest must be reported as a liability in the government-wide financial statements.	(26)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 6,635,084

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	_	General Fund	_	Street Fund		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total Funds
REVENUES										
Intergovernmental	\$	168,564	\$	623,720	\$	_	\$	_	\$	792,284
Property taxes	·	1,370,318	·	154,695		_	·	_	·	1,525,013
Franchise fees		119,417		· -		_		_		119,417
Sales taxes		2,645,531		-		_		_		2,645,531
Fines, forfeitures, and costs		269,191		-		_		_		269,191
Interest		280		98		28		162		568
Local permits and fees		234,682		-		_		_		234,682
Golf course fees		52,704		-		_		_		52,704
Jail fees		115,726		-		-		-		115,726
Rental income		39,432		-		2,000		_		41,432
Grant income		730,178				93,319				823,497
Other revenues		75,485		3,956		4,881		-		84,322
TOTAL REVENUES	_	5,821,508		782,469		100,228		162		6,704,367
EXPENDITURES										
Current										
General government		731,104		-		-		-		731,104
Law enforcement		2,608,906		-		-		-		2,608,906
Highways and streets		-		768,570		-		-		768,570
Public safety		1,375,564		-		-		-		1,375,564
Recreation and culture		894,771		-		-		-		894,771
Airport		-		-		29,248		-		29,248
TOTAL CURRENT	_	5,610,345		768,570	•	29,248		-		6,408,163
Capital outlays	_	235,894	_	19,100		52,771				307,765
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	5,846,239	_	787,670	-	82,019				6,715,928
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF										
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(24,731)		(5,201)		18,209		162		(11,561)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Capital leases PILOT paid to county		(57,025)		-		-		-		(57,025)
Operating transfers in/(out)	_	341,673	_	187,094		(210)				528,557
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)	_	284,648	_	187,094		(210)				471,532
Net changes in fund balance		259,917		181,893		17,999		162		459,971
Fund balance, beginning of year		458,085		98,858		32,246		7,600		596,789
Restatement adjustment		17,585		7,340						24,925
Fund balance, end of year	\$ _	735,587	\$ _	288,091	\$	50,245	\$	7,762	\$	1,081,685

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	459,971
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.		(669,553)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g. bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal or long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		49,377
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	_	(112,208)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ _	(272,413)

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-	- unds					
	Electric, Water and Sewer Fund	-	Sanitation Fund		Riverport Authority Funds	-	Total Enterprise Funds
ASSETS Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Inventories	\$ 1,965,866 3,179,233 923,502	\$	63,916 - -	\$	82,723 26,538	\$	2,112,505 3,205,771 923,502
Prepaid items Total Current Assets	14,256 6,082,857	-	3,409 67,325		109,261	-	17,665 6,259,443
Restricted Assets	0,002,001		01,020		100,201		0,200,140
Cash and cash equivalents	1,569,941		-		-		1,569,941
Capital Assets							
Land	203,971		47,258		50,050		301,279
Utility plant in service	49,482,533		-		-		49,482,533
Waste-to-energy	-		1,444,544				1,444,544
Riverport authority	-		-		4,594,352		4,594,352
Machinery and equipment	2,804,837		2,385,393		-		5,190,230
Furniture and fixtures	662,365		(0.500.504)		- (4.044.005)		662,365
Accumulated depreciation	(32,387,817)	-	(2,509,524)		(1,911,285)	-	(36,808,626)
Total Capital Assets, net	20,765,889	-	1,367,671		2,733,117	-	24,866,677
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 28,418,687	\$	1,434,996	\$	2,842,378	\$	32,696,061

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Business	unds					
		Electric, Water and Sewer Fund	_	Sanitation Fund	_	Riverport Authority Funds	<u>.</u>	Total Enterprise Funds
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities	Φ.	440.000	Φ.	40.004	Φ.		Φ.	400 704
Accounts payable	\$	113,820	\$	48,961	\$	-	\$	162,781
Customer deposits payable		324,457		4.000		-		324,457
Accrued expenses		891,709		4,669 519		-		896,378
Accrued interest payable Current portion - bonds payable		73,204 265,805		519		-		73,723 265,805
Current portion - capital leases		56,109		144,430		-		200,539
Total Current Liabilities		1,725,104	-	198,579	-		-	1,923,683
Total Culterit Liabilities		1,723,104		190,579		-		1,923,003
Noncurrent Liabilities								
Bonds payable		4,661,610		-		-		4,661,610
Capital lease payable		-		258,518		-		258,518
Compensated absences		34,496		8,004		-		42,500
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,696,106	-	266,522	_		-	4,962,628
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,421,210	=	465,101	=		=	6,886,311
NET POSITION								
Investment in capital assets, net		15,782,365		964,723		2,733,117		19,480,205
Restricted		1,569,941		-		-		1,569,941
Unrestricted		4,645,171	_	5,172	_	109,261	-	4,759,604
TOTAL NET POSITION		21,997,477	_	969,895	_	2,842,378	-	25,809,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	28,418,687	\$	1,434,996	\$_	2,842,378	\$	32,696,061

