

# 2022

# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT



City of Jacksonville, Arkansas For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2022 The cover picture shows two of our newest police vehicles. The police department tries to maintain a working fleet of dependable vehicles with the required decals and lighting. Each vehicle is also equipped with cameras and computers to ensure effective and efficient documentation for our officers.

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

# City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

**Fiscal Year Ended** 

**December 31, 2022** 

# **Prepared by:**

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Cheryl Erkel, CGFM DIRECTOR OF FINANCE



#### YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

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# City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

#1 Municipal Drive Jacksonville, AR 72076



September 28, 2023

# Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas:

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas (the "City") for the year ended December 31, 2022, is submitted in accordance with State statutes. These statutes require that every general-purpose local government publish at the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements.

This report provides a comprehensive overview of the City's financial position and the results of operations for the past fiscal year. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not out weigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As Management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Jacksonville's financial statements have been audited by Forvis, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Jacksonville for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are free from material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles utilized and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Jacksonville's financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City of Jacksonville was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal Grantor Agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditors to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal

awards. These reports are included in the City of Jacksonville's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Jacksonville's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### PROFILE OF THE GOVERNMENT

Situated approximately 17 miles north of Little Rock and the Arkansas River, Jacksonville registered as a town on June 29, 1870. The coming of the railroad brought more people and the rural community of about two hundred built homes, raised cotton and established new businesses. The City of Jacksonville was incorporated on September 6, 1941 as a political subdivision of the State of Arkansas. Today Jacksonville occupies a land area of 29 square miles and serves a population of 29,477.

The City is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation when deemed appropriate by the governing council and to levy a property tax, by a vote of the public, on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries to a limit of 5 mills for general operations. In 1993, the voters approved a permanent one-cent sales and use tax and in return, the City rescinded its 5 mills property tax. In 2003, the voters approved an additional one-cent sales and use tax for capital improvements and operations. In 2019, the Jacksonville City Council voted to reallocate the 1.0 mill property tax levied to pay off the 2006 Library Construction and Improvement Bonds. The tax was reallocated as 0.5 mill for City general operations and 0.5 mil for capital equipment effective for the 2019 assessed taxes collectible in 2020.

The City of Jacksonville operates under the Mayor-Council form of government. The Mayor is elected by the citizens of Jacksonville for a term of four years. The Mayor serves as the chief executive of the City, presides over City Council meetings and has the ability to vote on City Council items in the event of a tie. The City Council is made up of two members from each ward (ten total members) within the City. Each member serves a four year staggered term with four council members elected every two years. The City Council has the ability to enact laws (ordinances) for the health, safety and welfare of the City not in conflict with the United States Constitution or the constitution of the State of Arkansas. The legal level of budgetary control is maintained at the fund level for all funds. However, management control is maintained at the department level.

The City of Jacksonville provides a full range of services including police and fire protection, emergency ambulance service, animal control, library, community development (planning and zoning), construction and maintenance of streets, roads and infrastructure, sanitation and recycling, parks and recreation, district court, and general administrative services. In addition, water and sewer services are provided through legally separate authorities, the Jacksonville Municipal Water Works and the Jacksonville Wastewater Utility. These two entities have been included in the comprehensive annual financial report as discretely presented component units. Another discretely presented component unit is the Jacksonville Advertising and Promotion

Commission, which was created for the development, establishment, improvement, maintenance, and operation of recreational and tourist facilities within the City. Discretely presented component units are legally separate entities and are not part of the primary government's operations.

The City's accounting records for general government activities are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with revenues being recorded when available and measurable, and expenditures being reported when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred. Accounting records for the City's sanitation services, emergency medical services, and the operations of the shooting complex are maintained on an accrual basis.

The annual operating budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Control over spending and allocation of resources are the main focus of the budget. The annual budget process begins in August of each year. Appropriation requests by fund, function, and department are submitted to the Mayor and resources are allocated based on priorities established by the City Council. The Mayor submits a proposed budget to the City Council. The City Council approves and adopts a final budget before January 1. The budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. These comparisons are part of the required supplementary information located in the financial section.

#### **ECONOMIC CONDITION**

Like other cities across America, the City has bounced back from the various impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic during 2022. The information presented in the financial statements may be understood better when considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City of Jacksonville operates.

The City of Jacksonville historically benefits from low unemployment rates. However, the impact of the COVID 19 pandemic caused lots of fluctuation. The City's unemployment rate decreased from 3.9% in December 2021 to 3.6% in December 2022. Jacksonville is part of the Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway metropolitan statistical area (MSA), a six-county area of more than 740,602 people. The unemployment rate for the metropolitan area has increased from 2.7% in December 2021 to 3.2% in December 2022.

Jacksonville is home to the Little Rock Air Force Base (LRAFB), which opened in October 1955. The base encompasses 6,100 acres and includes one runway and one assault landing strip. The base has more than 7,700 active-duty military and civilian members, and roughly 3,607 family members live and work on and around the base with an estimated 211,003 veterans in Arkansas. The impact on the regional economy totaled \$1.79 billion according to their Economic Impact Statement for Fiscal Year 2022. Additionally, the base was the 12<sup>th</sup> largest employer in the State of Arkansas in fiscal year 2022 with 7,850 jobs on base. LRAFB is a major training facility for the United States Air Force and is the home of C-130 Combat Airlift.

In March 2023, Unity Hospital completed Phase I of their renovations and began servicing the community. They offer an array of acute care services. They operate a 13 bed emergency

department, a 24 bed behavioral unit, an inpatient/observation unit, full imaging services, and inpatient cardiopulmonary. Additional services such as surgical and inpatient care will be offered after Phase II of the renovations are complete. Other principal employers that make their home in Jacksonville include:

- Pathfinders, Inc.
- Jacksonville North Pulaski School District
- Wal-Mart
- Sig Sauer Inc.
- Lomanco, Inc.

To help with the workforce, the Jacksonville North Pulaski School District participates in the Academies of Central Arkansas, which is a joint initiative between the public school districts across Pulaski County and the regional business community. Currently, the Jacksonville High School offers training for HVAC, Welding, Automotive Services, Construction Technology, Architecture Construction, Certified Nursing Assistant, Law, Public Safety & Cyber Security, Culinary, and Education & Teaching. In addition, the LRAFB University Center has five universities offering both undergraduate and graduate programs.

The City of Jacksonville has an increasing property tax base which includes appreciation and improvements on property, new subdivisions, new businesses, and annexations. Over the past five years, Jacksonville's levy has increased an average of 2.0% with the 2021 levy collectible in 2022 increasing by 2.9%.

Sales tax revenue is derived from the City's two-cent sales and use tax and the City's portion (8.3%) of the Pulaski County sales and use tax. Our sales tax revenue has been growing at an average rate of 6.5% over the past five years which includes an increase of 14.3 % for 2021 and an increase of 4.5% for 2022. Some of this increase is due to internet sales, which has become more popular since the COVID 19 pandemic began. On average, sales tax revenue supports approximately 70% of the City's General Fund budget.

The City of Jacksonville receives intergovernmental revenues based on population. According to the 2020 U. S. Census, the population for the City increased 4.0% while Pulaski County's population increased 2.2% compared to the 2010 Census data.

#### **LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING**

The City of Jacksonville's long-term Capital Improvement Plan is based on a comprehensive development plan established by citizen input and requests. The Capital Improvement Plan provides for the orderly replacement of capital facilities and equipment, including buildings and other improvements. Funding for these infrastructure improvements comes primarily from county and local sales and use tax revenue with some citizen donations dedicated to specific projects. The Capital Improvement Plan is updated annually to remove completed projects and to add new projects.

In July 2005, the citizens of Jacksonville voted to levy an annual ad valorem tax levy at the rate of one (1.0) mill for the acquisition, construction, and equipping of land and capital improvements for the City's public library. The ad valorem tax is pledged to a bond issue in the amount of \$2,500,000 used to finance the project. The tax was due to expire upon payment in full of the bonds in May 2020; however, in 2019 the City Council voted to keep the 1.0 millage with 0.5 going to the General Fund and 0.5 going to the Capital Equipment Fund. This tax went into effect in 2020.

In 2015, the City pledged revenues from utility franchise taxes to a bond issue in the amount of \$8,815,000. The bonds were issued for the refunding of short-term financing notes, rehabilitation of the City's Central Fire Station, purchase of a Fire Department ladder truck and two pumper trucks, replacement of playground equipment within the Parks and Recreation Department, rehabilitation of Splash Zone water park, replacement of exercise equipment at the City's Community Center, and the construction of a roundabout at Harris and General Samuels roads. These bonds were refunded by the 2020 Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds.

In December 2020, the City pledged revenues from utility franchise taxes to a bond issue in the amount of \$7,935,000. The bonds were issued for the refunding of the 2015 Capital Improvement Bonds, rehabilitation of the City's Court Facility, constructing a new City Mechanic Shop with a wash bay, Public Safety Building repairs, and other betterments and improvements.

In March 2021, The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was signed into law. The goal was to provide needed relief to local governments, among others, to enable them to continue to support the public health response and lay the foundation for a strong and equitable economic recovery. The City was awarded \$5,444,517 in coronavirus state and local fiscal recovery funds under ARPA. City Council has approved the following projects:

Replace Fire Station 2	\$ 1,600,000
Jacksonville Wastewater equipment	\$ 500,000
Jacksonville Water - 167 widening	\$ 500,000
1 inclusive playground & re-locate equipment to other parks	\$ 500,000
Ball Field lights - fields 5, 6, & 7 at Dupree Park	\$ 450,000
Purchase Police vehicles (5 with upfitting)	\$ 380,880
Pump track and Bowl skate park	\$ 350,000
Employee retention - Water, Wastewater, City	\$ 313,613
Loop Rd relocation wastewater lines	\$ 200,000
Pavillion & dugout covers @ Dupree	\$ 200,000
Security cameras & software	\$ 185,225
New Scoreboards at Excell Park	\$ 90,000
New Server - IT	\$ 61,526
Total ARPA monies allocated as of December 2022	\$ 5,331,245

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Jacksonville is continuously looking for ways to improve the city to ensure the safety of its citizens. A major initiative is a rail grade separation on J.P. Wright Loop Road. It has been in the

planning stages for 20 years. This project will produce an overpass over the railroad crossing. The City has received a State Grant that will fund 80% of the costs. In 2021, the City purchased properties for easements and right of ways so that utilities could be relocated. The actual physical work began in 2023.

The next street project on the horizon, is the straightening of West Main Street. It involves removing an "S" curve and installing a round-a-bout or a traffic signal. In 2022, the plans for the design and construction were started.

The City has entered into an agreement with Rock Region METRO to provide transportation services throughout our city. Rock Region Metro will provide Micro Transit Services within our city to our citizens as soon as they receive the vehicles that are on back order. The service will act similar to a taxi service with a small fee to the rider.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL CONSCIOUSNESS**

The City of Jacksonville is striving to educate the public on environmental awareness. Educational materials regarding recycling initiatives are on display at the Ron Newport Recycling Park located in front of the recycling center. The City of Jacksonville currently does not offer curbside service for recycling. However, drop off service is available at the Recycling Center located at 1300 Marshall Road for its residents. They accept paper and cardboard, aluminum and tin cans, and most #1 and #2 plastics Tuesday through Saturday. The Recycling Center also accepts scrap metal, used tires, electronics, and household chemicals on Wednesday and Saturdays.

Jacksonville is also doing its part to help the environment. Jacksonville requires new commercial properties to have a 20' buffer area that is to be maintained in a natural state with dense undergrowth or have a perimeter planting strip six-foot wide that contains one tree and four shrubs for every forty feet. These properties are also required to have interior planting areas of 100 - 200 feet with one tree for every 15 parking spaces. This increases the oxygen in the atmosphere as well as beautifying the city.

The City of Jacksonville is also looking into energy savings. The City has begun to convert all lights inside City buildings to LED lights and replace outdated HVAC equipment. In addition, the City is considering the installation of a solar panel array for renewable energy.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

Awards: The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Jacksonville for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local governmental financial reports. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. This was the 25<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the City of Jacksonville has achieved this prestigious award. We believe that the current annual comprehensive financial report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report is a team effort by the entire City of Jacksonville's Finance Department. We would like to express our sincere appreciation to each and every staff member with a big "Thank You" for a job well done. Special thanks go to Assistant Finance Director Laura Collie, Accountant Jenifer Volpert, and Accounts Receivable Clerk Brandi Reeves. Their tenacious attention to detail makes this report an excellent communication tool.

We would like to acknowledge the thorough and professional manner in which Forvis conducted the annual audit. Their technical proficiencies add measurably to the quality of the entire report.

Finally, we would like to acknowledge the contributions of the Mayor and City Council who have consistently and actively supported the City's goal of excellence in all aspects of financial management. Their interest, encouragement, and support are sincerely appreciated.

Respectfully submitted,

Cheryl Erkel, CGFM

Cheryl Erkel,

Finance Director



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Jacksonville Arkansas

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

for the Fiscal Year Ended

**December 31, 2021** 

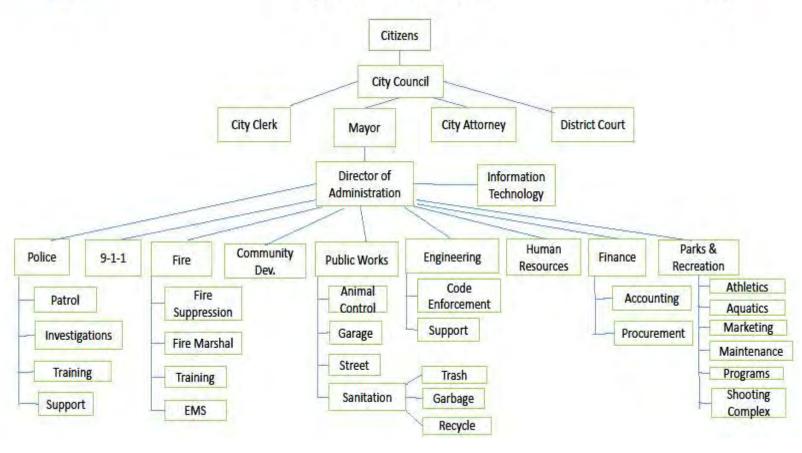
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



# City of Jacksonville Organizational Structure





#### City of Jacksonville, Arkansas List of Elected and Appointed Officials December 31, 2022

#### **Elected Officials**

	Bob Johnson	Mayor					
Mike Deitz	Ward 1, Position 1	James Bolden III	Ward 1, Position 2				
Brian Blevins	Ward 2, Position 1	Terry Sansing	Ward 2, Position 2				
Reedie Ray	Ward 3, Position 1	Barbara Mashburn	Ward 3, Position 2				
Mike Traylor	Ward 4, Position 1	Mary Twitty	Ward 4, Position 2				
Tara Smith	Ward 5, Position 1	Rose Rains	Ward 5, Position 2				

Stephanie FriedmanCity AttorneySusan DavittCity Clerk/TreasurerRita BaileyDistrict Court Judge

#### **Appointed Officials**

Director of Public Works Jimmy Oakley Adam Whitlow City Engineer Community Development Director Benita Bosier-Ingram Director of Finance Cheryl Erkel Fire Chief Alan Laughy Parks & Recreation Director Kevin House Human Resource Director Charlette Nelson Police Chief **Brett Hibbs** Sanitation Superintendent Randy Watkins Street Superintendent Hal Toney Superintendent of Emergency Services Tabitha Hughes



111 Center Street, Suite 1600 / Little Rock, AR 72201 P 501.372.1040 / F 501.372.1250 forvis.com

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our report and the report of other auditors, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Jacksonville Municipal Water Works and Jacksonville Wastewater Utility, which represent 99%, 98%, and 95%, respectively, of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cashflows thereof for the year then ended. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinions, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the discretely presented component units, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statement

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such
  procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures
  in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension, and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statement and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual comprehensive financial report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, and the schedule of expenditures of state awards but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2023, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

FORVIS, LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas September 28, 2023

#### City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022



Office of the Finance Director, Cheryl Erkel, CGFM #1 Municipal Drive, Jacksonville, AR 72076 Phone: (501) 982-4502 Fax: (501) 985-9768 E-mail: cerkel@cityofjacksonville.net

As management of the City of Jacksonville (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The information contained in this MD&A should be considered in conjunction with our letter of transmittal at the front of this report and the information contained in the Independent Auditor's Reports, Financial Statements and Supplementary Information.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$45,683,181.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,538,849 of which \$9,131,705 was unassigned.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$9,131,705, which is 41% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City had general revenues of \$22,074,911, grants and contribution revenues of \$8,836,956, charges for services of \$6,630,538, and program expenses of \$32,992,283 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-

wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial This report also contains supplementary information in addition to the basic statements themselves. financial Figure demonstrates how required parts of this annual report are arranged and shows how they relate to one another. Figure B summarizes the major features of the City's financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the type of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of the management's discussion and analysis explains each of the statements.

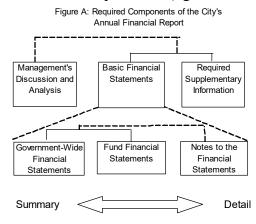


Figure B. Major features of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

**Fund Statements** Government-wide Governmental Funds Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds Types of Statements Activities of the City Activities the City Instances in which the operates similar to Scope (except fiduciary funds) that are not proprietary City acts as fiduciary including component units or fiduciary private business. for someone else's resources Statement of fiduciary Statement of net position Balance sheet Statement of net position net position Required Financial Statement of activities Statement of revenues. Statement of revenues. Statement of changes Statements expenditures & changes in expenses & changes in in fiduciary net position fund balances fund net position Statement of cash flows Modified accrual accounting Accrual accounting and Accounting basis and Accrual accounting and Accrual accounting and measurement focus economic resources focus and current financial economic resources focus economic resources focus resources focus All assets and liabilities Only assets expected to be All assets and liabilities All assets and liabilities both financial and capital, used up and liabilities that both financial and capital, both short-term and long-Type of asset/liability short-term and long term come due during the year or short-term and long term term, the Agency's funds information soon thereafter, no capital do not currently contain assets included capital assets, although they can. All revenues and expenses Revenues for which cash is All revenues and expenses All revenues and expense during the year, regardless received during or soon after during the year, regardless during the year, regardless Type of inflow/outflow of when cash is received or the end of the year, expendof when cash is received of when cash is received information itures when goods or services or paid. or paid. have been received and payment is due during the

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

ear or soon thereafter

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, as applicable, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses reported in this statement for some items will only result in cash flows in future periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include sanitation services and emergency medical services.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also the financial statements of the following discretely presented component units:

- Jacksonville Municipal Water Works
- Jacksonville Wastewater Utility
- Jacksonville Advertising and Promotion Commission

Financial information for these *component units* are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Complete financial statements for these component units may be obtained by contacting the administrative offices listed on page 46 of this report.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 26 through 29 of this report.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds** - *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Street Fund, and Special Projects Fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combined statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 30 through 32 of this report.