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Business	Funds					
		Electric, Water and Sewer Fund	•	Sanitation Fund		Riverport Authority Funds		Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	-	_				_		_
	\$	14,251,754	\$	_	\$	_	\$	14,251,754
Water meter sales	Ψ	1,645,172	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,645,172
Sewer collections		1,231,685		_		_		1,231,685
Reconnection fees		32,175		_		_		32,175
Miscellaneous income		21,435		2,150		_		23,585
Rental income				-, 100		32,537		32,537
Pest control		_		109,876		-		109,876
Trash collections		_		831,218		_		831,218
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	•	17,182,221	-	943,244	-	32,537	-	18,158,002
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and benefits		2,097,590		420,554		_		2,518,144
Utilities		185,112		3,517		_		188,629
Administrative costs		368,691		22,696		_		391,387
Electric power purchased		11,370,669		,000		_		11,370,669
Operating expenses		78,583		56,670		_		135,253
Supplies		308,111		113,722		_		421,833
Repairs		160,862		7,933		_		168,795
Depreciation		908,884		233,808		78,985		1,221,677
Bad debts		(24,885)				-		(24,885)
Dumping		-		198,460		_		198,460
Garbage bags		_		100,912		_		100,912
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	•	15,453,617	-	1,158,272	-	78,985	-	16,690,874
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		1,728,604		(215,028)		(46,448)		1,467,128
NONOPERATING REVENUE								
(EXPENSES)								
Interest income		1,181		20		-		1,201
Interest expense		(151,507)		(11,866)		-		(163,373)
Capital contributions		<u>-</u>		-		-		-
Bond costs and other		(369)	_		_		_	(369)
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)		(150,695)	_	(11,846)	_		_	(162,541)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS								
,	\$	1,577,909	\$	(226,874)	\$	(46,448)	\$	1,304,587

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Business	-type	Activities-Enterp	orise l	Funds		
	_	Electric, Water and Sewer Fund		Sanitation Fund	_	Riverport Authority Funds	_	Total Enterprise Funds
OPERATING TRANSFERS Transfers in Transfers out	\$_	(622,635)	\$	97,185 <u>-</u>	\$	(3,107)	\$	97,185 (625,742)
NET OPERATING TRANFERS	_	(622,635)		97,185	_	(3,107)	_	(528,557)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		955,274		(129,689)		(49,555)		776,030
Total net position - beginning Restatement adjustment Total net position - ending	\$ <u>_</u>	21,021,541 20,662 21,997,477	\$	1,087,377 12,207 969,895	\$ _	2,891,933 - 2,842,378	\$ _	25,000,851 32,869 25,809,750

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds					
	Electric, Water and Sewer Fund	-	Sanitation Fund	Riverport Authority Funds	_	Total Enterprise Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers and users Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 16,964,923 (12,443,895) (2,097,129)		943,244 \$ (482,007) (421,099)	26,145 - -	\$	17,934,312 (12,925,902) (2,518,228)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	2,423,899		40,138	26,145		2,490,182
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfer to other funds Transfer from other funds	(622,635)	_	- 97,185	(3,107)	_	(625,742) 97,185
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities	(622,635)		97,185	(3,107)		(528,557)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Proceeds from capital debt refinanced Principal paid on capital debt Interest paid on capital debt Payment of related debt costs Capital contributions Net cash provided by (used in) capital		-	376,158 (504,756) (12,076) -	- - - - -	-	(1,572,665) 376,158 (990,241) (196,628) (369)
and related financing activities	(2,243,071)		(140,674)	-		(2,383,745)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends received Net cash provided by investing activities	1,181		20	<u>-</u>	-	1,201 1,201
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(440,626)		(3,331)	23,038		(420,919)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1 Restatement adjustment	3,955,771 20,662	_	55,040 12,207	59,685	_	4,070,496 32,869
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31	\$3,535,807	\$	63,916 \$ _	82,723	\$ _	3,682,446
Presented on the Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds as Follows: Current Assets						
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted Assets	\$ 1,965,866	\$	63,916 \$	82,723	\$	2,112,505
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,569,941	•	<u> </u>		-	1,569,941
TOTAL CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$3,535,807	\$	63,916 \$	82,723	\$ _	3,682,446

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Business-type Activities-Enterprise Funds						Total	
	_	Electric, Water and Sewer Sanitation Fund Fund			Riverport Authority Funds			Enterprise Funds
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	1,728,604	\$	(215,028)	\$	(46,448)	\$	1,467,128
Depreciation expense		908,884		233,808		78,985		1,221,677
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable		(224,989)		-		(6,392)		(231,381)
Decrease (increase) in inventories		92,557		-		-		92,557
Decrease (increase) in prepaid items		(5,888)		(533)		-		(6,421)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(115,570)		22,436		-		(93,134)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences		462		30		-		492
Increase (decrease) in customer deposits payable		7,691		-		-		7,691
Increase (decrease) in accrued expenses		32,148		(575)		-		31,573
Total adjustments		695,295		255,166		72,593		1,023,054
Net cash provided by (used in) operating	\$	2,423,899	\$	40,138	\$	26,145	\$	2,490,182
activities	-						•	

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF FIDICUIARY NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-	Firemen's Pension and Relief
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	19,948
Accounts Receivable		82,017
Investments		3,208,330
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ _	3,310,295
NET POSITION		
Reserved for retirement benefits	\$	3,310,295

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT IN CHANGES OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Firemen's Pension and Relief
ADDITIONS		
Contributions from state	\$	19,162
Local contributions		82,017
Earnings on investments		202,278
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		65,757
TOTAL ADDITIONS		369,214
DEDUCTIONS Benefit payments Administrative TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		266,898 31,851 298,749
CHANGE IN PLAN NET POSITION		70,465
Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year	\$	3,239,830 3,310,295
Hot position, one or your	Ψ	5,510,295

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity: The City of Osceola, Arkansas (the "City") is a municipal corporation operating under the authority of Arkansas state statute. The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body accepted in the United States for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A description of the more significant accounting and financial reporting policies and practices of the City follows.

The City of Osceola, Arkansas was incorporated in 1875 and operates under an elected Mayor/Council form of government. The City provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), planning and zoning, street maintenance, sanitation, pest control, animal shelter, municipal airport, public golf course, health, parks, recreation, electric, water and sewer, riverport authority and general administrative services. In addition, the City exercises sufficient control over other governmental agencies and authorities that are included as part of the City's reporting entity. The funds and entities related to the City of Osceola, Arkansas included in this report are controlled by or dependent on the City's governing body.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results differ from these estimates.