**Proprietary Funds -** Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The City maintains a single proprietary fund type, an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for sanitation services activities, shooting sports activities, and for emergency medical (ambulance) services provided by the City. The proprietary fund financial statements provide

information for the Sanitation Services Enterprise Fund, the Shooting Sports Complex Fund, and the Emergency Medical Services Enterprise Fund, which are major funds for the City.

Proprietary funds in general, charge customers for services provided. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements are presented using a long-term financial accounting approach and the full accrual basis of accounting. Additional information is provided in the proprietary funds' statement of cash flows.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 34 through 36 of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds** - *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 38 through 39 of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements -** The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 45 through 80 of this report.

**Other Information** – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other post-employment benefits (OPEB) to its employees. Required supplementary information can be found beginning on page 82 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 98 through 99 of this report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

The City is presenting current and prior year comparative information in the Management's Discussion and Analysis to provide a means of analyzing its financial condition and position as of December 31, 2022. The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position.

City of Jacksonville

				Net Po	sition							
		Government	tal Ac	ctivities		Business-ty	tivities	Total				
		2022		2021		2022		2021		2022		2021
Current assets	\$	28,144,896	\$	22,148,074	\$	3,371,269	\$	3,045,105	\$	31,516,165	\$	25,193,179
Noncurrent assets		529,244		1,580,837		-		-		529,244		1,580,837
Capital assets		39,733,205		38,967,347		5,084,462		5,209,383		44,817,667		44,176,730
Other assets		-		751,898		-		-		-		751,898
Total assets		68,407,345		63,448,156		8,455,731		8,254,488		76,863,077		71,702,645
Total deferred outflows of resources		8,442,319		2,552,946		696,778		211,896		9,139,097	_	2,764,842
Total Assets and												
Deferred Outflows	_	76,849,664		66,001,102	_	9,152,509	_	8,466,384	_	86,002,173		74,467,486
Current Liabilities		2,596,949		2,215,816		469,966		141,053		3,066,915		2,356,869
Long-term liabilities		31,885,511		20,109,016		2,167,447		1,032,595		34,052,958		21,141,611
Total liabilities		34,482,460		22,324,833		2,637,413		1,173,648		37,119,873		23,498,481
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,043,187		8,902,134		155,931		958,744	_	3,199,118	_	9,860,878
Total Liabilities and												
Deferred Inflows	_	37,525,647		31,226,965	_	2,793,344	_	2,132,392		40,318,991	_	33,359,358
Net Position:												
Net investment in capital assets		32,565,198		32,470,428		5,084,462		5,209,383		37,649,660		37,679,811
Restricted		7,534,266		8,981,135		-		-		7,534,266		8,981,135
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(775,448)		(6,677,429)		1,274,703		1,124,610		499,255		(5,552,819)
Total Net Position	\$	39,324,016	\$	34,774,135	\$	6,359,165	\$	6,333,993	\$	45,683,181	\$	41,108,127

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$45,683,182 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The largest portion of the City's net position, 83%, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, infrastructure, and improvements other than buildings), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net position, 16%, represents resources that are subject to restrictions as to how they may be used. The remaining unrestricted net position of \$499,255 represents 1% of the City's net position.

The following table provides a summary of the City's operations for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022, with unadjusted comparative totals for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2021.

City of Jacksonville

Revenues Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues: Property taxes	S 2,021,805 4,881,168 3,932,073	\$ 1,871,2 4,620,9 3,039,6		Business-type 2022 4,608,733		vities 2021	_	2022	tal	2021
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	\$ 2,021,805 4,881,168	\$ 1,871,2 4,620,9		4,608,733		2021		2022		2021
Program revenues: Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions General revenues:	4,881,168	4,620,9			ė.					
Charges for services Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions  General revenues:	4,881,168	4,620,9								
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions  General revenues:	4,881,168	4,620,9								
Capital grants and contributions  General revenues:			71		\$	4,390,713	\$	6,630,538	\$	6,261,972
General revenues:	3,932,073	3,039,6		23,715		38,363		4,904,883		4,659,334
			39	-		-		3,932,073		3,039,639
Property taxes										
	1,063,014	979,3		-		-		1,063,014		979,374
Sales taxes	19,085,733	18,255,2	04	-		-		19,085,733		18,255,204
Franchise taxes	1,274,208	1,167,6		-		-		1,274,208		1,167,611
Investment income	327,990	44,0	99	22,200		6,160		350,190		50,259
Intergovernmental										
revenues	410,313	437,4	53	-		-		410,313		437,453
Gain/(loss) on sales of capital assets	(108,546)	(388,7	66)	-		77,857		(108,546)		(310,909)
Total revenues	32,887,758	30,026,8	44	4,654,648		4,513,093		37,542,406		34,539,937
Expenses										
General government	4,398,448	2,594,1	27	-		-		4,398,448		2,594,127
Public works	3,780,051	2,563,3	69	-		-		3,780,051		2,563,369
Parks and recreation services	3,686,218	3,160,0	03	-		-		3,686,218		3,160,003
Public safety	15,365,000	13,931,9	05	-		-		15,365,000		13,931,905
Housing and neighborhood programs	568,209	418,1	47	-		-		568,209		418,147
Agent fees on long-term debt	-	1,0	00	-		-		-		1,000
Interest on long-term debt	164,882	166,8	27	-		-		164,882		166,827
Sanitation services	-		-	1,846,007		1,339,894		1,846,007		1,339,894
AGFF Shooting Sports Complex	-		-	573,137		503,605		573,137		503,605
Emergency medical services	-		-	2,610,331		2,467,226		2,610,331		2,467,226
Total expenses	27,962,808	22,835,3	78	5,029,475		4,310,725		32,992,283		27,146,103
Change in net position before transfers	4,924,950	7,191,4	66	(374,827)		202,368		4,550,120		7,393,834
Transfers	(400,000)	(620,0	00)	400,000		620,000		_		-
Change in net position	4,524,947	6,571,4		25,173		822,368	_	4,550,120		7,393,834
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as previously reported	34,799,070	27,077,4	76	6,333,993		5,511,623		41,133,063		32,589,098
Adjustment applicable to prior years	_	1,125,1	96					_		1,125,196
Net Position, Beginning of Year, as restated	34,799,070	28,202,6		6,333,993		5,511,623	-	41,133,063		33,714,296
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 39,324,016	\$ 34,774,1	35 \$	6,359,165	\$	6,333,993	\$	45,683,181	\$	41,108,134

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the City's net position in the current year by \$4,524,947. An increase in total assets of \$4,959,189 along with an increase in total liabilities of \$12,157,627 decreased net position by \$7,198,438. The increase in deferred outflows of \$6,290,242 along with a decrease in deferred inflows of resources of \$5,458,078, decreased net position by \$11,748,320. The majority of the change in net position was the reduction of deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and increases in current assets and deferred outflows of resources related to pensions.

Sales taxes represent 58% or \$19,085,733 of the City's governmental revenue in 2022. Sales tax revenues increased 4% from \$18,255,204 in 2021. Part of this growth is attributed to Act 822 – To reform the Tax Laws Concerning the Levy and Collection of Sales and Use Tax, the Apportionment and allocation of Income for Tax Purposes, Corporate Income Tax Rates, and Net Operating Losses; and to Declare an Emergency, enacted during the 2019 regular session of the Arkansas General Assembly, and effective beginning July 2019. The provisions of Act 822 were consistent with the favorable Supreme Court ruling on South Dakota v. Wayfair, Inc. in which the court held that states may charge tax on purchases made from out-of-state sellers, even if the seller does not have a physical presence in the taxing state. Grants and contributions added \$8,813,241 or 27% to total revenues as compared to \$7,660,610 received in 2021. The increase was mainly a result from the additional funding that we received through the American Recovery Plan. Charges for services increased \$150,546 to \$2,021,805 or 7% of total revenues compared to \$1,871,259 received in 2021. The increase was primarily attributable to the increase of revenues received from programs offered through Parks and Recreation.

Current year expenses were 85% of current year revenues, excluding transfers in.

**Business-type Activities -** Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$25,173. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Net transfers increased net position by \$400,000. Operating losses of \$374,827 decreased net position.
- Sanitation Services activities contribute 42% of the operating revenue to the business-type activities. Sanitation service fees are billed through Jacksonville Municipal Water Works (a component unit of the City), net of a billing fee. Operating revenues were \$1,946,651 in 2022 compared to \$1,941,895 in 2021. Operating expenses in 2022 were \$1,846,007 compared to \$1,339,894 in 2021. Revenues increased due to increases in housing development. Expenses increased due to increase in pension expense.
- AGFF Shooting Sports Complex activities contributed 8% of the operating revenue to the business-type activities. The charges for services are the fees charged to the patrons of the sports complex. In 2022, those fees were \$346,400 compared to \$301,451 in 2021. The increase in revenues was due to a price increase in shooting range fees and an increase in pro shop sales. Operating expenses in 2022 were \$573,137 compared to \$503,605 in 2021. The increase was due to increase in pension expense.
- Emergency Medical Services activities contributed 50% of the operating revenue to the business-type activities. Ambulance service fees are billed through the City's fire department. Charges for services were \$2,315,682 in 2022 compared to \$2,147,367 in 2021. Operating expenses in 2022 were \$2,610,331 compared to \$2,467,226 in 2021. Revenues increased as a result of increased ambulance run volume. Expenses increased as a result of increase in bad debt expense from writing off old uncollectable accounts.

Current year operating expenses for business-type activities were 110% of current year operating revenues.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements.

**Governmental Funds** - The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of December 31, 2022 the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$25,538,849, an increase of \$4,341,915 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$7,909,042 is reported as *restricted fund balance* for capital projects or debt service. In addition, \$2,458 of the governmental fund balance is *nonspendable*, representing inventories and prepaid expenditures. The *committed* portions of the fund balances were

\$8,495,641. Approximately \$9,131,705 constitutes *unassigned fund balance* and is available for spending at the government's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund for the City. As of December 31, 2022, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$9,145,058 of which \$9,131,705 was unassigned. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balances and total fund balance to total fund expenditures (including transfers out). Unassigned fund balance represents 41% of total General Fund expenditures while total fund balances represents 41% of the same amount. The fund balances of the General Fund increased by \$99,474 during 2022. The key factors in this increase were increases from sales tax revenues and additional funding from the American Recovery Plan.

The Street Fund had a total fund balance of \$6,235,064, which was a decrease of \$182,955 from 2021. The total amount of the fund balance is classified as restricted. The decrease was attributable to additional construction projects throughout the city.

The Special Projects Funds had a total fund balance of \$9,161,190, which was an increase of \$5,401,661 from 2021. The fund balance has \$676,443 classified as restricted and \$8,495,641 as committed. The increase in fund balance was due mainly from additional funding received from the American Recovery Plan in the General Fund allowed for funds to be set aside for additional capital improvements. These additional funds are expected to be spent within the next year. The ending fund balances and net changes for the individual funds reported in the financial statements as the Special Projects Funds were:

<u>Fund</u>	Ending Balance	Net Change
Capital Improvements	\$ 5,060,082	\$ 2,890,750
Capital Drainage	546,626	9,695
Capital Equipment	3,539,691	2,519,555
Downtown Revitalization	14,791	(18,339)

The City maintains seven non-major governmental funds in addition to the above mentioned major funds. These funds had a total fund balance of \$997,536. The net decrease in fund balances during 2022 for these funds was \$976,268. The ending fund balances and net changes for the non-major funds were:

<u>Fund</u>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	Net Change
Grants	\$ 73,200	\$ 93,740
CDBG	(4,885)	(28,204)
HOME	49,941	0
Asset Forfeiture	21,056	(574)
2020 Capital Improvement Construction	388,305	(1,128,156)
2006 Library Debt Service	36	(106)
2020 Capital Improvement Debt Service	469,883	87,036

**Proprietary Funds** - The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but with more detail.

Net position for the Sanitation Services Enterprise Fund was \$2,958,641 in 2022, which was an increase of \$119,450 compared to \$2,839,190 as reported in 2021. This increase is due to an increase in housing development and home sales in our community. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Net position for the AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Fund in 2022 was \$2,799,639, which was a decrease of \$26,737 compared to \$2,826,376 as reported in 2021. This decrease was due to a reduction in supplemental support from the General Fund and an increase in personnel costs. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

Net position for the Emergency Medical Services Enterprise Fund in 2022 was \$600,886, which was a decrease of \$67,540 compared to a net position of \$668,426 reported in 2021. This decrease was due to a reduction in supplemental support from the General Fund. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The 2022 General Fund budget appropriated \$28,255,169 as compared to the 2021 budget of \$20,993,819, an increase of approximately 36%.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities as of December 31, 2022, amounts to \$44,817,667 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and building improvements, improvements other than buildings, equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$640,941 net of depreciation, an increase of 1%. Governmental capital assets increased 2%, while capital assets for business-type activities decreased 2%.

City of Jacksonville Capital Assets, net of depreciation

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	pe Ac	ctivities	Total		
		2022		2021		2022		2021	2022	2021	
Land	\$	10,333,488	\$	10,338,488	\$	480,385	\$	480,385	\$10,813,873 \$	10,818,873	
Land improvements		498,800		557,262		91,559		101,303	590,358	658,563	
Infrastructure		7,769,790		8,322,328		-		-	7,769,790	8,322,328	
Buildings		15,244,070		15,921,866		2,218,423		2,289,793	17,462,493	18,211,659	
Vehicles		2,132,222		1,997,904		1,801,104		1,790,554	3,933,326	3,788,458	
Equipment		1,543,246		1,262,236		492,997		547,351	2,036,242	1,809,587	
Construction in progress		2,211,591		567,265		-		-	2,211,591	567,265	
Total	\$	39,733,205	\$	38,967,347	\$	5,084,462	\$	5,209,382	\$44,817,667 \$	44,176,726	

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in *Note 3* on pages 59-60 of this report.

**Long-term Liabilities**. On December 31, 2022, the City's primary government had long-term liabilities outstanding of \$8,153,584, including obligations under direct financing agreements of \$24,672, and \$7,522,995 of bonds secured solely by specified revenue source.

Total long-term bonds and obligations under a direct financing agreement decreased \$465,712 a decrease of 5%. The decrease was attributable to debt retirements during 2022.

The City is within all of its legal debt limitations. Under the Arkansas Constitution, the City is allowed to issue, with voter approval, general obligation debt up to 20% of total assessed valuation. Outstanding revenue bonds on December 31, 2022, of \$7,522,995 are well below the statutory limit of \$71,355,303. The City is allowed to issue short-term financings (maturities of less than five years) up to 5% of total assessed valuation. Outstanding short-term financings, including direct financing obligations at December 31, 2022, of \$24,672 are well below the statutory limit of \$17,838,826. Voter approval is not required for short-term financing.

Additional information regarding the City's long-term liabilities can be found in *Note 4* on pages 57-58 of this report.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The Federal Government has issued economic initiatives to stimulate the economy as it recovers from the negative impact of the COVID 19 pandemic. As the City receives funds, they will create a plan on how to use these "one time" monies for the most benefit without generating reoccurring costs.

The City's elected and appointed officials have an established practice of making annual budgetary decisions for the General and Street Funds by considering revenue growth, staffing needs, unassigned reserve levels as well as reviewing the performance of the local economy to determine continued economic expansion.

The goal of the Mayor and City Council is to maintain financial stability by adopting budgets with a minimum unassigned fund balance of 16.6% of operating expenditures. With this in mind, the 2023 budgets were adopted for the General Fund at \$25,111,377 and \$3,225,042 for the Street Fund.

#### **Request for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report, or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Director's Office, #1 Municipal Drive, Jacksonville, Arkansas 72076.

General information relating to the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas can be found on the City's website, <a href="http://www.cityofjacksonville.net">http://www.cityofjacksonville.net</a>.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental	Business-type		Component	
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Current Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,968,565	\$ 1,374,935	\$ 18,343,500	\$ 14,502,560	
Restricted cash and investments, current	350,000	-	350,000	5,980,769	
Investments	4,719,923	763,188	5,483,111	1,865,213	
Receivables, net of allowance					
for uncollectible accounts					
Taxes	1,865,495	-	1,865,495	-	
Sales taxes	3,405,705	-	3,405,705	-	
Accounts	21,587	1,185,925	1,207,512	2,716,285	
Accrued interest	288	72	360	746	
Grants and other governments	497,136	-	497,136	-	
Other	313,739	-	313,739	-	
Inventories	2,458	47,149	49,607	660,876	
Prepaid expenses and other				99,356	
Total current assets	28,144,896	3,371,269	31,516,166	25,825,805	
Noncurrent Assets					
Restricted assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	879,244	-	879,244	1,169,007	
Less amount required to meet					
current obligations	(350,000)	<u> </u>	(350,000)		
Total restricted assets	529,244	<u> </u>	529,244	1,169,007	
Capital assets					
Nondepreciable	12,545,079	480,385	13,025,464	15,163,931	
Depreciable, net	27,188,126	4,604,077	31,792,203	75,658,587	
Total capital assets	39,733,205	5,084,462	44,817,667	90,822,518	
Other assets					
Other		<u> </u>		284,258	
Total other assets	-	-	-	284,258	
Total noncurrent assets	40,262,448	5,084,462	45,346,911	92,275,783	
Total assets	68,407,345	8,455,731	76,863,077	118,101,588	
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred outflows - pensions	8,249,788	696,778	8,946,566	1,170,589	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	192,531	-	192,531	-	
Bond refunding		<u> </u>		173,388	
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,442,319	696,778	9,139,097	1,343,977	
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 76,849,664	\$ 9,152,509	\$ 86,002,173	\$ 119,445,566	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	- 5,102,000			

See Accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

	Governmental	Business-type		Component
	Activities	Activities	Total	Units
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 645,763	\$ 341,436	\$ 987,199	\$ 2,177,505
Accrued wages payable and related liabilities	566,129	37,481	603,610	-
Accrued expenses and other	197,887	-	197,887	231,115
Accrued interest payable	-	-	-	44,508
Compensated absences, current	560,000	91,049	651,049	-
Bonds payable, current	350,000	-	350,000	4,329,816
Notes Payable, current	24,672	-	24,672	-
Due to fiduciary funds	66,325	-	66,325	-
Unearned revenue	186,173		186,173	
Total current liabilities	2,596,949	469,966	3,066,915	6,782,944
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds payable, net of unamortized				
premium and discount	7,172,995	-	7,172,995	33,664,748
Customer deposits	-	-	-	883,364
Compensated absences	45,917	-	45,917	-
Net pension liability	23,527,255	2,167,447	25,694,702	3,748,030
Net OPEB liability	1,139,344	· · ·	1,139,344	-
Other long-term liabilities				699,484
Total noncurrent liabilities	31,885,511	2,167,447	34,052,958	38,995,626
Total liabilities	34,482,460	2,637,413	37,119,873	45,778,570
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows - pensions	2,050,617	155,931	2,206,548	137,588
Deferred inflows - OPEB	992,570	<del>_</del> _	992,570	<del>_</del> _
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,043,187	155,931	3,199,118	137,588
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	32,185,537	5,084,462	37,270,000	52,792,322
Restricted - expendable	0.005.004		0.005.004	
Street maintenance	6,235,064	-	6,235,064	-
Capital projects	676,443	-	676,443	-
Debt service	478,562	-	478,562	3,263,856
Law enforcement activities	21,056	-	21,056	-
Housing and neighborhood programs	49,941	-	49,941	-
Grant funds	73,200		73,200	
Total restricted - expendable	7,534,266		7,534,266	3,263,856
Unrestricted (deficit)	(395,787)	1,274,703	878,916	17,473,230
Total net position	39,324,016	6,359,165	45,683,181	73,529,408
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 76,849,664	\$ 9,152,509	\$ 86,002,173	\$ 119,445,566

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

				Program Revenues				
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	
Functions/Programs								
Primary Government Governmental Activities								
General administration	\$	1,518,970	\$	368,764	\$	123,877	\$	_
City council	Ψ	120,304	Ψ	300,704	Ψ	123,077	Ψ	_
Office of the mayor		275,040				_		_
City clerk		162,761		-		-		_
City attorney		275,491				_		_
District court		241,420		318,805		-		_
Director of administration		22,033		310,003		<u>-</u>		-
Information technology		553,160		-		-		_
Finance		538,629		18,000		-		-
Human resources		245,024		16,000		-		-
Fleet services		215,963		20.270		-		-
				30,279		20.800		750.092
Community programs		229,655		70.070		20,800		750,082
Public works		3,780,051		76,676		-		3,181,991
Parks and recreation services		3,686,218		673,767		482,312		-
Police		7,717,298		32,831		800,624		-
Fire		6,336,582		-		3,296,783		-
Emergency communication services		988,077		472,618		-		-
Animal control		323,043		12,448		6,383		-
Housing and neighborhood programs		568,209		17,618		150,389		-
Interest expense on long-term debt		164,882		-		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>
Total governmental activities		27,962,808		2,021,805		4,881,168		3,932,073
Business-type Activities								
Sanitation services		1,846,007		1,946,651		-		-
AGFF Shooting Sports Complex		573,137		346,400		-		-
Emergency Medical services		2,610,331		2,315,682		23,715		<u> </u>
Total business-type activities		5,029,475		4,608,733		23,715		<u>-</u>
Total primary government	\$	32,992,283	\$	6,630,538	\$	4,904,883	\$	3,932,073
Component Units								
Municipal Water Works	\$	9,718,822	\$	8,512,982	\$	-	\$	243,067
Wastewater Utility		5,831,950		5,480,065		-		5,206,498
Advertising and Promotion Commission		782,414				<u>-</u>		-
Total component units	\$	16,333,186	\$	13,993,047	\$	-	\$	5,449,565
							_	

General revenues

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Utility franchise taxes

Investment income

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position, Beginning of Year

Net Position, End of Year

#### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government				Component Units	
Governmental	Business-ty	ре	T-1-1		
Activities	Activities		Total		
	•	•	(4.000.000)	•	
\$ (1,026,330)	\$	- \$	(1,026,330)	\$	-
(120,304)		-	(120,304)		-
(275,040)		-	(275,040)		•
(162,761)		-	(162,761)		•
(275,491)		-	(275,491)		
77,386		-	77,386		
(22,033)		-	(22,033)		
(553,160)		-	(553,160)		
(520,629)		-	(520,629)		
(245,024)		-	(245,024)		
(185,684)		-	(185,684)		
541,227		-	541,227		
(521,384)		-	(521,384)		
(2,530,139)		-	(2,530,139)		
(6,883,843)		-	(6,883,843)		
(3,039,799)		_	(3,039,799)		
(515,459)		_	(515,459)		
(304,212)		_	(304,212)		
(400,201)		_	(400,201)		
		-			
(164,882)		<del></del>	(164,882)		
(17,127,763)		<u> </u>	(17,127,763)		
-		100,644	100,644		
-		(226,737)	(226,737)		
-		(270,934)	(270,934)		
-		(397,027)	(397,027)		
\$ (17,127,763)	\$	(397,027) \$	(17,524,790)	\$	
•	•	•			00 770
-	\$	- \$	-		62,773
-		-	-		54,613
-	-	<del></del>	<u> </u>	(78	32,414
-			-	3,10	09,426
1,063,014		-	1,063,014		
19,085,733		-	19,085,733	1,05	56,36
1,274,208		-	1,274,208		
327,990		22,200	350,190	15	55,43
410,313		-	410,313		
(108,546)		-	(108,546)		
-			(,,	6.51	59,67
(400,000)		400,000	-	0,50	19,07
21,652,710	-	422,200	22,074,911	7.7	71,476
4,524,947		25,173	4,550,120	10,88	30,902
34,799,070		6,333,993	41,133,063	62,64	48,50
					29,40

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		General	Street	Special Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total
Assets						
Cash	\$	6,208,350	\$ 3,335,933	\$ 7,298,478	\$ 125,805	\$ 16,968,565
Restricted cash		-	-	-	879,244	879,244
Investments		-	2,760,904	1,959,019	-	4,719,923
Accounts receivable						
Taxes		1,187,927	512,007	165,525	36	1,865,495
Sales taxes		3,405,705	_	_	_	3,405,705
Accounts		-	-	16,531	5,056	21,587
Accrued interest		_	229	59	-	288
Grants and other governments		3,531	319,243	-	174,362	497,136
Other		313,739	-	_	-	313,739
Due from other funds		61,817	_	_	8,643	70,460
Inventories		2,458	_	_	-	2,458
Total Assets	\$	11,183,529	\$ 6,928,316	\$ 9,439,611	\$ 1,193,146	\$ 28,744,601
Listing Defending to the	_					
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fu	па ва	iances				
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	470,783	\$ 29,042	\$ 112,896	\$ 33,041	\$ 645,763
Due to other funds					70,460	70,460
Due to fiduciary funds		66,326	_	_	_	66,326
Accrued wages payable and		00,020				00,020
related liabilities		552,735	13,394	_	_	566,129
Other liabilities		25,144	80,638	_	92,105	197,887
			 ·	 440,000	 	
Total liabilities		1,114,988	 123,073	 112,896	 195,607	 1,546,565
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		923,483	570,179	165,525	 -	1,659,187
Total deferred inflows of resources		923,483	570,179	165,525	-	1,659,187
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable						
Inventories		2,458	_	_	_	2,458
Restricted		,				,
Street maintenance		_	6,235,064	_	_	6,235,064
Capital projects		_	-	676,443	379,661	1,056,104
Debt service		_	_	-	478,562	478,562
Law enforcement activities		_	_	_	21,056	21,056
Housing & neighborhood programs		_	_	_	49,941	49,941
Grant funds		_	_	_	73,200	73,200
Committed					. 0,200	. 0,200
Capital projects				8,099,726		8,099,726
Equipment		10,895	_	385,020	_	395,915
Assigned		10,000		000,020		000,010
Capital projects						
		0 121 705	-	_	(4 995)	0.126.920
Unassigned(dificit)		9,131,705	 	 -	 (4,885)	 9,126,820
Total fund balances		9,145,058	 6,235,064	 9,161,190	 997,536	 25,538,849
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	11,183,529	\$ 6,928,316	\$ 9,439,611	\$ 1,193,146	\$ 28,744,601

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

Total fund balances per statement	\$ 25,538,849
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	39,733,205
Liabilities and related inflows/outflows of resources that are not due and payable in the current period and are	
not reported in the funds :	
Notes payable	(24,672)
Bonds payable	(7,522,995)
Accrued compensated absences	(605,917)
Net pension liability	(23,527,255)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources from pensions and OPEB	5,399,132
Net OPEB liability	(1,139,344)
Other long-term assets such as property taxes are not available for current period expenditures and, therefore	
are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	1,473,014
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 39,324,016
Capital assets	\$ 39,733,205
Notes payable	(24,672)
General obligation bonds net of premiums and discounts	(7,522,995)
Unspent bond proceeds	 379,661
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 32,565,198

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	General		Street	Special Projects	Total Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenues	. 700 500			<b>1</b> 40,000	<u> </u>	
Property taxes Sales taxes	\$ 782,599	\$	-	\$ 146,099	\$ 544	\$ 929,242
	19,085,733 291,681		-	-	-	19,085,733 291,681
Licenses and permits			2.002.002	- 00.000	- ere ene	
Intergovernmental	4,887,230 1,153,639		2,983,992	88,829	656,626	8,616,676 1,159,952
Charges for services Fines and fees	344,192		-	6,313	-	344,192
Utility franchise taxes	1,274,208		-	-	-	1,274,208
Investment income	126,510		114,978	74,481	12,020	327,990
Contributions and donations	120,310		114,976	17,900	12,020	17,900
Miscellaneous	402,130		15,623	385,470	- 17,618	820,841
Total revenues	28,347,921		3,114,593	719,092	686,808	32,868,414
Expenditures	20,347,921		3,114,593	7 19,092	000,000	32,000,414
General government						
	856,174			11,383	1 045 201	1,912,847
General government and administration City council	115,971		-	11,303	1,045,291	115,971
•			-	-	-	
Mayor	273,027		-	-	-	273,027
City clerk	161,607		-	-	-	161,607
City attorney	274,188		-	-	-	274,188
District court	383,026		-	-	-	383,026
Director of administration	21,600		-	-	-	21,600
Information technology	618,661		-	-	-	618,661
Finance	524,472		-	-	-	524,472
Human resources	245,267 219,405		-	-	-	245,267
Fleet services	156.610		-	- 00.000	-	219,405 192.849
Community programs				36,239	-	
Total general government	3,850,007		-	47,622	1,045,291	4,942,920
Public works						
Public works coordinator	169,453		-	-	-	169,453
Engineering	315,500		-	-	-	315,500
Code enforcement	333,303		-	-	-	333,303
Streets and drainage			3,297,548		-	3,297,548
Total public works	818,256		3,297,548	-	-	4,115,803
Parks and recreation services	3,459,198		-	7,900	89,775	3,556,873
Police	7,371,013		-	111,909	37,130	7,520,052
Fire	5,616,950		-	150,000	-	5,766,950
Emergency communication services	795,729		-	-	-	795,729
Animal control	347,164		-	-	-	347,164
Housing and neighborhood programs  Debt Service	-		-	-	572,152	572,152
Principal					345,000	345,000
Interest				_	162,856	162,856
Agent fees	-		-	-	1,000	1,000
Total expenditures	22,258,317		3,297,548	317,431	2,253,204	28,126,500
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	6,089,604		(182,955)	401,661	(1,566,396)	4,741,915
Over Experimitales	0,009,004		(102,935)	401,001	(1,300,390)	4,741,915
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	650		-	5,000,000	590,779	5,591,429
Transfers out	(5,990,779)	)	-	-	(650)	(5,991,429)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(5,990,130)		_	5,000,000	590,129	(400,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	99,474		(182,955)	5,401,661	(976,268)	4,341,915
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	9,045,583		6,418,019	3,759,528	1,973,804	21,196,935
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 9,145,058	- <u> </u>	6,235,064	\$ 9,161,190	\$ 997,536	\$ 25,538,849

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 4,341,915
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide statements, the cost	
of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital asset purchases	3,407,181
Retirements	(307,519)
Depreciation expense	(2,333,804)
Governmental funds report debt as expenditures. However, for government-wide statements, the liability must	
be properly reflected in the statement of net position.	
Debt issued or incurred:	
Principal repayments:	
Revenue bonds	345,000
Notes payable	120,334
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts	379
Revenues that do not provide current financial resources, such as property taxes, are not reported	
as revenues for the funds but are reported as revenues in the statement of activities.	133,772
Expenses that do not require current financial resources (such as interest and compensated absences)	
are not reported as expenses for the funds but are reported as expenses in the statement of activities.	(43,785)
Current year pension and OPEB expenditures are reported on the fiscal year basis in the governmental statement	
of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance and as actuarially determined in the government-wide	
statement of activities.	 (1,138,524)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,524,947

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Busir	ness-type Activit	ies - En	terprise Funds		
	:	Sanitation Services	AG	FF Shooting Sports Complex		Emergency Medical Services		Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				- Complex				
Current assets								
Cash Investments	\$	1,170,104 763,188	\$	76,594 -	\$	128,237 -	\$	1,374,935 763,188
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible accounts		308,612		849		876,464		1,185,925
Accrued interest Inventories		72 -		- 47,149		-		72 47,149
Total current assets		2,241,976		124,592		1,004,701		3,371,269
Noncurrent assets Capital assets								
Land and improvements Buildings and improvements		- -		480,385 3,002,337		-		480,385 3,002,337
Vehicles		3,676,809		13,486		1,019,034		4,709,329
Furniture and equipment		1,492,137 5,168,946		34,637		588,580 1,607,614		2,115,354 10,307,405
Less accumulated depreciation		(3,623,578)		(738,538)		(860,827)		(5,222,943)
Net capital assets		1,545,368		2,792,307		746,787		5,084,462
Total noncurrent assets		1,545,368		2,792,307		746,787		5,084,462
Total assets		3,787,344		2,916,899		1,751,488		8,455,731
Deferred outflows of resources								
Deferred outflows - pensions		202,208		42,057		452,513		696,778
Total deferred outflows of resources		202,208		42,057		452,513		696,778
Total assets and deferred outflow of resources	\$	3,989,552	\$	2,958,956	\$	2,204,001	\$	9,152,509
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position								
Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$	326,518	\$	3,663	\$	11,255	\$	341,436
Accrued wages payable		15,950		2,848		18,683		37,481
Compensated absences		38,637		14,378		38,034		91,049
Total current liabilities		381,105		20,889		67,972		469,966
Noncurrent liabilities Net pension liability		634,077		135,078		1,398,292		2,167,447
Total noncurrent liabilities		634,077		135,078		1,398,292		2,167,447
Total liabilities		1,015,182		155,967		1,466,264		2,637,413
Deferred inflows of resources  Deferred inflows - pensions		15,728		3,350		136,853		155,931
Total deferred inflows of resources		15,728		3,350		136,853		155,931
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted (deficit)		1,545,368 1,413,273		2,792,307 7,332	- <u></u>	746,787 (145,902)	-	5,084,462 1,274,703
Total net position		2,958,641		2,799,639		600,886		6,359,165
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position		\$ 3,989,552		\$ 2,958,956		\$ 2,204,001		\$ 9,152,509

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Е	Business-type Activition	es - Enterprise Fund	ls
		AGFF Shooting	Emergency	
	Sanitation Services	Sports Complex	Medical Services	Total
Operating Revenues	Services	Complex	Services	IOIaI
Charges for services	\$ 1,888,217	\$ 231,086	\$ 2,311,637	\$ 4,430,940
Miscellaneous	58,434	115,314	4,045	177,793
Total operating revenues	1,946,651	346,400	2,315,682	4,608,733
Operating Expenses				
Salaries, wages and employee benefits	755,014	227,162	776,690	1,758,866
Supplies and materials	283,540	23,327	166,601	473,468
Services	106,786	50,539	137,370	294,695
Repairs and maintenance	166,338	8,225	24,917	199,480
Landfill fees	272,071	-	-	272,071
Other	12,816	180,276	1,345,588	1,538,680
Depreciation	249,442	83,608	159,165	492,215
Total operating expenses	1,846,007	573,137	2,610,331	5,029,475
Operating Income (Loss)	100,644	(226,737)	(294,649)	(420,742)
Nonoperating Revenues				
Interest income	18,806	-	3,394	22,200
Grant revenues	-	-	23,715	23,715
Interest expense				
Net nonoperating revenues	18,806		27,109	45,915
Income (Loss) Before Contributions and Transfers	119,450	(226,737)	(267,540)	(374,827)
Transfers in		200,000	200,000	400,000
Changes in Net Position	119,450	(26,737)	(67,540)	25,173
Net Position, Beginning of Year	2,839,190	2,826,376	668,426	6,333,992
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 2,958,641	\$ 2,799,639	\$ 600,886	\$ 6,359,165

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
			AG	FF Shooting	Е	mergency		
	Sanitation		Sports		Medical			T-4-1
Operating Activities		Services		Complex		Services		Total
Receipts from customers	\$	1,833,241	\$	246,080	\$	1,094,719	\$	3,174,040
Other receipts	Ψ	58,434	Ψ	115,314	Ψ	3,085	Ą	176,833
Payments to employees		(789,545)		(225,276)		(862,786)		(1,877,607)
Payments to suppliers		(278,582)		(29,104)		(163,606)		(471,293)
Payments to service providers		(109,359)		(49,353)		(136,007)		(294,720)
Other payments		(430,659)		(188,818)		(26,141)		(645,617)
		(,,		( , )		( -, ,		(= = /= /
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		283,529	-	(131,158)		(90,735)		61,636
Noncapital Financing Activities								
Operating grants		-		-		23,715		23,715
Transfers from other funds		<u> </u>		200,000		200,000		400,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	_			200,000		223,715		423,715
Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Purchases of capital assets		(63,942)				(20,528)		(84,470)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(63,942)				(20,528)		(84,470)
Investing Activities								
Proceeds from maturities of cash investments		149,494		-		-		149,494
Purchase of cash investments		303		-		-		303
Interest income		18,806				3,394		22,200
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		168,603				3,394		171,997
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash		388,193		68,842		115,845		572,880
Cash, Beginning of Year		781,911		7,752		12,392		802,055
Cash, End of Year	\$	1,170,104	\$	76,594	\$	128,237	\$	1,374,935