<u>Related Organization</u>: The City's Mayor and City Council are also responsible for appointing members of the boards of other organizations, but the City's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments. The Mayor and Council Members appoint the members of the Osceola Housing Authority; however, the city cannot impose its will upon the Housing Authority as stated in GASB 14; therefore, the financial operations of these related organizations have not been included in the City's general purpose financial statements.

Complete financial statements for the Housing Authority may be obtained directly from its administrative office: Osceola Housing Authority; 501 Coston; Osceola, Arkansas 72370.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation: The accounts of the City are organized on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements – Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. As a result, they report all of the assets (including general infrastructure assets), deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, expenses (rather than expenditures), and gains and losses of the entire government. They do not report fund information but rather focus on two types of activities carried out by governments – governmental activities and business-type activities. Each statement distinguishes between the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government. Fiduciary activities (such as pension trusts) are excluded from the statements because their resources are not available to support the government's own programs.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONT'D)

Government-wide financial statements include the following:

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The statement of net position is designed to display the financial position of the Primary Government (governmental and business-type activities). The City reports capital assets in the government-wide statement of net position and reports depreciation expense in the statement of activities.

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operating income, non-operating revenues and expenses, and capital contributions. Net position is classified in the following three components:

Investment in capital assets, net – This component of net position consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds at year-end, the portion of the debt attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of investment of capital assets, net. Rather, that portion of the debt is included in the same net position component as the unspent proceeds.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. When an expense is incurred for purposes for which there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available, it is the Authority's policy to apply those expenses to restricted net assets to the extent such are available and then to unrestricted net position.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "investment in capital assets, net."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first and unrestricted resources as needed.

Statement of Activities - The statement of activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the City's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenue generated directly by the function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or program and 2) grants and contributions for operational or capital requirements of a particular function or program. Taxes and other items not identifiable with a program are reported as general revenues. Accordingly, the City has recorded capital assets and certain other long-term assets and liabilities in the statement of net position and has reported all revenues and the cost of providing services under the accrual basis of accounting in the statement of activities.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements - The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The City considers all revenues susceptible to accrual and recognizes revenue if the accrual criteria are met. Specifically, sales taxes, franchise taxes, property taxes, licenses, interest, special assessments, charges for services, and other miscellaneous revenue are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. Entitlements and shared revenues are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met and are recorded at the time of receipt or earlier, if the susceptible to accrual criteria are met.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – (CONT'D)

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>The General Fund</u> is the principal fund of the City. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. From the fund are paid the general operating expenditures, the fixed charges and the capital improvement cost that are not paid through other funds.

<u>The Street Fund</u> is reported as a special revenue fund to account for all activities associated with maintaining and constructing streets and drainage improvements. Arkansas statutes that provide funding for street and drainage projects require that these activities be accounted for separately.

<u>The Airport Fund</u> is used to account for rents received from hangers. These hangers are rented to various crop dusters, corporate planes and commercial pilots.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances based on the extent to which the City is bound to observe constraints on the use of the governmental funds' resources. Fund balances are classified in the following manner:

- Nonspendable includes amounts that are either 1) not in spendable form, or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Inventories and prepaid items are classified as non-spendable fund balances.
- 2) Restricted includes amounts which are constrained for specific purposes that are 1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) imposed by law through enabling legalization.
- 3) Committed includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes with constraints imposed by formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority. The authorization specifying the purposed for which committed funds can be used should have the consent of both the legislative and executive branches of government. As Executive Officer, the Mayor supervises the administrative process of the City and works with the City Council. The City Council enacts ordinances and resolutions that may impose, modify or rescind fund balance commitments. (The City does not have any committed balances.)
- 4) Assigned includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. The authority for assignment of funds is not required to be the government's highest level of decision making authority. Furthermore, the constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on committed fund balances. The City Council may authorize executive officers to assign fund balances for specific purposed through Council files, ordinances and resolutions.
- 5) Unassigned includes amounts that are not assigned to other funds and do not meet the criteria for being classified as restricted, committed, or assigned. Fund balances that can be utilized for economic stabilization, emergencies and contingencies that do not qualify as restricted or committed are reported as unassigned.

Proprietary Fund Financial Statements - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administration expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONT'D)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

<u>The Electric, Water and Sewer Fund</u> is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing electric, water and sewer services to the citizens of the City. This fund also accounts for the activities of maintaining sanitary sewer and storm drain systems within the City.

<u>The Sanitation Fund</u> is an enterprise fund which accounts for the activities of providing solid waste collection and disposal and pest control.

<u>The Riverport Authority Fund</u> is an enterprise fund. The City leases rights to the river port to an independent grain company. The lessee is responsible for the day-to-day operations and general up keep of the property.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – Fiduciary fund financial statements are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds. These include Pension Trust Funds and Agency Funds. Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as Proprietary Funds since capital maintenance is critical. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time. The city has one pension trust fund: The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund.

As a general rule, the effect of inter fund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exception to this general rule is charges among the City's sanitation, sewer, water, electric functions and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u>: Activity among funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of inter fund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of inter fund loans). All other outstanding balances among funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

The City's property tax is levied by May 31 of each year based on property value assessments established no later than the third Monday in January by Mississippi County. Taxes are due on the establishment of the tax rolls on March 1 and become delinquent if not collected by October 16 of each year succeeding the year in which the levy was made. A tax lien is attached and becomes enforceable on October 11 of each year. Mississippi County is the collection agent for the levy and remits the collections to the City, net of a collection fee.

The amount of property taxes the City can levy is subject to a statutory limitation by the state of Arkansas. The tax levy cannot be increased except by amendment to the state constitution.