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED)
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds							
			AGF	FF Shooting	Е	mergency		
	s	anitation		Sports		Medical		
		Services		Complex		Services		Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		<u> </u>				_		
Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	100,644	\$	(226,737)	\$	(294,649)	\$	(420,742)
Adjustment to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash								
provided by (used in) operating activities								
Depreciation		249,442		83,608		159,165		492,215
Provision for uncollectible accounts		-		182,342		-		182,342
Changes in assets and liabilities								
Receivables, net		(42,160)		14,994		127,710		100,544
Inventory		-		(4,585)		-		(4,585)
Deferred outflows of resources		(143,553)		(30,116)		(311,213)		(484,882)
Accounts payable		10,134		(324)		3,135		12,945
Accrued expenses		456,729		(79,027)		608,910		986,612
Deferred inflows of resources		(347,707)		(71,313)		(383,793)		(802,813)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	283,529	\$	(131,158)	\$	(90,735)	\$	61,636

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Assets	Pe T 	Custodial Funds		
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	482,352	\$	21,974
U.S. Government obligations	3	3,961,288		_
Corporate bonds	_	735,998		_
Mutual funds	6	5,136,211		-
Receivables		. ,		
Due from primary government		66,190		135
Accrued interest		22,050		
Total Assets	\$ 11	,404,089	\$	22,109
Net Position				
Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 11	,404,089	\$	22,109

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Additions	Pension Trust Funds	Custodial Funds
Additions Contributions		
<u> </u>	<b>40.004</b>	•
Employer	\$ 46,904	\$ -
District Court fines collected	-	441,157
Contributed from General Fund	007.504	
Property taxes	607,594	-
State insurance turnback and guarantee fund	181,590	
Total contributions	836,088	441,157
Investment income		
Net increase in fair value of investments	(1,687,037)	-
Interest and dividends	247,412	-
Gain on sale of investments	1,406	-
	(1,438,219)	
Less investment expense	126,844	
Net investment income	(1,565,063)	
Total additions	(728,975)	441,157
Deductions		
Benefits paid directly to participants	1,359,057	
District Court fines distributed		419,048
Administrative expenses	23,400	
Total deductions	1,382,457	419,048
Change in Net Position	(2,111,432)	22,109
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year	13,515,521	
Net Position Restricted for Pension Benefits, End of Year	\$ 11,404,089	\$ 22,109

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Jacksonville Municipal Water Works	Jacksonville Wastewater Utility	Component Unit Advertising and Promotion Commission	Total
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,802,203	\$ 11,846,244	\$ 854,113	\$ 14,502,560
Investments	1,151,932	-	713,281	1,865,213
Receivables, net of allowance				
for uncollectible accounts				
Accounts	1,516,829	881,731	123,824	2,522,384
Revenues earned and unbilled	-	193,901	-	193,901
Accrued interest	687	-	59	746
Inventories	539,297	121,579	-	660,876
Prepaid expenses	81,318	18,038	-	99,356
Restricted Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,964,642	4,016,127	·	5,980,769
Total current assets	7,056,908	17,077,620	1,691,277	25,825,805
Noncurrent assets				
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents		1,169,007		1,169,007
Total restricted noncurrent assets		1,169,007	·	1,169,007
Capital assets				
Land	1,113,986	411,491	-	1,525,477
Buildings and improvements	2,663,393	2,437,312	-	5,100,705
Machinery and equipment	3,210,868	2,927,943	-	6,138,811
LRAFB Distribution System	17,750,941	-	-	17,750,941
Water system	61,424,836	-	-	61,424,836
Sewer system	-	62,390,323	-	62,390,323
Construction in progress	5,018,903	8,619,551		13,638,454
	91,182,927	76,786,620	-	167,969,547
Less accumulated depreciation	(34,515,431)	(42,631,597)	-	(77,147,028)
Net capital assets	56,667,496	34,155,023		90,822,518
Other assets	284,258			284,258
Total noncurrent assets	56,951,754	35,324,030		92,275,783
Total Assets	64,008,662	52,401,650	1,691,277	118,101,588
	2 1,000,002	52,401,000	.,001,277	
Deferred outflows of Resources		472 000		472 200
Deferred outflows from pensions	665,931	173,388 504,658	-	173,388
Deferred outflows from pensions	000,931	504,038	·	1,170,589
Total deferred outflows of resources	665,931	678,046	· <del>-</del>	1,343,977
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 64,674,593	\$ 53,079,696	\$ 1,691,277	\$ 119,445,566

						Nonmajor Component		
						Unit		
						Advertising		
		Jacksonville		Jacksonville		and		
	`	Municipal		Wastewater		Promotion		
	,	Water Works		Utility		Commission		Total
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	1,640,135	\$	394,475	\$	142,895	\$	2,177,505
Accrued interest payable		8,875		35,633		-		44,508
Bonds payable-current portion		3,394,816		935,000		-		4,329,816
Accrued expenses and other		180,331		50,784		-		231,115
Total current liabilities		5,224,157		1,415,892	-	142,895	-	6,782,944
Noncurrent liabilities								
Bonds payable, net of unamortized discount		12,583,195		21,081,553		-		33,664,748
Customer deposits		883,364		-		-		883,364
Net pension liability		2,035,228		1,712,802		-		3,748,030
Other long-term liabilities		2,010		697,474		-		699,484
Total noncurrent liabilities		15,503,797	_	23,491,829				38,995,626
Total liabilities		20,727,954		24,907,721		142,895		45,778,570
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred inflows from pensions		77,175		60,413		-		137,588
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		40,689,485		12,102,837		-		52,792,322
Restricted-expendable		1,955,767		1,308,089		-		3,263,856
Unrestricted		1,224,212		14,700,636		1,548,382		17,473,230
Total net position		43,869,464		28,111,562		1,548,382		73,529,408

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			es	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions
Functions/Programs Governmental Activities				
Advertising and Promotion Commission	\$ 782,414	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total governmental activities	782,414			
Business-type Activities				
Municipal Water Works	9,718,822	8,512,982	-	243,067
Wastewater Utility	5,831,950	5,480,065		5,206,498
Total business-type activities	15,550,772	13,993,047		5,449,565
Total component units	\$ 16,333,186	\$ 13,993,047	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 5,449,565
	General revenue Sales taxes Investment in Other			
	Total gene	ral revenues		
	Change in Net F	osition		
	Net Position, Be	ginning of Year		
	Net Position, En	d of Year		

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Jacksonville Municipal Water Works	Jacksonville Wastewater Utility	Advertising and Promotion Commission	Total		
\$ -	\$ -	\$ (782,414)	\$ (782,414)		
		(782,414)	(782,414)		
(962,773)	4,854,613		(962,773) 4,854,613		
(962,773)	4,854,613		3,891,840		
\$ (962,773)	\$ 4,854,613	\$ (782,414)	\$ 3,109,426		
- 7,427 6,559,674	- 145,903 -	1,056,365 2,107	1,056,365 155,437 6,559,674		
6,567,101	145,903	1,058,472	7,771,476		
5,604,328	5,000,516	276,058	10,880,902		
38,265,136	23,111,046	1,272,324	62,648,506		
\$ 43,869,464	\$ 28,111,562	\$ 1,548,382	\$ 73,529,408		



### NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of Jacksonville, Arkansas (the "City"), is a municipal corporation operating under the authority of Arkansas state statute. The City operates under the Mayor-City Council form of government. Citizens elect the Mayor at large and ten council members by wards. The Mayor and City Council are responsible for setting City policy.

The accounting and reporting policies of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body accepted in the United States for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. A description of the more significant accounting and financial reporting policies and practices of the City follows:

#### Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the City of Jacksonville and its component units. The component units are legally separate entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the City's substantive appointment of the majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the City must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City.

The City's employee benefit plans, being fiduciary in nature, were not evaluated as potential component units but instead are reported as fiduciary funds.

The City's primary government consists of those funds or organizations that make up the legal entity for which it is financially responsible. Under these criteria, the following are included in the primary government reporting entity:

#### **Discretely Presented Component Units**

#### **Major Component Units:**

Jacksonville Municipal Water Works ("JMWW") – The City's Mayor appoints, with City Council approval, a five member Water Commission which acts as the governing body of JMWW. JMWW receives no financial benefit from the City; however, the City has the power to impose its will on JMWW. Rate changes must be approved by the Mayor and City Council. JMWW provides commercial and residential water services that primarily benefit the citizens of Jacksonville.

**Jacksonville Wastewater Utility ("JWWU")** – JWWU is governed by a five member commission appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. The City has the power to impose its will on JWWU. Rate changes must be approved by the Mayor and City Council. JWWU provides wastewater treatment services that primarily benefit the citizens of Jacksonville.

There were no significant transactions between the major component units and the City or its other component units in 2022.

#### Other Component Unit:

Jacksonville Advertising and Promotion Commission ("Commission") – The seven member governing body is appointed by the City Council. The City has the power to impose its will on the Commission. The Commission has the authority to authorize and disburse expenditures of the City's hotel/motel tax and prepared food tax.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices.

#### **Administrative Offices**

Jacksonville Municipal Water Works 1900 Marshall Road Jacksonville, Arkansas 72076 Jacksonville Wastewater Utility 248 Cloverdale Road Jacksonville, Arkansas 72076

Jacksonville Advertising and Promotion Commission 1 Municipal Drive Jacksonville, Arkansas 72076

#### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (based on the City as a whole) and fund financial statements.

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. Fiduciary activities are excluded from the government-wide statements because they cannot be used to support the City's own programs. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or identifiable activity is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly associated with a specific function or identifiable activity. Expenses that cannot be specifically identified to a particular function are charged to funds based on time spent for that function and are included in the functional categories. Program revenues include (a) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or identifiable activity and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program or identifiable activity.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category-governmental, proprietary and fiduciary-are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and major enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All other governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Street Fund* is a special revenue fund which accounts for gasoline and road taxes received from state and county levies. Revenues are expended for maintenance and repair of streets, sidewalks, and traffic control signals as well as street lighting.

The Special Projects Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for the accumulation of financial resources utilized for construction, renovation, expansion and major improvements of various City facilities, acquisition of land, and new acquisitions and replacements of capital equipment used in City operations. The fund is perpetual.

The City reports the following proprietary (enterprise) funds:

The Sanitation Services Fund, a blended component unit of the City, is a major enterprise fund which accounts for the activities of providing solid waste collection and disposal and for operations of the City's waste recycling center.

The AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Fund, a blended component unit of the City, is a major enterprise fund which accounts for operation of the City's public shooting range facility.

The *Emergency Medical Services Fund*, a blended component unit of the City, is a major enterprise fund which accounts for the activities of providing emergency medical transportation services.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The special revenue funds, which include federal and state grants, are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than expendable trusts or major capital projects, which are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Funds – The debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by enterprise funds.

*Pension Trust Funds* – Accounts for assets held in trust for the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. Plan trustees must act in accordance with the specific purposes and terms of these retirement plans.

Custodial Funds – Accounts for activities associated with collecting and disbursing fines, court costs, forfeitures and restitution monies for the District Court.

During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities' column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfer in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities' column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

#### Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### **Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds**

The government-wide, proprietary, fiduciary, and custodial fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with the principal ongoing operations of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating items.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the City receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include taxes; fines and forfeitures; grants, entitlements, and similar items; and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Franchise taxes, other taxes, and fines and forfeitures are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted. Grants, entitlements, and donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as deferred revenues. Grants and similar aid to other organizations are recognized as expenses as soon as recipients have met all eligibility requirements. Amounts paid before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as prepaid items.

#### **Governmental Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included in the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The City considers revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collectible within sixty (60) days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, grant revenues and investment earnings. Other revenues, such as fines and forfeitures, are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the City. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due. Pension expenditures are recognized when amounts are contributed to a plan or when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include demand deposits and cash on hand. In order to facilitate cash management, the operating cash of certain funds is pooled into common bank accounts.

#### Investments and Investment Income

All investments in the City's Pension Trust Funds are carried at fair value. For all other funds, investments in certificate of deposit and money market investments are carried at amortized cost, which approximates fair value.

Investment income includes dividend and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments. Investment income is assigned to funds with which the related investment asset is associated.

#### Inventories

Inventories, consisting of merchandise, material, and supplies, are valued at cost. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value on the date of donation.

The City's capitalization policy defines capital assets as assets with an initial value or cost greater than or equal to \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of greater than one year. Exceptions are for infrastructure assets which are defined as having a constructed cost greater than or equal to \$100,000. Renewal and betterments of property and equipment are capitalized, whereas normal repairs and maintenance are charged to expense as incurred.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives ranging from 15 - 50 years for infrastructure, 10 - 40 years for buildings and 3 - 25 years for land improvements, vehicles and equipment.

Depreciation expense is charged directly to the department/function based on the department that utilizes the related asset.

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the columns for governmental activities, business-type activities and component units. These amounts are also reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements for proprietary funds. Debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized using the effective interest rate method. Long-term debt is reported net of the applicable debt premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize debt premiums during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued and premiums received are reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### Compensated Absences

The City allows nonuniformed employees to accumulate unused vacation of up to 80 hours, police to accumulate unused vacation of up to 84 hours, and firefighters to accumulate unused vacation of up to 144 hours for one year. Upon termination, any accumulated unused vacation time will be paid to the employee. Generally, City employees are allowed to accumulate unused sick leave up to a maximum of 90 days. Any accumulated unused sick leave up to 60 days is paid upon employee retirement from the

City. At the end of term of service, police officers will be paid for any accumulated unused sick leave upon retirement up to 60 days. At the end of term of service, firefighters will be paid for any accumulated unused sick leave upon retirement up to 60 days, provided that payment does not exceed three months' salary. Historically, employees have been compensated for unused sick and vacation time from the General Fund, the Street and CDBG Special Revenue Funds, the Sanitation Services Enterprise Fund, and the AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Fund, as well as the Emergency Medical Services Fund based on the assignment of the employee at termination.

The City records a liability for compensated absences as the employee earns benefits attributable to services rendered that is not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the City. Additionally, the City accrues benefits for earned sick leave only to the extent it is probable that the benefits will result in termination payments, rather than be taken as absences due to illness or other contingencies. Compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured such as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue includes amounts that have been received before all eligibility requirements for revenue recognition have been met. These amounts are recorded as a liability until such requirements are met, at which point, they will be recorded as revenue.

#### Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City's defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. The City has a deferred outflow for a bond refunding, which is the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred or amortized to interest expense over the shorter of the life of the refunded and new debt. In addition, the City has deferred outflows related to pensions, with one being the amount of contributions made to the pension plans after the measurement date, and the other the difference in investment experience between actual earnings and projected earnings on pension plan investments and the difference in assumption changes. Deferred outflows related to contributions made after the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of net pension liability. The remaining amounts will be amortized to pension expense over future periods as shown within Note 6.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then. The City's deferred inflows include property taxes in the governmental funds. The City also has deferred inflows related to pensions. This consists of the difference between the expected and actual experience related to the pension plans as well as the difference in assumption changes. These amounts are amortized over future periods to pension expense as shown within Note 6.

#### Net Position/Fund Balance

Net position of the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds of the City are classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. Restricted expendable net position are noncapital assets that must be used

for a particular purpose as specified by creditors, grantors, or donors external to the City, including amounts deposited with trustees as required by bond indentures, reduced by the outstanding balances of any related borrowings. Unrestricted net position is remaining assets and deferred outflows of resources less remaining liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that do not meet the definition of net investment in capital assets, restricted expendable, or restricted nonexpendable.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first. For projects funded by tax-exempt debt proceeds and other sources, the debt proceeds are used first.

The fund balances of the City's governmental funds are classified in five components:

Nonspendable –Nonspendable fund balances are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Restricted fund balances may be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Committed fund balances may be used only for specific purposes determined by ordinance of the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of an ordinance by the City Council.

Assigned – Assigned fund balances are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes as determined by the Mayor or City Council. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balances represent the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative fund balance if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The City considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The City applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when the expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the General and Street Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at year end.

#### Pension Plan Descriptions

The City participates in four defined benefit pension plans; which are comprised of two single employer defined benefit pension plans and two cost sharing multiple employer defined pension plans, each of which are described and illustrated in detail in Note 6.

#### Future Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB has issued the following potentially significant statements which the City has not yet adopted and which require adoption subsequent to December 31, 2022:

Staten	Adoption Required in Fiscal Year	
96	Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements	2023
99	Omnibus 2022	Various
100	Accounting Changes and Error Corrections- an admendment of GASB Statement No. 62	2024
101	Compensated Absences	2024

The impact of these standards on the City's net position has not been determined.

#### Note 2: Deposits and Investments

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a financial institution, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

City statute requires that deposits in financial institutions be collateralized with federal depository insurance or other interest bearing securities of the United States, the State of Arkansas, Arkansas political subdivisions or agencies or instrumentalities of these entities at 102%. No legal opinion has been obtained regarding the enforceability of any of the collateral arrangements.

State statutes require all time and demand deposits to be fully insured or collateralized. Accounts with under \$250,000 balance of either an interest bearing account or non-interest bearing account are covered by FDIC deposit insurance. The total cash held in demand deposits has been fully collateralized and meets statutes' requirements. At December 31, 2022, none of the City's primary government bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The investment policy of the City is governed by State statute and a Council adopted City Investment Policy. Major controls stipulated in the Investment Policy include: depository limitations require Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance or full 102 percent collateralization; all collateral for repurchase agreements and deposits held by independent third party trustees; all settlement is delivery versus payment; all authorized investments are defined; and diversification guidelines are set as are maximum maturity and maximum weighted average maturity.