<u>Inventories and Prepaid items</u>: Expenditures relating to inventory usage are recognized at the time of use. Inventories are recorded in the proprietary fund types at cost or first-in-first-out method of valuation. All obsolete or unusable items are excluded from inventory valuations. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in government-wide and fund financial statements.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONT'D)

<u>Restricted Assets</u>: The proprietary fund types restrict assets on the statement of net position in accordance with requirements of bond obligation agreements, donor and membership restrictions, and support obligations made by the City. Assets are also restricted to finance capital asset renewals and replacements. Certain proceeds of the City's bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets on the statement of net position because they are maintained in separate bank accounts and their use is limited by applicable bond covenant. The assets consist primarily of cash and short-term investment funds.

Governmental fund types restrict assets on the statement of net position in accordance with state law and various grant agreements.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The City defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Infrastructures are long-lived assets that are stationary in nature such as streets, bridges, street lighting and sidewalks. The City's recorded infrastructure is included in the statement of net position.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the lives of assets are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets being constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the City are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following, estimated useful lives:

	Primary
	Government
Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Buildings improvements	20
Public domain infrastructures	50
System infrastructures	33
Vehicles	5-10
Office equipment	5-10
Computer equipment	3

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: The City allows non-uniformed employees to be compensated for unused vacation days up to 80 hours at year end. Uniformed employees are compensated for unused vacation days only if approved by the Mayor. Upon retirement both uniformed and non-uniformed employees are paid for unused vacation days. Generally, non-uniformed City employees are allowed to accumulate unused sick days up to 480 hours and policemen and firemen are allowed to accumulate unused sick days up to 480 hours. Upon retirement, policemen and fire fighters shall be paid for any unused sick leave to a maximum of 480 hours. In the government-wide and proprietary fund statements vested or accumulated vacation and sick leave are recorded as expenses and liabilities as the benefits accrue to employees.

In the governmental fund financial statements, government funds recognize a liability for compensated absences only when the underlying event (i.e., retirement) takes place and remains unpaid at the balance sheet date.

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - (CONT'D)

Long-term Obligations: In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, longterm debts and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the lives of the bonds using the effective-interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the governmental fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums, discounts and issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt-service expenditures.

Statements of Cash Flows: For purpose of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary funds consider all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents, which are classified as cash and restricted cash in the accompanying statement of net assets.

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Explanation of certain differences between the Government Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities: The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balances - total government funds and changes in net position of governmental activities as reported in the government - wide statement of activities. One element of the reconciliation explains, "Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$49,377 difference are as follows:

Payment of debt principal and interest	\$ 49,377
Net adjustment to reduce net changes in fund balances -	
total government funds to arrive at changes in net assets	
of government activities	\$ 49,377

Another element of that reconciliation explains, "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures." However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$669,553 difference are as follows:

Depreciation expense Capital outlays	\$ 977,319 (307,766)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total governmental funs to arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ 669,553

NOTE B - RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (CONT'D)

Another element of that reconciliation states, "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$112,208 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (125,896)
Prepaid expense	13,642
Accrued interest	46
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balance -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net	
assets of governmental activities	\$ (112,208)

NOTE C - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

<u>Budgetary Information</u>: Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all City operating funds. Governmental operating funds include the General Fund and Street Fund. Budgets are also adopted for all business-type funds. Enterprise funds include Electric, Water and Sewer and Sanitation Fund. On January 18, 2021, the City Council approved the appropriations for the 2021 budget presented by the finance director as required by Arkansas statutes. The annual budget is used as a revenue and expenditure control feature in the City's management and accountability systems.

The budget process begins with an informal work session held between the mayor and finance director to obtain direction for the next year's budget. The finance director meets with department heads to discuss the budget process and provide direction for budget development. Department heads explain their requests for changes in the level of services currently provided and prioritize new projects they want to include. Department heads submit their budget requests and the finance department produces a working document. Work sessions are held with each department head to discuss and adjust budget submissions. The city council then discusses the budget at a public council meeting and any discussion is held before the budget is adopted.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The legal level of control is the fund level. The budget is presented at the major-category level. Department heads may make transfers of appropriations in a major category. The finance director may approve transfers between major categories in the same fund. The City Council must approve any changes beyond the fund level.

NOTE D - LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

State law generally requires that municipal funds be deposited in federally insured banks located in the State of Arkansas. The municipal deposits may be in the form of checking accounts, savings accounts, and time deposits. Public funds may be invested in eligible investment securities having a maturity of no longer than 5 years from the date of acquisition unless, as documented at the time of acquisition, the investment is to fund or support a specific purpose and there are no expectations that the investment will be sold before maturity; an Arkansas bank certificate of deposit; an account established by a local government joint investment trust; or an Arkansas financial institution repurchase agreement for eligible investment securities in which the seller agrees to repurchase the investment at a price including interest earned during the holding period as determine by the repurchase agreement.

NOTE D - LEGAL OR CONTRACTUAL PROVISIONS FOR DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONT'D)

State law generally requires that pension trust funds be deposited in banks. Pension funds may be invested in interest-bearing bonds of the United States, of the State of Arkansas, or of the city in which the board is located, in a local government joint investment trust, in the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System, or in savings and loan associations duly established and authorized to do business in the state. State law provides that if the total assets of the pension trust exceed \$100,000, the board may employ an investment advisor to invest the assets, subject to terms, conditions, limitations, and restriction imposed by law upon the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System.

The City's deposits are categorized to give an indication of the level of risk assumed by the city. The categories are described as follows:

Category 1 – Insured or collateralized by the City or by its agent in the City's name.

Category 2 – Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or by its agent in the City's name.

Category 3 - Uncollateralized.

At December 31, 2021, cash deposits categorized by level of risks are as follows:

	Category	Category	Category
	1	2	3
Deposits per Bank	\$ 1,554,263	\$ 1,934,884	\$ 1,321,441

NOTE E - INVESTMENTS

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset as described below:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets in active markets.

Level 2 – Other than quoted prices that are observable for an asset.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for an asset.