Arkansas statutes authorize the City to invest in direct obligations of the U.S. Government; obligations on which the principal and interest are fully guaranteed, or are fully secured, insured, or covered by commitments or agreements to purchase by the U.S. Government; obligations of agencies and instrumentalities created by act of the United States Congress and authorized thereby to issue such securities or evidence of indebtness, regardless of guarantee of repayment by the U.S. Government; obligations of political subdivisions of the United States; certain obligations issued by the State Board of Education; short-term warrants of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas and municipalities; the sale of federal funds with a maturity of not more than one business day; demand, savings or time deposits fully insured by a federal deposit insurance agency; repurchase agreements that are fully insured by obligations of the U.S. government, any U.S. State or any political subdivision thereof; securities of or other interest in, any open-end type investment company or investment trust registered under the *Investment Company Act of 1940*, and which is considered a money market fund, provided that the portfolio is limited principally to U.S. government obligations and the investment company or trust takes delivery of collateral either directly or through an authorized custodian; and bank certificates of deposit.

Arkansas statutes also authorize the City to invest no more than 20% of its capital base in corporate debt obligations; revenue bond issue of any state, municipality or political subdivisions; industrial development bonds for corporate obligors issued through any state or political subdivision; securities or interest in an open-end or close-end management type investment company or trust registered under the *Investment Company Act of 1940* with certain limitations; securities or interest issued, assumed, or guaranteed by certain international banks; and uninsured demand, savings or time deposits or accounts of any depository institution chartered by the United States, any U.S. state, or District of Columbia. The pension trust funds are authorized to also invest in common stocks, investment grade corporate bonds and other appropriate securities.

The investments of the City as shown on the Statement of Net Position consist of non-negotiable certificates of deposit with an average maturity of 1 year. The pension trust funds' investments, carried at fair value, and maturities as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

			Investme	nt Maturities		
	Fair	Less than			More than	
Investment Type	Value	1 Year	1-5 Years	6-10 Years	10 Years	
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$ 1,097,342	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,459	\$ 1,088,883	
U.S. Agencies obligations	2,863,946	454,630	1,927,342	481,974	-	
Corporate bonds	735,997	83,855	459,643	192,499	-	
Mutual funds	6,136,212	6,136,212	-	-	-	
	10,833,497	\$ 6,674,698	\$ 2,386,985	\$ 682,932	\$ 1,088,883	
Money Market Fund	259,321 \$ 11,092,818					

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, the City records investments at fair value. However, for participating interest-earning investments contracts with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase, the City reports these investments at amortized costs.

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments. Also, investments can be highly sensitive to changes in interest rates due to their terms or characteristics. The City manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio matures evenly over time as needed to provide the cash flow and liquidity necessary for operations. The City's investment policy states that the maximum maturity for any investment is limited to a final stated maturity of five years, unless the investment funds are defined for use after five years.

The pension trust funds investment policies address interest rate risk by managing asset allocation. The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund allows for 2% to 30% in cash and cash equivalents, 35% to 75% in fixed income investments and 20% to 50% in equities. The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund allows 5% to 15% in cash and cash equivalents, 25% to 40% in fixed income investments and 40% to 70% in equities.

**Credit Risk** – Credit risk of investments is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its obligations. It is the City's policy, excluding fiduciary funds, to invest almost exclusively in government-issued treasuries and agencies, and FDIC insured certificates of deposit. As of December 31, 2022, the City's investments, exclusive of the pension trust funds, consisted of FDIC insured certificates of deposit.

The investment policy of the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund states that plan assets may be invested in investment grade bonds rated by Standard and Poor's of BBB+ or better and in commercial paper rated A1 or better. The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund investment policy requires a credit analysis of each debt instrument prior to inclusion in the portfolio.

**Custodial Credit Risk** – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of failure of the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the City's name. Exclusive of the

pension trust funds, on December 31, 2022, investments held by the City were limited to certificates of deposit which were FDIC insured or collateralized at 102% of the deposits fair value and U.S. Treasury Fund money market accounts. The City's collateral is held by third party financial institutions. Monthly and quarterly collateral reports are sent to the City's finance department.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The City's investment policy limits investments in securities from any one issuer to 5% of the cost basis of the City's portfolio at the time of purchase, and limits concentration in any one business sector to 15% of the cost basis of the portfolio excluding U.S. Government obligations and collateralized certificates of deposit. The City had no concentration of credit risk as of December 31, 2022.

The Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund limits investments in any one equity issuer to 7% of the fair value of the total portfolio. No single industry may exceed 20% of the portfolio. The Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund limits investments in the securities of any one company or government agency to 5% of the portfolio, and allows no more than 10% of the portfolio to be invested in any one industry.

**Foreign Currency Risk** – This risk relates to the adverse effects on the fair value of an investment from changes in exchange rates. The City's investment policy doesn't directly address foreign currency risk. The City had no investments that were denominated in foreign currency on December 31, 2022.

**Fair Value of Assets** – Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

<b>Level 1</b> Quoted prices in	n active markets	for identical assets	or liabilities
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Level 2 Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities

**Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

#### **Recurring Measurements**

The following table represents the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying fiduciary funds financial statements measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2022:

	_ Fair Value		Quoted prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Obse	nificant Other ervable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		
December 31, 2022									
U.S. Treasury obligations	\$	1,097,342	\$	-	\$	1,097,342	\$	-	
U.S. Agencies obligations		2,863,946		-		2,863,946		-	
Corporate bonds		735,997		-		735,997		-	
Bond mutual funds		-		-		-		-	
Mutual funds		6,136,212		6,136,212		-		-	
Total investments by fair value level	\$	10,833,497	\$	6,136,212	\$	4,697,285	\$	-	

Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value(NAV)

Money Market Fund \$ 259,321

**Investments** – Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are

estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models, the inputs of which are market-based or independently sourced market parameters, including, but not limited to, yield curves, interest rates, volatilities, prepayments, defaults, cumulative loss projections, and cash flows. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy.

**Summary of Carrying Values** – The carrying values of deposits and investments shown above are included in the statements of net position as follows:

	Primary
	Government
Carrying value	
Deposits	\$ 24,950,860
Investments	11,092,818
	\$ 36,043,678
Included in the following statements of net position captions	
Current Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 18,343,500
Short-term investments	5,483,111
Noncurrent Assets	
Restricted cash and investments	879,244
Cash and investments - fiduciary funds	11,337,823
	\$ 36,043,678

#### **Note 3: Capital Assets**

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022 is presented as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	January 1,						D	ecember 31,
Governmental Activities		2022		Increases	I	Decreases		2022
Capital Assets, non-depreciable								
Land	\$	10,338,488	\$	198,000	\$	(203,000)	\$	10,333,488
Construction in progress		567,265		1,644,326				2,211,591
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		10,905,753		1,842,326		(203,000)		12,545,079
Capital Assets, depreciable								
Land improvements		1,599,285		-		-		1,599,285
Infrastructure		35,452,919		-		-		35,452,919
Buildings		28,527,373		103,656		-		28,631,029
Vehicles		7,383,112		505,690		-		7,888,802
Equipment		10,726,586		955,509		(106,570)		11,575,525
Total capital assets, depreciable		83,689,275		1,564,855		(106,570)		85,147,560
Less accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		1,042,021		58,462		-		1,100,483
Infrastructure		27,130,591		552,538		-		27,683,129
Buildings		12,605,508		781,452		-		13,386,960
Vehicles		5,385,207		371,372		-		5,756,579
Equipment		9,464,350		569,981		(2,051)		10,032,280
Total accumulated depreciation		55,627,677		2,333,804		(2,051)		57,959,431
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		28,061,594		(768,949)		(104,519)		27,188,126
Total governmental activities, net	\$	38,967,347	\$	1,073,377	\$	(307,519)	\$	39,733,205

	Balance January 1,					De	Balance	
Total Business-Type Activities	2022	Increases		D	ecreases	2022		
Capital Assets, non-depreciable								
Land	\$ 480,385	\$	-	\$	-	\$	480,385	
Construction in Progress	 -				-		-	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	 480,385						480,385	
Capital Assets, depreciable								
Buildings	2,854,808		-		-		2,854,808	
Land Improvements	147,529		-		-		147,529	
Vehicles	4,426,503		282,826		-		4,709,329	
Equipment	 2,030,885		250,296		(165,824)		2,115,354	
Total capital assets, depreciable	 9,459,723		533,122		(165,824)		9,827,020	
Less accumulated depreciation								
Buildings	565,016		71,370		-		636,386	
Land Improvements	46,226		9,744		-		55,970	
Vehicles	2,635,950		272,277		-		2,908,227	
Equipment	 1,483,534		221,876		(83,051)		1,622,359	
Total accumulated depreciation	 4,730,726		575,266		(83,051)		5,222,943	
Total Business-type activities	\$ 5,209,382	\$	(42,144)	\$	(82,773)	\$	5,084,462	

#### Construction in progress is composed of the following:

	•	Expended to December 31, 2022		stimated mount To complete
Primary Government				<u> </u>
General Government				
Military Road sidewalk	\$	17,200	\$	212,800
Loop Road rail grade		828,736		8,169,652
Court Building Renovation		403,603		396,397
City Mechanic Shop		622,002		4,424
Pump Track		10,500		317,740
Curtain for Shooting Range		179,550		138,450
Fire Station 2 relocation		150,000		2,850,000
	\$	2,211,591	\$	12,089,463

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General government General administration District Court Information technology Community programs	\$ 204,030 1,981 56,403 36,806
Total general government	299,220
Public works Streets and drainage	 653,942
Total public works	653,942
Parks and recreation services Police Fire Emergency services Animal control	386,994 334,095 291,175 355,536 12,843
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	 2,333,804
Business-type Activities Sanitation services AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Emergency medical services	 287,078 204,579 83,609
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	 575,266
Total depreciation expense - primary government	\$ 2,909,070

#### Note 4: Long-term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance nuary 1, 2022 s restated)	In	creases	D	ecreases		Balance cember 31, 2022		mounts Due In ne Year
Bonds payable-									
2020 Capital Improvement and Refunding	\$ 7,860,000	\$	-	\$	345,000	\$	7,515,000	\$	350,000
Add: issuance premium	8,374		-		379		7,995		-
Bonds payable, net	 7,868,374		-		345,379		7,522,995		350,000
Notes payable	145,005		-		120,333		24,672		24,672
Compensated absences	562,132		75,199		31,414		605,917		560,000
Governmental activities									
long-term liabilities	\$ 8,575,511	\$	75,199	\$	497,126	\$	8,153,584	\$	934,672
Business-type Activities	Balance January 1, 2022	<u>In</u>	ncreases		ecreases	De	Balance ecember 31, 2022	-	Amounts Due In One Year
Compensated absences	\$ 68,200	\$	22,849	\$	_	\$	91,049	\$	91,049
Total business-type activities	 						· ·		
long-term liabilities	\$ 68,200	\$	22,849	\$	-	\$	91,049	\$	91,049

#### **Governmental Activities**

**2020 Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds** - Bonds in the amount of \$7,935,000 were issued to finance the cost of (1) acquiring, constructing, equipping, renovating, expanding, and refurbishing various capital improvements, including the court facility renovations, Public Safety Building roof repair, new City Mechanic shop with car wash, and for related purposes (together, the "Capital

Improvements"), (2) refunding the City's Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, (3) funding a debt service reserve, and (4) paying the costs associated with the issuance of the bonds. These bonds are limited obligations of the City, payable solely from the revenues received by the City from all franchise fees collected from public utilities for the privilege of using the City's streets, rights-of-way and other public places in the City. Principal payments are due annually beginning June 1, 2021. Interest payments are due semiannually on June 1 and December 1, beginning June 1, 2021. The bonds are subject to extraordinary, optional and special redemption, in whole or in part, on any interest payment date from bond proceeds not needed, or additional monies from franchise fees, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount being redeemed plus accrued interest to the redemption date. Bond interest rates range from 1.625% to 2.375% and final maturity is scheduled to be June 1, 2040.

#### **Annual Debt Service Requirements**

The following schedule shows the annual debt-service requirements to pay principal and interest on the general obligation bonds and revenue bonds outstanding at December 31, 2022.

	Governmental Activities						
Year Ending December 31,		Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	350,000	\$	155,906	\$	505,906	
2024		360,000		148,806		508,806	
2025		365,000		141,556		506,556	
2026		370,000		134,206		504,206	
2027		380,000		126,706		506,706	
2028-2032		2,005,000		522,438		2,527,438	
2033-2037		2,225,000		302,916		2,527,916	
2038-2040		1,460,000		52,606		1,512,606	
Total	\$	7,515,000	\$	1,585,139	\$	9,100,139	

#### Pledged Revenues

The following is a summary of pledged revenues of the City for the year ended December 31, 2022:

				Percentage		
			Current Year	Portion of	Remaining	Period Revenue Will
		Total Pledged	Debt Service	Pledged Revenue	Principal and	Not Be Available For
Debt	Revenue Pledged	Revenue	Requirements	Stream	Interest	Other Purposes
2020 Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds	Franchise fees for public utilities	\$ 1,105,000	\$ 507,856	46%	\$ 9,100,139	Until 2040

#### **Note 5: Interfund Balances and Transfers**

Interfund receivables and payables result from transactions between various funds within the City. The balances by fund on December 31, 2022 are as follows:

	In	terfund	Ir	Interfund		
Fund	Receivables		Payables			
Primary Government						
Governmental Funds to/from Nonfiduciary Funds						
General	\$	61,817	\$	-		
CDBG		-		61,043		
Grants		-		774		
2020 Capital Improvements Construction		8,643		-		
2020 Capital Improvements Debt Service		-		8,643		
Governmental Funds to/from Fiduciary Funds						
General Fund				66,325		
Total governmental funds		70,460		136,785		
Fiduciary Funds						
Policemen's Pension		33,095		-		
Firemen's Pension		33,095		-		
Custodial		135				
Total fiduciary funds		66,325				
Total	\$	136,785	\$	136,785		

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

The amounts due to the fiduciary funds result from the collection and remittance of property taxes by the General Fund that are levied to fund the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension Plans.

Interfund transfers in and transfers out for the year ended December 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Interfund Transfers					
Fund		In		Out			
Governmental Funds:							
Major Funds:							
General Fund	\$	650	\$	5,990,779			
Capital Projects-							
Special Projects		5,000,000		-			
Nonmajor Funds		590,779		650			
Total governmental funds		5,591,429		5,991,429			
Proprietary Funds:							
AGFF Shooting Sports Complex		200,000		-			
Emergency Medical Services		200,000		-			
Total proprietary funds		400,000					
Total	_\$	5,991,429	\$	5,991,429			

The transfers out of \$5,990,779 from the General Fund are transfers out to supplement the Emergency Medical Services Fund for operational expenses in the amount of \$200,000, to supplement the AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Fund for operational expenses in the amount of \$200,000, to supplement the special project funds \$5,000,000 for future capital improvements, and to meet debt service requirements in the 2020 Capital Improvements Debt Service Fund in the amount of \$590,779.

#### Note 6: Pension Plans

#### **Pension Trust Funds**

Substantially all of the City's employees receive retirement benefits. The City sponsors two single employer defined benefit plans, the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. The City also contributes to the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS) and to the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI), which are statewide cost sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans. The City typically contributes to these funds through the Governmental Funds: General and Street and the Enterprise Funds: Sanitation, AGFF Shooting Sports Complex, and Emergency Services based upon employees and their retirement plans. The assets of the Plans are maintained in legally separate trusts and each Plan's assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that plan or their beneficiaries in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

A summary of the net pension liability, deferred outflows, deferred inflows and pension expense of each plan is shown below. Detailed discussion of each plan will follow in this note.

Governmental Activities	N	let Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense (Income)
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund Arkansas Public Employee Retirement System Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement	\$	366,221 2,039,207 5,433,453	\$ 738,422 952,576 1,745,858	\$ 166,245 234,624 134,771	\$ 713,733 182,852 154,130
System - Fire Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System - Police		8,301,015 7,387,359	2,687,856 2,525,945	835,571 1,080,275	1,252,802 927,660
	\$	23,527,255	\$ 8,650,657	\$ 2,451,486	\$ 3,231,177
Business-Type Activities	N	let Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	Pension Expense
Arkansas Public Employee Retirement System Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System	\$	820,545 1,346,902	\$ 260,653 436,125	\$ 20,353 135,578	\$ 26,277 203,277
	\$	2,167,447	\$ 696,778	\$ 155,931	\$ 229,554

#### Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

#### A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

**Total Primary Government** 

#### Basis of Accounting

The City of Jacksonville's financial statements for its single-employer defined benefit plans are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. City contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the City has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each Plan.

25,694,702 \$

9,347,435 \$

2,607,417 \$

3,460,731

#### Method Used to Determine Fair Value of Investments

The fair value of investments other than mutual funds is determined using guoted market prices. The fair value of investments in mutual funds is determined using the fund's current per share price.

#### B. Covered Employees Information

As of the December 31, 2022 measurement date, there were 15 police and 31 fire retirees and beneficiaries covered by benefit terms of the plans. There are no active employees in the plans.

#### C. Financial Information

The statement of fiduciary net position and the statement of changes in fiduciary net position as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 for the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds are below:

	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position				
	Policemen's Pension And Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension And Relief Fund			
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$ 105,739 5,641,030 45,355	\$ 376,613 5,192,467 42,885			
Total assets	5,792,124	5,611,965			
Net Position  Net position restricted for pension benefits	\$ 5,792,124	\$ 5,611,965			
		f Changes in Net Position			
	Policemen's Pension And Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension And Relief Fund			
Additions Contributions Net investment income	\$ 395,885 (699,719)	\$ 440,203 (865,344)			
Total additions	(303,834)	(425,141)			
<b>Deductions</b> Benefits paid directly to participants Administrative expenses	590,836 18,400	768,221 5,000			
Total deductions	609,236	773,221			
Change in Net Position	(913,070)	(1,198,362)			
Net Position Restricted For Pension Benefits, Beginning of Year	6,705,194	6,810,327			
Net Position Restricted For Pension Benefits, End of Year	\$ 5,792,124	\$ 5,611,965			

#### D. Plan Descriptions and Funding Information

The **Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund (Policemen's Fund)** is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City, established in accordance with legislation enacted by the Arkansas General Assembly. Benefit provisions are established by State of Arkansas Act #16, as amended. Policemen's Fund assets are administered by a Board of Trustees.