The City's Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund had the following investments at level 1 fair value measurements as of December 31, 2021.

1,578,066
1,610,095
20,169
3,208,330

NOTE F - RESTRICTED ASSETS - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Restricted assets as of December 31, 2021 consisted of the following:

General - Fire Department	\$ 76,139
General - ARPA Funds	431,386
Airport - Grant Funds	40,387
Electric, Water and Sewer - Bond proceeds	1,433,240
Electric, Water and Sewer - Debt Service	136,701
	\$ 2,117,853

NOTE G - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable as of December 31, 2021, for the City's individual, major funds and non-major, internal service and fiduciary funds, taken together, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts were as follows:

Ele	ctric. Water,	R	liverport	Ge	eneral	Air	oort		
and	Sewer Fund	Auth	nority Fund	F	und	Fu	nd		Total
\$	3,179,233	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	3,179,233
	-		-		49,953		-		49,953
	-		-	2	17,431		-		217,431
	-		-		-		-		-
	-		26,538		-		-		26,538
\$	3,179,233	\$	26,538	\$ 2	67,384	\$	-	\$	3,473,155
	and	- - - -	and Sewer Fund Auth \$ 3,179,233 \$	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund \$ 3,179,233 \$	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund F \$ 3,179,233 \$ - \$ 2 - 26,538	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund Fund \$ 3,179,233 \$ - \$ - - - 49,953 - - 217,431 - - 26,538 -	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund Fund Fund \$ 3,179,233 \$ - \$ - \$ - 49,953 - 217,431 - 26,538 -	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund Fund Fund \$ 3,179,233 \$ - \$ - \$ - - - 49,953 - - - 217,431 - - - 26,538 - -	and Sewer Fund Authority Fund Fund Fund \$ 3,179,233 \$ - \$ - \$ - - - 49,953 - - - 217,431 - - - - - - 26,538 - -

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2021, was as follows:

Primary Government	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land	\$ 2,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,000
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Infrastructure - streets	8,978,786	-	-	8,978,786
Buildings	9,176,630	-	-	9,176,630
Improvements	4,761,631	225,164	-	4,986,795
Machinery and equipment	8,448,432	82,602		8,531,034
Total capital assets being depreciated	31,365,479	307,766	-	31,673,245
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Infrastructure - streets	8,616,981	38,937	-	8,655,918
Buildings	6,762,533	177,997	-	6,940,530
Improvements	2,142,524	292,729	-	2,435,253
Machinery and equipment	7,184,734	467,656		7,652,390
Total accumulated depreciation	24,706,772	977,319	-	25,684,091
Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	6,658,707	(669,553)		5,989,154
Net Governmental Capital Assets	\$ 6,660,707	\$ (669,553)	\$ -	\$ 5,991,154

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS - CONT'D

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Business-Type Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land and right-of-way	\$ 301,279	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 301,279
Capital assets being depreciated				
Utility plant in service	47,970,519	1,512,014	-	49,482,533
Riverport authority	4,594,352	-	-	4,594,352
Waste-to-energy conversion facility	1,444,544	-	-	1,444,544
Furniture and fixtures	662,365	-	-	662,365
Machinery and equipment	5,129,579	60,651	<u>-</u>	5,190,230
Total capital assets being depreciated	59,801,359	1,572,665	-	61,374,024
Less accumulated depreciation for Utility plant in service Riverport authority Waste-to-energy conversion facility Furniture and fixtures Machinery and equipment Total accumulated depreciation Net Capital Assets Being Depreciated	28,643,228 1,832,300 681,181 652,644 3,777,596 35,586,949	759,470 78,985 36,114 3,971 343,137 1,221,677	- - - - - -	29,402,698 1,911,285 717,295 656,615 4,120,733 36,808,626
Net Business-Type Capital Assets	\$ 24,515,689	\$ 350,988	\$ -	\$ 24,866,677

NOTE H - CAPITAL ASSETS - (CONT'D)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Government Activities	
General government	\$ 86,608
Law enforcement	180,690
Highways and streets	126,812
Public safety	195,497
Recreation and culture	185,147
Airport	202,565
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 977,319
Dusings Time Astinities	
Business-Type Activities	
Electric, water & sewer	\$ 908,884
Sanitation	233,808
Riverport authority	 78,985
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-Type Activities	\$ 1,221,677

NOTE I - LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirement	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Governmental Type Activities Capital leases	\$ 88,311	\$ -	\$ 49,377	\$ 38,934	\$ 26,907
Total Governmental Activity Long-term Liabilities	\$ 88,311	\$ -	\$ 49,377	\$ 38,934	\$ 26,907
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirement	Ending Balance	Due in One Year
Business Type Activities Revenue Bond Series Capital leases		Additions \$ - 376,158	Retirement \$ 419,228 571,013	J	

<u>Capital Leases - Primary Government</u>: At December 31, 2021, the City had lease agreements for financing capital equipment. Governmental type leases are for a utility vehicle, mowers, and golf carts.

These lease agreements qualify as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, are recorded at the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates.

NOTE I – LONG-TERM DEBT – (CONT'D)

As of December 31, 2021, the future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments were as follows:

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities
Year ended December 31,		
2022	28,047	209,472
2023	12,249	154,868
2024		109,471
2025		
Total minimum lease payments	40,296	473,811
Less interest	(1,362)	(14,754)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 38,934	\$ 459,057

As of December 31, 2021, bonds payable consisted of the following:

2007 Revenue Bond issue - ANRC, 4.75%, \$2,755,250; principal and interest payments of \$87,291 semiannually beginning June 1, 2008; matures June 1, 2037	\$ 1,703,885
2017 Revenue Bond issue - ANRC, 3.90%, \$3,605,000; principal and interest payments of \$262,919 annually beginning June 1, 2019; matures June 1, 2037	3,223,530
	4,927,415
Less: current portion of bonds payable	(265,805)
Bonds payable, net	\$ 4,661,610

Revenue bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2022	\$ 265,805	\$ 171,696	\$ 437,501
2023	274,716	162,785	437,501
2024	283,936	153,565	437,501
2025	293,473	144,028	437,501
2026	303,339	134,162	437,501
Thereafter	3,506,146	773,604	4,279,750
Total	\$ 4,927,415	\$ 1,539,840	\$ 6,467,255

Interest expense for bonds payable totaled \$162,947 in 2021.

NOTE I – LONG-TERM DEBT – (CONT'D)

<u>Total Business-Type Activity Long-term Liabilities</u>: The long-term liabilities other than bonds (capital leases) will be retired with current financial resources (operating revenues) annually. The capital leases will be paid from the General Fund or Sanitation Fund (i.e., the fund that uses the asset acquired). The electric, water and sewer's improvement district improvements will be paid from the Electric, Water and Sewer Fund. Compensated absences will be liquidated by the fund that pays the employees. These funds include the General Fund, Street Fund, and Electric, Water and Sewer Fund and Sanitation Fund.

NOTE J - FUND BALANCE

Fund balance classifications at December 31, 2021 are composed of the following:

	 General Fund	Street Fund		Airport Fund		Nonmajor Funds		Total	
Restricted									
Public safety	\$ 76,140	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	76,140
Highways and streets	-		288,091		-		-		288,091
Grants	431,384		-		40,387		-		471,771
Total restricted	 507,524		288,091		40,387		-		836,002
Assigned									
Recreation and culture	-		-		-		7,762		7,762
Unassigned									
General government	228,063				9,858		-		237,921
Total Fund Balances	\$ 735,587	\$	288,091	\$	50,245	\$	7,762	\$	1,081,685

NOTE K - TRANSFERS BETWEEN FUNDS

Operating transfers recorded in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds are as follows:

	(General	Street	Α	irport	Non	major	
		Fund	Fund	F	und	Fu	ınds	 Total
Operating transfers in	\$	341,673	\$ 187,094	\$	(210)	\$	-	\$ 528,557
Operating transfers out	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -

Operating transfers recorded in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position proprietary funds as follows:

	Elec	tric, Water					
	ar	nd Sewer	Sa	anitation	Ri	verport	
		Fund		Fund	Αι	uthority	Total
Operating transfers in	\$	-	\$	97,185	\$	-	\$ 97,185
Operating transfers out	\$	622,635	\$	-	\$	3,107	\$ 625,742

Reconciliation of operating transfers governmental funds and business-type funds:

	Govern	nmental-	Governmental- Type Enterprise						
	Ty								
	Fu	nds		Funds		Total			
Operating transfers in	\$ 5	528,557	\$	97,185	\$	625,742			
Operating transfers out		-		625,742		625,742			
Difference					\$				

NOTE L - PENSION PLANS

Osceola Police and Fire (LOPFI): The following brief description of the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System ("LOPFI") is provided for general information purposes only.

LOPFI is a cost-sharing, multi-employer, defined benefit plan which covers all State employees who are not covered by another authorized plan. The plan consists of police officers and firefighters of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas hired by the respective local government unit after January 1, 1983. The plan was established by the authority of the Arkansas General Assembly with the passage of Act 364 of 1981. LOPFI also maintains an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan for Political subdivisions that had a local pension and relief fund (local plan) for its firefighters and police officers prior to the establishment of LOPFI. LOPFI policy is established by a seven member Board of Trustees (Board): two trustees who are active members of the system, one police officer and one firefighter, nominated by their respected employee groups, and appointed by the Governor; two employer representatives from governing bodies of participating political subdivisions and appointed by the Governor from a list submitted by the Arkansas Municipal League; two retired members, one police officer and one firefighter, appointed by the Governor from a list provided by the Joint Committee on Public Retirement and Social Security Programs; and one citizen who is neither an employee nor employer of the system appointed by the Governor from a list submitted by the Joint Committee on Public Retirement and Social Security Programs. An Executive Director is appointed by the Board and administers the System in a manner consistent with law and Board policy.

NOTE L – PENSION PLANS (CONT'D)

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: Benefit provisions are set forth in Arkansas Code. LOPFI provides retirement, disability and death benefits. There are two (2) benefit programs offered by LOPFI for the firefighters and police officers.

Benefit Program 1: Pension benefits to a member with five or more years (10 or more years for members hired after July 1, 2013) of credited service in force who has attained his or her normal retirement age consist of an annuity equal to the following:

- a. For each year of paid service resulting from employment in a position not also covered by social security, 2.94% of his or her final average pay (2.7% for those with retirement date prior to July 1, 2009); plus
- b. For each year of paid service resulting from employment in a position also covered by social security, 1.94% of his or her final average pay (1.7% for those with retirement date prior to July 1, 2009). In addition, if such member is retiring and if such member's age at retirement is younger than social security's minimum age for an unreduced retirement benefit, then such member receives a temporary annuity equal to 1% of his or her final average pay for each such year of paid service. Such temporary annuity terminates at the end of the calendar month in which the earliest of the following events occur: such member's death; or his or her attainment of such social security minimum age for unreduced benefits.
- c. In no event will the total of a. plus b. exceed, at time of retirement, 100% of such final average pay; plus
- d. Effective July 1, 2014, for each year of volunteer service, \$6.37 per month, to a maximum of \$254.80 monthly.
- e. Before the date that the first payment of his or her annuity becomes due, but not thereafter, a member may elect in writing to receive his or her annuity as a life annuity or he or she may elect to have his or her life annuity reduced but not any temporary annuity which may be payable, and nominate a beneficiary in accordance with the provisions of one of four options. If a member does not elect an option, his or her annuity shall be paid to him as a life annuity.