The Policemen's Fund provides retirement benefits for policemen who have completed 20 years of service. Disability benefits are available to policemen who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the result of gainful employment performed outside of the police department. The Policemen's Fund also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children of deceased policemen. No benefits are vested to participants until normal retirement. At normal retirement, participants may elect to continue working and enter the Deferred Retirement Option Plan ("DROP") for up to 5 years. All policemen hired after January 1, 1983 participate in the Arkansas Local Police

and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981. Therefore, the Policemen's Fund is effectively closed to new members.

Contributions to the Policemen's Fund are set forth in Arkansas statute. The City's contribution to the Policemen's Fund consists of a one mill real and personal property tax collection, an insurance premium tax turnback collected by the State Insurance Commissioner, and a \$3 assessment against each court case plus 10% of fines and forfeitures collected. Administrative costs are financed through Fund assets approved by the Board of Trustees. Total contributions for 2022 to the Policemen's Fund were \$395,885. The City's share of contributions was \$395,885 and included \$303,797 in property taxes and \$45,184 in state insurance premium taxes and other supplements received from the state.

The *Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund* (Firemen's Fund) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the City, established in accordance with legislation enacted by the Arkansas General Assembly. Benefit provisions are established by State of Arkansas Act #14, as amended. Fund assets are administered by a Board of Trustees.

The Firemen's Fund provides retirement benefits for firemen who have completed 20 years of service. Disability benefits are available to firemen who become permanently disabled, unless the disability is the result of gainful employment performed outside of the fire department. The Firemen's Fund also provides benefits for surviving spouses and dependent children of deceased firemen. No benefits are vested to participants until normal retirement. At normal retirement, participants may elect to continue working and enter the DROP for up to 5 years. All firemen hired after January 1, 1983 participate in the Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System created by Act 364 of 1981. Therefore, the Firemen's Fund is effectively closed to new members.

Contributions to the Firemen's Fund are set forth in Arkansas statute. The City's contribution to the Firemen's Fund consists of a one mill real and personal property tax collection and an insurance premium tax turnback collected by the State Insurance Commissioner. Administrative costs are financed through Fund assets approved by the Board of Trustees. Total contributions for 2022 to the Firemen's Fund were \$440,203. The City's share of contributions was \$440,203 and included \$303,797 in property taxes and \$136,406 in state insurance premium taxes.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and the plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The State of Arkansas Fire and Police Pension Review Board is responsible for the coordination of the actuarial valuations performed on the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds. Actuarial evaluations are performed annually and the last evaluation was as of December 31, 2022.

For the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuations of each plan, the entry age cost method was used. The actuarial value of pension benefit assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The actuarial assumptions included a 5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), projected salary increases of 4.2% - 8.0%, which includes an inflation rate of 2.5% and no cost of living increases. The remaining amortization period on December 31, 2022 was 5 years using a level dollar, open basis, amortization period. The mortality assumption was based on the 1983 Group Annuity

Table for males, set back five years for females. There were no factors that significantly affected the identification of trends such as changes in benefits, actuarial methods or assumptions.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuations were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2007 through 2012.

#### F. Net Pension Liability and Changes in Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability were as follows as of December 31, 2022:

	Policemen's Fund		F	Firemen's Fund	
Total pension liability	\$	6,265,586	\$	7,647,777	
Plan's fiduciary net position City's net pension liability	\$	5,899,363 366,223	\$	5,608,570 2,039,207	
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		94.16%		73.34%	

Changes in the total pension liability, plan fiduciary net position, and the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

	Policemer	n's Pension and I	Relief Fund	Firemen's	Pension and Rel	ief Fund
	Total	Plan	Net	Total	Plan	Net
	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
	Liability	Net Position	(Asset)Liability	Liability	Net Position	Liability
Balances as of Beginning of Year	\$5,965,719	\$6,717,617	(751,898)	\$8,063,772	\$6,814,435	1,249,337
Changes for the year:						
Interest on total pension liability	284,597	-	284,597	385,467	-	385,467
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(182,875)	-	(182,875)	(92,615)	-	(92,615)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employee contributions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	350,701	(350,701)	-	375,405	(375,405)
Net investment income	-	(592,479)	592,479	-	(851,123)	851,123
Benefit payments and refunds	(547,570)	(547,570)	-	(708,848)	(708,848)	-
Administrative expenses	-	(16,433)	16,433	-	(10,901)	10,901
Benefit changes	745,714	-	745,714	-	-	-
Other		(12,473)	12,473		(10,398)	10,398
Net changes	299,866	(818,254)	1,118,119	(415,995)	(1,205,865)	789,870
Balances as of End of Year	\$6,265,586	\$5,899,363	366,223	\$7,647,777	\$5,608,570	\$2,039,207

# G. Pension Income and Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$713,733 for the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and pension expense of \$182,852 for the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund, as measured in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68. On December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Policemen's Fund			Fund
	De	eferred		Deferred
	Οι	utflows		Inflows
	of R	esources	0	f Resources
Net difference between expected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	\$	738,422	\$	166,245
Totals	\$	572,177	\$	-
		Firemen	ı's F	und
	De	eferred		Deferred
	0ι	utflows		Inflows
	of R	esources	0	f Resources
Net difference between expected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments	\$	952,576	\$	234,624
	\$	717,952	\$	-

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year				
Ending	P	olicemen's	F	iremen's
December 31,		Fund		Fund
2023	\$	69,728	\$	81,773
2024		154,697		160,889
2025		163,146		238,643
2026		184,606		236,647
	\$	572,177	\$	717,952

#### H. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The rates were built on a target allocation for all local police and fire pension funds; the target for an individual fund will vary within the guidelines of Arkansas law and regulation. The target allocation and the long-term expected rates of return are shown in the table below:

		Long-Term Real Rate	•
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Policemen's Fund	Firemen's Fund
Domestic fixed income	80.00%	2.25%	2.25%
Domestic equity	10.00%	4.75%	4.75%
Foreign equity	0.00%	6.25%	6.25%
Cash & equivalents	10.00%	0.25%	0.25%
Total	100.00%		

#### I. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 5.0% was used to measure the total pension liability for both the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 5.0%. The projection of cash flows, based on the assumptions made, found that the pension plan's net position was available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan

investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### J. Sensitivity to Discount Rate Changes

The following presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5% for the Policemen's and Firemen's Pension and Relief Funds as well as what the net pension liability(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (4.0%) or one percentage point higher (6.0%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease (4%)		Dis	Current scount Rate (5%)	 1% Increase (6%)
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Net pension liability (asset)	\$	889,609	\$	366,221	\$ (89,742)
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	Net pension liability	\$	2,681,851	\$	2,039,207	\$ 1,479,951

### Cost Sharing Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans

### Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System

### Plan Description and Funding Information

The Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System ("APERS") is a statewide cost-sharing, multiple employer pension plan established by authority of the Arkansas General Assembly with the passage of Act 177 of 1957 to provide retirement, disability, and survivor benefits for eligible employees and elected officials of state and local governmental entities in Arkansas. The plan covers all state employees who are not covered by another authorized plan, all county employees, municipal employees whose municipalities have elected coverage under the system, college and university employees and certain non-teaching school employees and other public entities specifically defined by law. The costs of administering the plan are paid out of investment earnings. At December 31, 2022, the City of Jacksonville had 116 employees enrolled in this plan.

The general administration and responsibility for the proper operation of APERS is vested in a nine-member board of trustees, which includes the State Auditor, State Treasurer, Director of the State Department of Finance and Administration, and three state and three non-state employees appointed by the Governor of Arkansas.

APERS was originally established as a contributory plan. However, with the passage of Act 793 of 1977, existing members and previous members were offered the opportunity to choose to become non-contributory members. Anyone joining the System subsequent to January 1, 1978, and had not previously been a member, was automatically enrolled as a non-contributory member. Act 2084 of 2005 provided for a new contributory program mandatory for APERS members first hired on or after July 1, 2005 and those non-contributory members who elected to become contributory. Members participating in the contributory program contribute 5.25% of their annual compensation. Active APERS members employed before July 1, 2005 were given until December 31, 2005 to elect coverage under the contributory program, or remain in the non-contributory program.

Benefit provisions are established by state law and may be amended by the Arkansas General Assembly. Members are eligible for full retirement benefits (1) at age sixty-five with five years of actual service, (2) at any age with twenty-eight years of actual service, or (3) under the old contributory plan (prior to 7/1/05), at age sixty with twenty years of actual service, or at age fifty-five with thirty-five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit amount, paid on a monthly basis, is determined by the member's final average salary and the number of years of service. A member may retire with a reduced benefit at age fifty-five with at least five years of actual service or at any age with twenty-five years of actual service.

Members are eligible for disability benefits with five years of service. Disability benefits are paid to a surviving spouse as if the member had 5 years of service and the monthly benefit is computed as if the member had retired and elected the Joint & 75% Survivor option. A cost-of-living adjustment of 3% of the current benefit is added each year.

Contribution requirements are set forth in Arkansas Code Annotated, Title 24, Chapter 4. The contributions are expected to be sufficient to finance the cost of benefits earned by members during the year and make a level payment that, if paid annually over a reasonable period of future years, will fully cover the unfunded costs of benefit commitments for services previously rendered (A.C.A,24-2-701) (a). Contribution provisions applicable to the participating employers are established by the APERS Board of Trustees, and are based on the actuary's determination of the rate required to fund the plan. Contributory member contribution rates were 5.25% for most covered employees and 7.75% for two elected officials for fiscal year 2022.

Detailed information about APERS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued APERS financial report, which may be obtained at <a href="https://www.apers.org/publications">www.apers.org/publications</a>.

The City was required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate which was 15.32% of covered payroll for employees and 17.82% for two newly elected officials for the year ended December 31, 2022. For 2022, participating members' contributions were \$214,023 and the City's contributions were \$795,539.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources Related to APERS

As of December 31, 2022, the City reported a liability of \$6,253,998 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability is based on actual City's contributions to the Plan relative to the actual contributions of all participating APERS members for the year ended June 30, 2022. At June 30, 2022, the City's proportion was 0.2319402%, compared to 0.22805020% for the prior year.

Pension related items are allocated between governmental and business activities on the basis of total contributions made during the year. The allocation for June 30, 2022 related pension items was 80% for governmental activities and 20% for business activities (Sanitation Services and AGFF Shooting Sports Complex Funds), which was an increase from the prior year. A deferred outflow and inflow have been recorded for each as shown below.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$180,407. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

APERS	Outflows of Resources			Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	150,117	\$	75,507		
Net differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		1,319,290		-		
Changes of assumptions		-		-		
Changes in proportion		112,693		79,617		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	424,412		424,412			
	\$	2,006,512	\$	155,124		

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$424,412 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2022, related to the Plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ 276,376
2024	197,165
2025	11,544
2026	 941,892
	\$ 1,426,976

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2017.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Valuation	June 30, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal Level Percent-of-
Amortization Method	Payroll
Remaining Amortization Asset Valuation Method	26 year closed 4-Year Smoothed Market with 25%
	Corridor
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Projected salary increase	3.25% - 9.85%
Inflation	3.25%
Cost of living adjustments	3.0% Annual
	Compounded

### Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the current asset allocation percentage and by adding expected price inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the table below:

APERS Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Broad domestic equity	37.00%	6.22%
International equity	24.00%	6.69%
Real assets	16.00%	4.81%
Absolute return	5.00%	3.05%
Domestic fixed	18.00%	0.57%
Total	100.00%	

### Discount Rate

In the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, a single discount rate of 7.15% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

		1%	Cu	rrent Single	1%
		Decrease	Rate	Assumption	Increase
		 (6.15%)		(7.15%)	 (8.15%)
Arkansas Public Employees Retirement	Net pension liability	\$ 9,942,713	\$	6,253,998	\$ 3,208,632

### Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System

### Plan Description and Funding Information

The Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI) is a statewide cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to police and fire employees of political subdivisions of the State of Arkansas. LOPFI was created by Act 364 of the 1981 General Assembly. The authority to establish and amend benefit provisions is set forth in Arkansas state statutes and is vested in the Arkansas Legislature with the concurrence of the Governor. Employees hired after January 1, 1983, whose political subdivision had a retirement system in effect at July 1, 1981, are eligible to participate in the Plan. LOPFI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information of the Plan, which may be obtained from the internet at <a href="https://www.lopfi-prb.com">www.lopfi-prb.com</a> or by contacting the following:

Arkansas Local Police and Fire Retirement System P.O. Drawer 34164 Little Rock, Arkansas 72203 501.682.1745 Contribution requirements are set forth in Arkansas statute. LOPFI members were required to contribute 2.5% for participating policemen and 8.5% for participating firemen of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, which was 24.0% for participating policemen and participating firemen. City contributions for 2022 to the Plan were \$1,547,273.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows / Inflows of Resources Related to LOPFI

At December 31, 2022, the LOPFI Police and LOPFI Fire reported a liability of \$7,387,359 and \$9,647,917, respectively, for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on actual City contributions to the Plan during the measurement period to total employer contributions of the group for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022. The City's proportionate share was 0.69190% and 0.90362% respectively, for LOPFI Police and LOPFI Fire compared to 0.79000% and 0.94319% respectively, for the prior year. The contributions used excluded contributions made for prior service, excess benefits and irregular payments.

For LOPFI Fire, pension related items are allocated between governmental and business activities on the basis of total contributions made during the year. The allocation for December 31, 2022 LOPFI Fire related pension items was 86% for governmental activities and 14% for business activities (Emergency Medical Services Fund), which was unchanged from the prior year. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources have been recorded for each as shown below.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the LOPFI Police and LOPFI Fire recognized pension expense of \$927,660 and \$1,456,079, respectively. On December 31, 2022, the LOPFI Police and LOPFI Fire reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

LOPFI - Police	(	Deferred Outflows Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	485,600	\$	_		
Net difference between expected and actual earnings		,				
on plan investments		1,798,210		-		
Changes in assumptions		80,536		572,790		
Changes in proportion		161,599		507,485		
Total	\$	2,525,945	\$	1,080,275		
		Deferred		Deferred		
	(	Outflows		Inflows		
LOPFI - Fire	of	Resources	of	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	634,195	\$	-		
Net difference between expected and actual earnings		0.040.400				
on plan investments		2,348,469		740.000		
Changes in assumptions		105,181		748,066		
		36,136		223,083		
Changes in proportion Total		3,123,981	\$	971,149		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at December 31, 2022 related to the Plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending				
December 31,	LC	OPFI Police	L	OPFI Fire
2023	\$	186,527	\$	277,768
2024		329,826		491,163
2025		360,796		537,283
2026		568,521		846,618
	\$	1,445,670	\$	2,152,832

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	LOPFI - Police	LOPFI - Fire
Wage inflation	3.00%	3.00%
Price inflation	2.25%	2.25%
Salary increases	3.25% - 18.75%, including inflation	3.25% - 18.75%, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.25%	7.25%
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed	5-year smoothed
	market: 20% corridor	market: 20% corridor

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Health Mortality Table Projected to 2019 Table, set forward two years for men.

The actuarial assumptions used for the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period 2008 through 2011.

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These real rates of return are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. For each major asset class that is included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of December 31, 2022, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

LOPFI Police and Fire Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Stock - Large Cap	21%	4.05%
U.S. Stock - Small Cap	21%	4.65%
International Equity	9%	5.27%
Emerging Markets	9%	7.49%
U.S. Corporate Bonds	25%	-0.35%
Real Estate	5%	3.76%
Private Equity	10%	9.10%
Total	100%	

### Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Plan assets are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the expected rate of return. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

### Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher than the current rate:

Local Police and Fire Retirement System (LOPFI)		1% Decrease (6.25%)		Current Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
LOPFI - Police	Net pension liability	\$	11,000,203	\$	7,387,359	\$	4,463,738
LOPFI - Fire	Net pension liability	\$	14,366,303	\$	9,647,917	\$	5,829,658

### **Note 7: Deferred Compensation Plan**

The City offers its employees the option to participate in a deferred compensation plan. The purpose of the plan is to provide retirement income and other deferred benefits to City of Jacksonville employees in accordance with provisions of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended. The plan, available to all permanent employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The City does not have any fiduciary responsibility or administrative duties relating to the deferred compensation plan other than remitting employees' contributions to the trustees. All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts and all income attributed to those amounts, property, or rights are held in trust by a third party for the participants. Accordingly, the City has not presented the assets and liabilities from the plan in these basic financial statements.

### **Note 8: Other Postemployment Benefits**

#### General Information about the OPEB Plan

The City of Jacksonville participates in the Municipal Health Benefit Fund (MHBF), a statewide costsharing, multiple employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan administered by the Arkansas Municipal League. MHBF provides medical benefits to retired employees of participating municipalities. Arkansas statute provides that any municipal city official or employee vested in any of the City's retirement plans with 20 years of service and attains 55 years of age may continue to participate in the City's healthcare plan after retirement. The State of Arkansas has the authority to establish and amend the requirements of this statute. The City does not issue stand alone financial statements of the plan. However, all required information is presented in this report.

The contribution requirements of plan members are established by terms and conditions as set forth in the MHBF Funding Booklet. Plan members pay the entire cost of monthly insurance premiums at the same rate charged to active employees and receive a benefit from the blended premium rate from all of the employees participating in the MHBF insurance plan. The City is not required to make contributions to the plan on behalf of the retirees and funds the plan on a projected pay-as-you-go financing method. The plan has three active participants who pay monthly premiums ranging from \$445 for single coverage to \$992 for family coverage. Total contributions for the year ending December 31, 2022 was \$14,324.