Benefit Program 2: For each year of paid service rendered on or after the election date of Benefit 2 and resulting from employment in a position not also covered by social security, 3.28% of his or her final average pay, plus for each year of paid service rendered on or after the election date of Benefit Program 2 and resulting from employment in a position also covered by social security, 2.94% of his or her final average pay.

Members are eligible for disability benefits with 5 years of service (or 10 years of actual service if hired on or after July 1, 2013) and terminates employment because of becoming totally and permanently disabled from non-duty related causes. If the disability is determined to be duty related, a benefit would be 65% of the member's final average pay. Prior to that date, the benefit was computed as if the member had completed 25 years of service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The employer contribution rate is adjusted every year to reflect changes in the composition of the employee group and other factors with affect cost. Contributions are determined on an actuarial basis in order to ensure that the individual system employers can honor their benefit commitments to covered employees. An individual entry age actuarial cost method of valuation is used in determining normal cost.

The employee contribution rate depends on the type of service being rendered and whether or not the service is also covered by social security. The different employee contribution rates are as follows:

- Paid service not covered by social security: 8.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; 6% prior to that date
- b. Paid service also covered by social security: 2.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; no employee contributions prior to that date.
- c. Paid service-benefit program 2: 8.5% of gross pay beginning July 1, 2009; 6% prior to that date.
- d. Volunteer service: no employee contribution

NOTE L – PENSION PLANS (CONT'D)

The City's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$272,085.

Osceola Fire (Old Plan): Osceola Firefighters Pension Fund is a single employer plan.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: Members are eligible to retirement at any age with 20 years of service while receiving 63% of the employee's final salary, but not less than \$4,200.

For members whose service exceeds 20 years, the annual benefit is increase by \$240 for each year over 20, up to \$1,200 per year extra.

For members who have 25 years or more of service, the member receives an extra 1.25% (for each year over 25) of final salary, payable once the retiree reaches age 60. The benefit cannot exceed 100% of final salary.

Members are eligible for disability benefits with permanent physical or mental disability not acquired while performing work in gainful employment outside the fire department.

- For Full Paid Non-duty disability, the employee will be paid a retirement benefit but not less than \$4,200 per year
- For Full Paid Duty-related disability, the employee will receive a retirement benefit of no less than 65% of final salary of \$4,200 per year

<u>Contributions</u>: The employer contributes a matching contribution dollar for dollar equal to the employee contribution. The employee contributes 6% of salary. Volunteers contribute \$12 per year. The contributions are refundable if the member terminates employment before they are eligible to retire.

The City's contributions for the year ended December 31, 2021 was \$101,179.

NOTE M - OTHER INFORMATION

<u>Risk Management</u>: During the course of daily operations, the City is exposed to various risks of loss relating to theft of, damage to and destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City manages these risks by the following coverage procedures:

The City participates in the Arkansas Municipal League insurance program (Program) for coverage in the following areas:

<u>Municipal League Defense Program</u>: This insurance program provides coverage for legal defense, expenses and damages in suits against City officials and employees and civil-rights suits against the municipal government. The Program is a participant in a funded trust with pooled risk involving approximately 500 cities in Arkansas. The coverage of each case is at the sole discretion of the Program's administrator. The maximum coverage of any one loss cannot exceed 25% of the Programs' fund reserve; therefore, the City could be at risk if any suit against the City exceeds 25% of the Program's reserve. For the year ended December 31, 2021, and for the prior three fiscal years, there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage.

<u>Municipal Property Program</u>: This insurance program provides coverage for insurable property and equipment exclusive of motor vehicles that belong to the participating municipality and for which coverage has been applied and approved. The limit of the Program's liability is 1) actual cash value, or 2) the cost to repair or replace the property of like kind and quality, or 3) the applicable limit of liability stated on the enumeration schedule, or 4) 25% of the Program's available funds at the time of settlement. For the year ended December 31, 2021, and for the prior three fiscal years, there were no claims that exceeded insurance coverage.

NOTE M - OTHER INFORMATION (CONT'D)

<u>Municipal Vehicle Program</u>: This insurance program provides coverage in the event that the City legally must pay for damages due to bodily injury, death or property damage involving a covered City vehicle and for which the City is liable under Act 165 of 1969. Coverage under this insurance program meets the current, statutory liability limits, and the City's risk of loss is effectively transferred.

<u>Arkansas Fidelity Bond Trust Fund</u>: Coverage is provided for losses incurred by the municipality as a result of fraudulent or dishonest acts committed by municipal employees or officials. Municipal public official or municipal public employee means any elected officer of the municipalities and the employees or deputies of any elected officer, specifically including salaried municipal employees of municipally owned utilities, members of the city council including the mayor and the members of the various municipal boards and commissions, but excluding officials and employees of municipal hospitals, nursing homes and improvement districts.

<u>Workers' Compensation</u>: This insurance program provides compensation to employees in the event of injury suffered while conducting City business. The Program covers all statutory requirements, and the City's risk of loss is effectively transferred.

<u>Contingent Liabilities</u>: Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, mainly the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time. The City expects any disallowed claims, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City's attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material, adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

<u>Post-Employment Benefits</u>: Post-employment benefits for City employees are limited to health insurance continuation coverage under federal law (COBRA) with all costs associated with the benefits borne by the electing participant.

NOTE N - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 26, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE O - FUTURE ADOPTION OF ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB has issued the following potentially significant statements which the city has not yet adopted, and which require adoption subsequent to December 31, 2021.

Statement No.	Topic	Adoption Req. In FY
87	Leases	2022
91	Conduit Debt Obligations	2022
93	Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates	2022

The impact of these standards on the City's Net Position has not been determined.

NOTE P - RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE

It was determined that expenses were overstated in the prior year by \$57,794. Beginning fund balance has been restated to account for this overstatement.

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Property taxes Franchise fees Sales taxes Fines, forfeitures, and costs Interest Local permits and fees Golf course fees Jail fees Rental income	\$	170,000 1,334,018 130,000 2,150,000 200,000 500 137,850 55,465 15,000 31,000	\$	168,564 1,370,318 119,417 2,645,531 269,191 280 234,682 52,704 115,726 39,432	\$ (1,436) 36,300 (10,583) 495,531 69,191 (220) 96,832 (2,761) 100,726 8,432
Grant income Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES	_	20,000 - 4,243,833	_	730,178 75,485 5,821,508	710,178 75,485 1,577,675
EXPENDITURES Current General government Law enforcement Public safety Recreation and culture TOTAL CURRENT	_	745,030 2,723,457 1,388,900 814,770 5,672,157	_	731,104 2,608,906 1,375,564 894,771 5,610,345	13,926 114,551 13,336 (80,001) 61,812
Capital outlays	_	196,474	_	235,894	(39,420)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	5,868,631	_	5,846,239	22,392
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(1,624,798)		(24,731)	1,600,067
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Capital leases Operating transfers in	_	(52,500)	_	(57,025) 341,673	(4,525) 341,673
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_	(52,500)	_	284,648	337,148
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$_	(1,677,298)		259,917	\$ 1,937,215
Fund balance, beginning of year Restatement Adjustment Fund balance, end of year			\$=	458,085 17,585 735,587	

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - STREET FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	_	Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amounts	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES Intergovernmental Property taxes Interest Other revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$	550,000 - 40 - 550,040	\$ _	623,720 154,695 98 3,956 782,469	\$ 73,720 154,695 58 3,956 232,429
EXPENDITURES Current Highways and streets TOTAL CURRENT	_	911,450 911,450	_	768,570 768,570	142,880 142,880
Capital outlays TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>-</u>	20,000 931,450	_	19,100 787,670	900
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(381,410)		(5,201)	376,209
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES) Capital leases Operating transfers in	_	(45,000)	_	- 187,094	45,000 187,094
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES(USES)	_	(45,000)	_	187,094	232,094
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	\$ =	(426,410)		181,893	\$ 608,303
Fund balance, beginning of year Restatement adjustment Fund balance, end of year			\$ <u>_</u>	98,858 7,340 288,091	

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Bicentennial Fund	Bonds and Fines Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	\$ 7,762 \$ 7,762	\$ 15,320 \$ 15,320	\$ 23,082 \$ 23,082
LIABILITIES Due to other agencies Total Liabilities	\$	\$ <u>15,320</u> 15,320	\$ <u>15,320</u> 15,320
FUND BALANCES Assigned	7,762	-	7,762
Total Fund Balances	7,762		7,762
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	\$15,320	\$\$

CITY OF OSCEOLA, ARKANSAS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

INCOME	_	Bicentennial Fund	Bonds and Fines Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Interest Income	\$_	162	\$ 	\$ 162
EXPENDITURES		162	-	162
Total Expenditures	_		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		162	-	162
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating transfers in	_	<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		162	-	162
Fund Balance, beginning of year	-	7,600		7,600
Fund Balance, end of year	\$ _	7,762	\$ 	\$ 7,762

MEYER & WARD, P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.O. BOX 1045 WYNNE. AR 72396

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Sally Wilson, Mayor And the Members of the City Council City of Osceola, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the City of Osceola, Arkansas (the "City") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 26, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item #2021-1, that we consider to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The City of Osceola, Arkansas' Response to Findings

Management's response to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Management's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Meyer & Ward, P.A.

Certified Public Accountants Wynne, AR 72396

Meyer & Ward

December 26, 2022

CITY OF OSCEOLA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES DECEMBER 31, 2021

SECTION 1 – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements			
Type of auditor's report: Qualified			
Internal control over financial reporting Material weakness identified ?	x Yes		No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	Х	_ _ No
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	х	No

Part 1 - Findings – Financial Statements

#2021-001 – Segregation of duties

Condition: The City does not have enough employees for the appropriate segregation of duties necessary for effective internal control.

Criteria: Segregation of duties provides for independent review and approval of all transactions at various stages of the transaction process. Adequate segregation of duties is an essential part of effective internal control structure.

Effect: Inadequate segregation of duties reduces the City's internal control over financial reporting, processing of transactions, and safeguarding of assets.

Recommendation: The City should consider segregation of duties as additional employees are hired.

Response: Additional employees for the purpose of improving internal controls would not be cost beneficial. Currently, all employees are supervised by management, and financial records reviewed by the City Council.

CITY OF OSCEOLA Corrective Action Plan Year Ended December 31, 2021

City of Osceola respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The findings from the December 31, 2021 schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule.

#2021-001 - Internal control –Segregation of duties – The Organization will continue to evaluate segregation of duties issues.

Accountable Official's Name and Phone Number: Sally Wilson, Mayor 870-563-5245

MEYER & WARD, P.A. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS P.O. Box 1045 Wynne, AR 72396

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS – STATE OF ARKANSAS

To the Honorable Sally Wilson Mayor And the Members of the City Council City of Osceola, Arkansas

We have audited the financial statements of the City of Osceola, Arkansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and have issued our report thereon dated December 26, 2022.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

Compliance with laws and regulations of Arkansas applicable to the City of Osceola, Arkansas, is the responsibility of the City's management. As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of the City's compliance with certain laws and regulations. However, the objective of our audit of the basic financial statements was not to provide an opinion on the overall compliance with such provisions. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

With respect to the items tested, the results of those procedures disclosed no material instances of noncompliance with the requirements under Arkansas laws and regulations. With respect to items not tested, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the City had not complied, in all material respects, with those requirements. Also the results of our procedures did not disclose any immaterial instance of noncompliance with those requirements.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management and State regulatory agencies and is not intendend to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Meyer & Ward, P.A. Certified Public Accountants Wynne, AR 72396

Meyer & Ward

December 26, 2022