### Net OPEB Liability

The City's net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The components of the net OPEB liability of the City at December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
	Total OPEB	Plan Fiduciary	Net OPEB			
	Liability	<b>Net Position</b>	Liability			
	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)			
Balances at January 1, 2022	\$1,803,551	\$0	1,803,551			
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	123,006	=	123,006			
Interest	43,186	=	43,186			
Differences between expected						
and actual experience	(558,276)	=	(558,276)			
Employer contributions	-	14,324	(14,324)			
Employee contributions	-	-	-			
Benefit payments	(14,324)	(14,324)	-			
Change in discount rate	(257,799)	<u>-</u>	(257,799)			
Net changes	(664,207)		(664,207)			
Balances at December 31, 2022	\$1,139,344	\$0	\$1,139,344			

### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended December 31, 2022, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$77,121. At December 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		eferred utflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of F	Resources	of Resources		
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	\$	-	\$	671,243	
Changes of assumptions		192,531		321,327	
	\$	192,531	\$	992,570	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OBEB expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ (74,747)
2024	(74,747)
2025	(74,747)
2026	(74,747)
2027	(74,747)
Thereafter	 (426,304)
Total	\$ (800,039)

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Inflation 3.00% Investment rate of return 4.31%

Health care cost trend rates 8% in year 1, graded downward 0.5% per year,

to 5% in year 7 and later

Pre and post-retirement mortality RP 2014 Mortality Table

Base claim costs Retiree (no Medicare) \$1,387.52, Retiree (with Medicare) \$758.57

Premium assumed at \$758.57 per month for net subsidy of \$628.95

Administrative Costs None assumed

Family Coverage Sponsor provide single coverage only

Selection of coverage 85% of eligible retirees would select plan upon retirement, 15%

would continue past age 65

Voluntary terminations Same as assumptions used by APERS

### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return. The target allocation and the long-term expected rates of return are shown in the table below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic fixed income	0.00%	0.00%
International fixed income	0.00%	0.00%
Domestic equity	0.00%	0.00%
Foreign equity	0.00%	0.00%
Cash	100.00%	2.81%
Subtotal	100.00%	2.81%
Inflation		1.50%
Total		4.31%

### Discount Rate

A discount rate of 4.31% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This rate considers the ability of the fund to meet benefit obligations in the future. To make this determination, employer contributions, employee contributions, benefit payments, expenses and investment returns are projected into the future. The plan net position (assets) in future years can then be projected and compared to the obligation to make benefit payments in those years. As long as assets are projected to be on hand in a future year, the assumed valuation discount rate is used. In years where assets are not projected to be sufficient to meet benefit payments, the use of a "risk-free" rate is required. The single discount rate is equivalent to applying these two rates to the benefits that are projected to be paid during the different time periods.

### Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following table presents the net OBEB liability of the City calculated using the single discount rate of 4.31%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.31%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.31%) than the current rate:

_		1% Decrease (3.31%)		(4.31%)	1% Increase (5.31%)		
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,259,210	\$	1,139,344	\$	1,029,856	

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates: The following presents the net OBEB liability of the City, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trends:

		1%		Current		1%
	ı	Decrease		count Rate		Increase
	i	in HCCTR		in HCCTR		n HCCTR
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,259,210	\$	1,139,344	\$	1,338,789

### Note 9: Interlocal Agreement: Central Arkansas Library System

The cities of Little Rock, Jacksonville, Maumelle, Sherwood, and Pulaski and Perry Counties entered into an agreement on January 28, 1998, to establish the public library system for the Central Arkansas area which will offer library services to the public within the communities of each of the participating entities. The agreement states that the funding will be derived from tax millage assessed by the participating entities, state formula distribution, fees and fines, and endowment fund earnings and gifts. The Board of Directors shall consist of seven directors for the City of Little Rock, one each for the Cities of Jacksonville, Maumelle and Sherwood, two directors from Pulaski County and one director representing Perry County. The City provided a building and paid \$71,801 for operating expenses in 2022. Separate financial statements of the Central Arkansas Library System are available at 100 Rock Street, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201.

### Note 10: Risk Management

The City and its component units have various insurance policies to cover their potential liability risk areas (i.e., automobile, personal property, contents and outside structures, and worker's compensation). The type of coverage and the liability limits vary with each entity. Coverage is provided both commercially and through the Arkansas Municipal League (AML), which is an association of local governments. AML provides the City with automobile and legal defense. Fixed premiums are set annually by AML based on such factors as claims experience, employee class multipliers, and population. For risks covered by AML, the City pays no deductible; however, the City pays a \$3,000 fee to AML for each legal matter it handles. Coverage under these policies meets statutory liability limits and requirements, and the City's risk of loss is effectively transferred. Additionally, the City has instituted various safety programs to reduce losses. The budgeting process includes provisions for accumulating funds to cover deductibles and any minor items which would not be covered by commercially purchased policies. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from 2021 to 2022 and there were no settlements that exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

### **Note 11: Property Taxes**

City property taxes are levied each November 1 on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The property tax is considered due the first Monday in January (the lien date) after the levy; however, the tax is not considered delinquent until October 11 of that year. As a result, the majority of the tax is not collected within the time frame necessary to finance the liabilities of the current period. Property taxes which remain delinquent for a period of three years are certified to the land commissioner where a lien is recorded and held on file. If property taxes remain delinquent for a period of seven years, the property will be subsequently sold by the land commissioner. If proceeds from the sale are sufficient to cover all claims, the City will collect on the past due property taxes. Pulaski County is the collecting agent and remits collections to the City, net of a collection fee, on a monthly basis

In the governmental funds, property taxes are measurable when levied even though not available. As a result, on December 31, 2022 property taxes receivable and related deferred inflows of resources of \$1,473,014 have been recorded in the governmental funds. In the government-wide statement of net

position, property taxes are considered earned at the time levied. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible. The appraised value of taxable property upon which the property tax is levied is determined by the county assessor. The assessor estimates full market value and applies the statutory rate of 20% to arrive at assessed value.

Millages available to finance City operations and for other purposes are as follows:

Description	Millage Limit	Levied 2021 for 2022 Collections
		0.50
General government	5.00	0.50
General government-capital improvements	-	0.50
Library capital improvement bonds	5.00	-
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	1.00	1.00
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	1.00	1.00
Roads	1.45	1.45
	13.45	4.45

### Note 12: Sales Taxes

In April 1982, Pulaski County began assessing a 1% sales and use tax on retail sales in the county. Each city within Pulaski County receives a portion of the tax based upon population of the city. Currently the City receives approximately 8.276% of the county tax. The tax is collected by the state and remitted to the City, net of a collection fee. County sales taxes remitted to the City or in control of the collecting agent totaled \$8,226,081 for 2022. These taxes are included in the General Fund's sales tax revenues in the accompanying financial statements.

In March 1993, the City began assessing a 1% sales and use tax on retail sales in the City. Upon approval of the tax by the City's voters, the City rescinded its five (5) mill general property tax assessment. Revenues from the tax are used to fund capital improvements and general municipal services within the City. In November 2003, City voters approved an additional 1% sales and use tax. The City began assessing the tax in January 2004. Revenues from the additional 1% tax are to be used to construct, develop, maintain, and operate a joint education center, an outdoor family aquatics center, a training facility for the Jacksonville Police and Fire Departments, other City capital improvements and for the general operation and improvement of City facilities and services. The tax is collected by the state and remitted to the City, net of a collection fee. Taxes for this purpose remitted to the City or in control of the collecting agent totaled \$10,734,361 for 2022. These taxes are included in the General Fund's sales tax revenues in the accompanying financial statements.

### **Note 13: Contingencies**

The City participates in various federal grant programs, the principal of which are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the *Single Audit Act* as amended. Accordingly, the City's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures, which may be disallowed by the granting agencies, cannot be determined at this time, although the City anticipates such amounts, if any, will be immaterial.

The City, its agencies, and its employees are defendants in legal proceedings, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. Most of these matters are subject to the legal representation and coverage of the Arkansas Municipal League Legal Defense Program ("Program").

The Program, a pooled risk, funded trust, provides coverage for legal defense, expenses, and damages in suits against City officials and employees and civil rights suits against the municipal government. The Program only pays judgments for actual damages (not punitive damages) imposed on municipal

governments and employees. The maximum coverage of any one loss cannot exceed 25% of the Program's funded reserves at the time the lawsuit was filed or the judgment becomes final, or \$1 million, whichever is less.

The City attorney represents the City in all other actions. The City appropriates funds as necessary to meet settlements and awards. The City accrues a liability when it is incurred and when the contingency is probable and reasonably estimable.

In the opinion of the City's management and legal counsel, the amount of potential financial exposure as a result of these matters would not have a material adverse impact on the financial position of the City. However, events could occur in the near term that would cause these estimates to change materially.

As a result of the spread of the SARS-CoV-2 virus and the incidence of COVID-19, economic uncertainties have arisen which may negatively affect the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of the City. The duration of these uncertainties and future changes caused by the current economic environment and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time but could be significant.

### **Note 14: Discretely Presented Component Units**

### **Jacksonville Municipal Water Works (JMWW)**

### Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance anuary 1,					De	Balance ecember 31,
Jacksonville Municipal Water Works		2022		Increases		eases		2022
Capital Assets, non-depreciable								
Land	\$	889,750	\$	224,236	\$	-	\$	1,113,986
Construction in progress		2,000,717		3,018,186				5,018,903
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		2,890,467		3,242,422				6,132,889
Capital Assets, depreciable								
Utility system		56,551,579		4,873,257		-		61,424,836
LRAFB water distribution system		17,750,941		-		-		17,750,941
Buildings and improvements		2,663,393		-		-		2,663,393
Furniture and equipment		3,190,768		20,100				3,210,868
Total capital assets, depreciable		80,156,681		4,893,357				85,050,038
Less accumulated depreciation		31,915,127		2,600,304				34,515,431
Total capital assets, depreciable, net		48,241,554		2,293,053				50,534,607
Total capital assets, net	\$	51,132,021	\$	5,535,475	\$		\$	56,667,496

### Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt consists of Water Capital Improvement Revenue Bonds and Little Rock Air Force Base Distribution System Contingent Liability for which the changes in the year are as follows:

	Balance						Balance		Amounts
	January 1,					D	ecember 31,		Due In
Jacksonville Municipal Water Works	2022	In	creases	s Decreases			2022		One Year
Water revenue bonds	\$ 19,334,060	\$	-	\$	3,356,049	\$	15,978,011	\$	3,394,816

The annual requirements to amortize water bond indebtedness outstanding, and scheduled, including interest are as follows:

Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 3,394,816	\$ 180,992	\$ 3,575,808
2024	3,437,025	138,783	3,575,808
2025	3,479,779	96,029	3,575,808
2026	3,195,888	48,915	3,244,803
2027	1,849,830	16,242	1,866,072
2028-2032	620,673	1,351	622,024
Total	\$ 15,978,011	\$ 482,312	\$ 16,460,323

### Net Pension Liability

JMWW participates in the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS). The general information and actuarial assumptions related to this plan can be found in *Note 6* above. See below for information about JMWW's Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At December 31, 2022, JMWW reported a liability of \$2,035,228 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. JMWW's portion of the net pension liability was based on JMWW's contributions to the pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating APERS members. At June 30, 2022, JMWW's proportion was 0.0754799% compared to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021 of 0.0715724%.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, JMWW recognized pension expense of \$232,516. At December 31, 2022, JMWW reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	eferred outflows Resources	In	eferred nflows esources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	48,852	\$	24,572
Net differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		429,334		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Changes in proportion		69,222		52,603
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		118,523		-
	\$	665,931	\$	77,175

The \$118,523 reported as net pension liability at December 31, 2022, related to pensions resulting from JMWW's contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ 88,381
2024	61,058
2025	21,382
2026	299,412
	\$ 470,233

### Sensitivity of JMWW Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents JMWW proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what JMWW proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

		1% Current Sir		rrent Single	1%		
		Decrease Rate Assumption			Increase		
		 (6.15%)	(7.15%)			(8.15%)	
APERS- Jacksonville Water	Net pension liability	\$ 3,235,640	\$	2,035,228	\$	1,044,179	

### Jacksonville Wastewater Utility (JWWU)

### Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

Jacksonville Wastewater Utility	Balance January 1, 2022			ncreases	Balance December 31, 2022		
Capital Assets, non-depreciable							
Land	\$	411,491	\$	-	\$ -	\$	411,491
Construction in progress		1,519,873		7,099,678	 		8,619,551
Total capital assets, non-depreciable		1,931,364		7,099,678	 		9,031,042
Capital Assets, depreciable							
Utility system		62,184,936		290,977	(85,588)		62,390,325
Buildings and improvements		2,437,312		-	-		2,437,312
Furniture and equipment		2,678,994		263,320	 (14,371)		2,927,943
Total capital assets, depreciable		67,301,240		554,297	(99,959)		67,755,578
Less accumulated depreciation		40,661,408		2,068,801	(98,612)		42,631,597
Total capital assets, net	\$	28,571,196	\$	5,585,174	\$ (1,347)	\$	34,155,023

### Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term debt consists of Wastewater Refunding and Construction Revenue Bonds for which the changes in the year are as follows:

	,	Balance January 1,		D	Balance ecember 31,	Amounts Due In				
Jacksonville Wastewater Utility		2022	In	icreases	D	ecreases		2022		One Year
Wastewater revenue bonds	\$	22,635,000	\$	-	\$	500,000	\$	22,135,000	\$	935,000
Less: issuance discount		(130,435)		11,988		-		(118,447)		-
	\$	22,504,565	\$	11,988	\$	500,000	\$	22,016,553	\$	935,000

The annual requirements to amortize wastewater bond indebtedness outstanding, and scheduled, including interest are as follows:

Year		Principal		Interest		Total			
2023	\$	935,000	\$	472,622		\$	1,407,622		
2024		955,000		453,492			1,408,492		
2025		970,000		438,012			1,408,012		
2026		985,000		420,680			1,405,680		
2027		1,005,000		400,904			1,405,904		
2028-2032		5,310,000		1,724,624			7,034,624		
2033-2037		5,910,000		1,134,494			7,044,494		
Thereafter		6,065,000		383,798			6,448,798		
Total	Ş	22,135,000	\$	5,428,626		Ş	27,563,626		

### Net Pension Liability

JWWU participates in the Arkansas Public Employees Retirement System (APERS). The general information and actuarial assumptions related to this plan can be found in *Note 6* above. See below for information about JWWU's Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At December 31, 2022, JWWU reported a liability of \$1,712,802, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. JWWU's proportion of the net pension liability is based on the JWWU's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating APERS members. At June 30, 2022, JWWU's proportion was 0.06352218% compared to its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020 of 0.06368725%.

For the year ended December 31, 2022, JWWU recognized pension expense of \$134,659. At December 31, 2022, JWWU reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		eferred utflows		erred lows
	of R	esources	of Re	sources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	361,318	\$	-
Net differences between expected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		20,434		-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Changes in proportion		222		39,734
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		102,005		-
	\$	483,979	\$	39,734

The \$102,005 reported as deferred outflows of resources at December 31, 2022, related to pension resulting from JWWU's contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending December 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	
Ending	
December 31,	
2023	\$ 43,839
2024	44,080
2025	2,341
2026	251,980
	\$ 342,240

### Sensitivity of JWWU Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents JWWU proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15%, as well as what JWWU proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15%) than the current rate:

		1%	Cu	rrent Single		1%	
		Decrease	Rate	Assumption		Increase	
		 (6.15%)		(7.15%)	(8.15%)		
APERS- Jacksonville WasteWater	Net pension liability	\$ 2,723,042	\$	1,712,802	\$	878,758	

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 755,000	\$ 765,000	\$ 782,599	\$ 17,599
Sales taxes	17,916,000	19,387,359	19,085,733	(301,626)
Licenses and permits	257,100	288,931	291,681	2,750
Intergovernmental	1,798,323	4,855,081	4,887,230	32,149
Charges for services	676,500	648,719	1,153,639	504,920
Fines and fees	248,616	280,116	344,192	64,076
Utility franchise taxes	1,088,900	1,150,762	1,274,208	123,446
Investment income	-	5,286	126,510	121,224
Miscellaneous	690,250	873,915	402,130	(471,785)
Total revenues	23,430,689	28,255,169	28,347,921	92,752
Expenditures				
General government				
General administration	213,598	204,091	856,174	(652,083)
City council	116,285	115,860	115,971	(111)
Mayor	270,482	272,732	273,027	(295)
City clerk	169,063	163,126	161,607	1,519
City attorney	306,874	296,758	274,188	22,570
District court	518,232	423,827	383,026	40,801
Director of administration	15,189	21,750	21,600	150
Director of information technology	628,970	674,730	618,661	56,069
Finance	530,513	528,534	524,472	4,062
Human resources	214,837	227,599	245,267	(17,668)
Fleet services	213,401	216,868	219,405	(2,537)
Community programs	360,456	910,917	156,610	754,307
Total general government	3,557,900	4,056,792	3,850,007	206,785
Public works				
Public works coordinator	210,905	167,012	169,453	(2,441)
Engineering	400,291	322,843	315,500	7,343
Code enforcement	446,768	368,330	333,303	35,027
Total public works	1,057,964	858,185	818,256	39,929
Parks and recreation services	3,620,759	5,231,604	3,459,198	1,772,406
Police	7,620,669	7,822,064	7,371,013	451,051
Fire	5,364,801	5,790,142	5,616,950	173,192
Emergency communication services	1,024,726	850,773	795,729	55,044
Animal control	363,870	365,609	347,164	18,445
Total expenditures	22,610,689	24,975,169	22,258,317	2,716,852
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	820,000	3,280,000	6,089,604	2,809,604
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	5,000	5,000	650	(4,350)
Transfers out	(825,000)	(3,285,000)	(5,990,779)	(2,705,779)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(820,000)	(3,280,000)	(5,990,130)	(2,710,130)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	99,474	99,474
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	9,045,583	9,045,583	9,045,583	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 9,045,583	\$ 9,045,583	\$ 9,145,057	\$ 99,474

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,702,000	\$ 2,917,159	\$ 2,983,992	\$ 66,833
Investment income	15,000	15,000	114,978	99,978
Miscellaneous	1,500	732,812	15,623	(717,189)
Total revenues	2,718,500	3,664,971	3,114,593	(550,378)
Expenditures				
Public works				
Streets and drainage	2,718,500	3,664,971	3,297,548	367,423
Total expenditures	2,718,500	3,664,971	3,297,548	367,423
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over Expenditures	-	-	(182,955)	(182,955)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	6,418,019	6,418,019	6,418,019	
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 6,418,019	\$ 6,418,019	\$ 6,235,064	\$ (182,955)

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

By December 1 of each year, the City's Mayor is required to submit to the City Council ("Council") a proposed budget for the fiscal year beginning on the following January 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted prior to adoption of the budget to allow citizen input. The state statute governing adoption of annual budgets requires the Council to approve the budget prior to February 1. For practical purposes, the Council usually adopts the budget in December. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General Fund and the Street Fund, a special revenue fund.

The Mayor is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department must be approved by the Council.

Appropriations for special projects are made each year by the City Council to finance specific projects and capital outlays. These projects are carried forward each year until they are fully expended or repealed by the City Council.

The City prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). Appropriations lapse at the end of each year. The *Budgetary Comparison Schedules* for the General Fund and for the Street Fund present the original and revised budget amounts in comparison to the actual revenues and expenditures for the current year.

As of December 31, 2022, the Street Fund had an excess of expenditures over revenues of \$182,955. This was a result of a one-time payment made to Jacksonville Municipal Water Works to relocate water lines for the widening of Highway 167 project and the reduction in expected miscellaneous revenues.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$ 123,006	\$ 130,094	\$ 86,593	\$ 80,712
Interest	43,186	35,310	53,332	53,176
Differences between expected and actual experience	(558,276)	-	(182,270)	-
Changes of assumptions	(257,799)	(54,148)	206,768	56,184
Benefit payments	(14,324)	(14,324)	(14,324)	(27,454)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(664,207)	96,932	150,099	162,618
Total OPEB liability - Beginning	1,803,551	1,706,619	1,556,520	1,393,902
Total OPEB liability - Ending (a)	1,139,344	1,803,551	1,706,619	1,556,520
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	14,324	14,324	14,324	27,454
Benefit payments	(14,324)	(14,324)	(14,324)	(27,454)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - Beginning				
Plan fiduciary net position - Ending (b)				
Net OPEB liability - Ending (a)-(b)	1,139,344	1,803,551	1,706,619	1,556,520
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the				
total OPEB liability	0%	0%	0%	0%
Covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

# OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Actuarially Determined Contribution	\$ 205,412	\$ 204,848	\$ 167,401	\$ 156,481
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	 14,324	14,324	 14,324	 27,454
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 191,088	\$ 190,524	\$ 153,077	\$ 129,027
Covered employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Contributions as a percentage of employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Assumed single discount rate	4.31%	1.93%	3.26%	3.64%

### Notes to Schedule:

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Valuation date

Actuarial cost method Amortization method Remaining amortization period Asset valuation method Assumed single discount rate Assumed inflation

Assumed retirement age

Mortality

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated as of December 31 after the valuation date. Entry Age Normal Level dollar over 30 years from January 1, 2018. 30 years Market value

Shown in table above. 3.00%

Experience-based table of rates that are specific

to the type of eligibility condition

RP 2014 Mortality Table

### Other information:

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Annual Money- Weighted Rate
Fiscal Year Ending	of Return
12/31/2018	0%
12/31/2019	0%
12/31/2020	0%
12/31/2021	0%
12/31/2022	0%

### Other information:

The information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net OPEB liability and is intended to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled in accordance with the provision, only periods for which such information is available are presented.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PENSION FUND NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Fiscal year ending December 31,		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total pension liability: Interest	Ś	284,597	Ś	275,867	Ś	275,568	Ś	280,024	Ś	278,842	Ś	286,440	Ś	307,361	Ś	330,964
Changes of benefit terms		745,714	·	576,604		384,292	·	418,451		449,142		-	•	-		· -
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions		(182,875)		(310,704) 155,297		(152,150)		(276,719)		(184,491)		77,943		(205,160)		(266,517)
Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions		(547,570)		(497,377)		(506,064)		(515,688)		(524,022)		(508,690)		(532,529)		(540,476)
Net change in total pension liability		299,866		199,687		1,645		(93,933)		19,471		(144,307)		(430,328)		(476,029)
Total pension liability, beginning of year		5,965,719		5,766,031		5,764,386		5,858,319		5,838,848		5,983,154		6,413,482		6,889,512
Total pension liability, end of year	\$	6,265,586	\$	5,965,719	\$	5,766,031	\$	5,764,386	\$	5,858,319	\$	5,838,848	\$	5,983,154	\$	6,413,483
Plan fiduciary net position:																
Employer contributions Net investment income	\$	350,701	\$	370,790	\$	338,600 350,256	\$	334,222 706,670	\$	334,484	\$	329,627	\$	341,668	\$	334,472
Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions		(592,479) (547,570)		425,307 (497,377)		(506,064)		(515,688)		(190,014) (524,022)		491,440 (508,690)		304,119 (532,529)		(140,490) (540,476)
Administrative expense		(16,433)		(3,100)		(8,847)		(8,778)		(8,987)		(6,932)		(6,967)		(7,706)
Other		(12,473)		(3,046)		2,746		250		50		9,858		150		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(818,254)		292,574		176,691		516,676		(388,489)		315,303		106,441		(354,200)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		6,717,617		6,425,043		6,248,352		5,731,676		6,120,165		5,804,861		5,698,420		6,052,620
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$	5,899,363	\$	6,717,617	\$	6,425,043	\$	6,248,352	\$	5,731,676	\$	6,120,164	\$	5,804,861	\$	5,698,420
City's net pension liability (asset), end of year	\$	366,223	\$	(751,898)	\$	(659,012)	\$	(483,966)	\$	126,643	\$	(281,316)	\$	178,293	\$	715,063
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		94.16%		112.60%		111.43%		108.40%		97.84%		104.82%		97.02%		88.85%
Covered payroll			\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A

Note to the Schedule:

A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN PENSION FUND NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund

Fiscal year ending December 31,	 2022	 2021	2020	_	2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability: Interest Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions	\$ 385,467 (92,615) - (708,848)	\$ 382,936 101,022 286,026 (729,885)	\$ 408,225 (180,253) (737,603)	\$	431,668 (145,950) - (771,546)	\$ 454,423 (126,560) - (794,388)	\$ 464,671 126,580 - (798,043)	\$ 481,908 91,701 - (1,038,656)	\$ 528,688 (473,629) - (942,640)
Net change in total pension liability	(415,995)	40,100	(509,631)		(485,828)	(466,525)	 (206,792)	(465,046)	(887,581)
Total pension liability, beginning of year	 8,063,772	 8,023,672	 8,533,304		9,019,132	 9,485,657	9,692,449	 10,157,495	 11,045,076
Total pension liability, end of year	\$ 7,647,777	\$ 8,063,772	\$ 8,023,673	\$	8,533,304	\$ 9,019,132	\$ 9,485,657	\$ 9,692,449	\$ 10,157,495
Plan fiduciary net position: Employer contributions Plan member contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including refunds of plan member contributions Administrative expense Other Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ 375,405 - (851,123) (708,848) (10,901) (10,398) (1,205,865)	\$ 465,720 - 321,461 (729,885) (8,125) 316 49,487	\$ 444,520 - 699,386 (737,603) (7,457) 3,500 402,346	\$	435,210 - 687,769 (771,546) (1,600) - 349,833	\$ 388,103 - (270,812) (794,388) (2,094) - (679,191)	\$ 380,031 - 658,346 (798,043) (6,942) 9,858 243,250	\$ 418,220 2,191 176,675 (1,038,656) (6,448) (448,017)	\$ 399,410 7,017 (77,487) (942,640) (6,425) 2,800 (617,325)
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year Plan fiduciary net position, end of year	\$ 6,814,435 5,608,570	\$ 6,764,948 6,814,435	\$ 6,362,602 6,764,948	\$	6,012,769 6,362,602	\$ 6,691,960 6,012,769	\$ 6,448,710 6,691,960	\$ 6,896,727 6,448,710	\$ 7,514,052 6,896,727
City's net pension liability, end of year	\$ 2,039,207	\$ 1,249,337	\$ 1,258,725	\$	2,170,702	\$ 3,006,363	\$ 2,793,697	\$ 3,243,739	\$ 3,260,768
Plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.34%	84.51%	84.31%		74.56%	66.67%	70.55%	66.53%	67.90%
Covered payroll		\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

#### Note to the Schedule:

A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Actuarially Determined Year Ended Contribution December 31 (ADC)				Actual ntribution	D	ontribution deficiency (Excess)	vered yroll	Actual Contribution as % of Covered Payroll
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	2014	\$	222,748	\$	341,169	\$	(118,421)	\$ -	N/A
	2015		188,699		334,472		(145,773)	-	N/A
	2016		161,229		341,668		(180,439)	-	N/A
	2017		40,201		329,627		(289,427)	-	N/A
	2018		-		334,484		(334,484)	-	N/A
	2019		28,555		334,222		(305,667)	-	N/A
	2020		-		338,600		(338,600)	-	N/A
	2021		-		370,790		(370,790)	-	N/A
	2022		-		350,701		(350,701)	-	N/A

### Notes to the Schedule:

A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

### Key Assumptions for ADC:

Cost Method Entry age normal
Amortization Method Level dollar, open
Remaining Amortization Five years

Asset Valuation Market value of assets

Investment rate of return 5.00% Mortality 1983 GAM

	Year Ended December 31	D	actuarially etermined ontribution (ADC)	Actual ntribution	D	entribution eficiency Excess)	vered ayroll	Actual Contribution as % of Covered Payroll
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	2014	\$	745,307	\$ 395,673	\$	349,634	\$ -	N/A
	2015		796,158	399,410		396,748	-	N/A
	2016		735,223	418,220		317,003	-	N/A
	2017		731,383	380,031		351,352	-	N/A
	2018		629,910	388,103		241,807	-	N/A
	2019		677,861	435,210		242,651	-	N/A
	2020		489,440	444,520		44,920	-	N/A
	2021		283,811	465,720		(181,909)	-	N/A
	2022		281,695	375,405		(93,710)	-	N/A

### Notes to the Schedule:

A full 10 year schedule will be completed as information is available.

### Key Assumptions for ADC:

Cost Method Entry age normal
Amortization Method Level dollar, open
Remaining Amortization Five years

Asset Valuation Market value of assets

Investment Return/Discount 5.00% Mortality 1983 GAM

COST SHARING PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### ARKANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

June 30	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2319402%	0.2280502%	0.2342207%	0.2257885%	0.2284472%	0.2546313%	0.2592827%	0.2593006%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,253,998	\$ 1,753,325	\$ 6,707,109	\$ 5,447,214	\$ 5,039,397	\$ 6,580,031	\$ 6,200,353	\$ 4,775,626
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,178,176	\$ 4,618,641	\$ 4,599,406	\$ 4,413,157	\$ 4,280,563	\$ 4,393,927	\$ 4,312,438	\$ 4,309,745
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	120.78%	37.96%	145.83%	123.43%	117.73%	149.75%	143.78%	110.81%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.31%	93.57%	75.38%	78.55%	79.59%	75.65%	75.50%	80.39%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (June 30 of the fiscal year) of the City's net pension liability.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

COST SHARING PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### ARKANSAS PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM

December 31	 2022	 2021		2020	-	2019	_	2018	 2017	 2016	 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 795,539	\$ 720,204	\$	759,906		\$ 744,077	\$	684,529	\$ 661,320	\$ 685,822	\$ 679,053
Contributions related to the contractually required contribution	 795,539	 720,204	_	759,906	-	744,077	_	684,529	 661,320	 685,822	 679,053
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 	\$			\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 
City's covered payroll	\$ 5,236,373	\$ 4,777,726	\$	4,731,388		\$ 4,616,073	\$	4,302,673	\$ 4,405,479	\$ 4,556,439	\$ 4,403,272
Contributions as a percent of covered payroll	15.19%	15.07%		16.06%		16.12%		15.91%	15.01%	15.05%	15.42%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

COST SHARING PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### ARKANSAS LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### LOPFI - Police

December 31		2022		2021		2020		2019	 2018		2017		2016	_	2015
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.691900%		0.790000%		0.739420%		0.742450%	0.804420%		1.052449%		1.140590%		1.217420%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,387,359	\$	3,991,977	\$	5,083,402	\$	5,737,215	\$ 7,258,921	\$	7,478,672	\$	6,507,408	\$	6,388,710
City's covered payroll	\$	3,202,718	\$	3,141,095	\$	2,966,189	\$	2,721,171	\$ 2,835,601	\$	3,458,671	\$	3,506,494	\$	3,535,137
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		230.66%		127.09%		171.38%		210.84%	255.99%		216.23%		185.58%		180.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		69.07%		77.79%		77.79%		73.03%	65.84%		71.17%		72.46%		72.41%
LOPFI - Fire															
December 31															2015
		2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	 2018		2017		2016	_	
City's proportion of the net pension liability		0.903620%		0.943190%		0.947950%		0.926060%	 0.937480%	_	0.947852%	_	1.038400%	_	0.989380%
City's proportion of the net pension liability  City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$		\$		\$	0.947950%	\$		\$	\$		\$		\$	
	\$	0.903620%	\$	0.943190%	\$	0.947950% 6,517,008	\$	0.926060%	\$ 0.937480% 8,459,642	\$	0.947852%	\$	1.038400%	\$	0.989380%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	•	0.903620% 9,647,917		0.943190% 4,766,058	·	0.947950% 6,517,008	•	0.926060% 7,156,028	0.937480% 8,459,642		0.947852% 6,735,410	,	1.038400% 5,924,363	*	0.989380%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

Information in this schedule has been determined as of the measurement date (December 31) of the City's net pension liability.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

COST SHARING PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### ARKANSAS LOCAL POLICE AND FIRE RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### LOPFI - Police

December 31	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 670,976	\$ 720,800	\$ 654,109	\$ 619,463	\$ 713,355	\$ 752,784	\$ 779,997	\$ 755,994
Contributions related to the contractually required contribution	670,976	720,800	654,109	619,463	713,355	752,784	779,997	755,994
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,202,718	\$ 3,141,095	\$ 2,966,189	\$ 2,721,171	\$ 2,835,601	\$ 3,458,671	\$ 3,506,494	\$ 3,535,137
Contribution as a percent of covered payroll	20.95%	22.95%	22.05%	22.76%	25.16%	21.77%	22.24%	21.39%
LOPFI - Fire								
December 31	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 876,297	\$ 859,014	\$ 838,281	\$ 772,808	\$ 760,297	\$ 678,135	\$ 686,207	\$ 614,388
Contributions related to the contractually required contribution	876,297	859,014	838,281	772,808	760,297	678,135	686,207	614,388
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
City's covered payroll	\$ 3,836,020	\$ 3,728,943	\$ 3,636,433	\$ 3,380,971	\$ 3,417,168	\$ 3,443,817	\$ 3,369,089	\$ 3,322,435
Contribution as a percent of covered payroll	22.84%	23.04%	23.05%	22.86%	22.25%	19.69%	20.37%	18.49%

#### Notes to the Schedule:

Information in this schedule has been determined as of the City's most recent year-end.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled under the provisions of GASB 68, the City will only present available information.

# DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS - REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

-	Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Money-weighted Rate of Return
Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund	12/31/2022	-9.15%
	12/31/2021	6.69%
	12/31/2020	5.68%
	12/31/2019	12.54%
	12/31/2018	(3.16%)
	12/31/2017	8.60%
	12/31/2016	5.43%
	12/31/2015	(2.36%)
	12/31/2013	12.05%
Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund	12/31/2022	-13.00%
	12/31/2021	4.85%
	12/31/2020	11.25%
	12/31/2019	11.77%
	12/31/2018	(4.17%)
	12/31/2017	10.55%
	12/31/2016	2.68%
	12/31/2015	(1.07%)
	12/31/2014	2.58%

### Notes to Schedule:

The amounts shown are net of investment expenses.

The actuary calculated these rates using the provided information: therefore, these are annual money-weighted rates. Monthly money-weighted returns were not available.



## NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for resources which are designated by law or contractual agreement for particular functions or activities and are legally required to be accounted for in separate funds. Such resources are derived from specific taxes, federal grant and entitlement monies, and multi-year appropriations.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund (CDBG)</u> – Accounts for CDBG grant funds received from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD"). These revenues are restricted to expenditure for specified projects by HUD, including housing or housing assistance provided to qualified citizens and improvements to neighborhood streets and drainage.

<u>HOME Investment Partnership Program Fund (HOME)</u> – Accounts for HOME grant funds received from the Arkansas Development Finance Authority. These revenues provide assistance for affordable housing to qualified citizens.

<u>Grants Fund</u> – Accounts for grant funds received for various programs. These monies are expended to satisfy purposes as outlined by each federal/state program.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**2006** Library Debt Service – The 2006 Library Construction Bonds were issued for the purpose of acquiring, constructing, and equipping capital improvements to the public city library operated by the City and the Central Arkansas Library System. The Series 2006 bonds are limited tax general obligations, payable solely from the Library Tax and the pro-rata portion of the proceeds of a sales and use tax implemented pursuant to Amendment 79 to the Arkansas Constitution.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - NONMAJOR DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Revenue				Ca	oital Project	Debt Service								
		CDBG		НОМЕ	Grants		Asset orfeiture	Im	020 Capital provements ponstruction		S Library Service	lr	2020 Capital mprovements Debt Service		Total
Assets															
Cash	\$	75,864	\$	49,941	\$ -	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	125,805
Restricted cash		-		-	-		21,056		379,661		-		478,526		879,244
Accounts receivable		5,056		-	-		-		-		36		-		5,092
Grants and other governments		-		-	174,362		-		-		-		-		174,362
Due from other funds		-			 		-		8,643				-		8,643
Total Assets	\$	80,920	\$	49,941	\$ 174,362	\$	21,056	\$	388,305	\$	36	\$	478,526	\$	1,193,146
Liabilities and Fund Balances															
Liabilities															
Accounts payable	\$	24,760	\$	-	\$ 8,281	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	33,041
Due to other funds		61,043		-	774		-		-		-		8,643		70,460
Accrued wages payable		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Deferred revenue		-		-	-		-		-		-		-		-
Other liabilities		=			 92,105		<u>-</u>		=		-		=		92,105
Total liabilities		85,803			 101,160								8,643		195,607
Fund Balances															
Restricted:															
Debt service		-		-	-		-		8,643		36		469,883		478,562
Law enforcement activities		-		-	-		21,056		-		=		=		21,056
Housing and neighborhood programs		-		49,941	-		-		=		-		=		49,941
Grant funds		-		-	73,200		-		-		=		=		73,200
Capital projects		-		-	-		-		379,661		-		=		379,661
Unassigned(dificit)		(4,885)			 								-		(4,885)
Total fund balances		(4,885)		49,941	 73,200		21,056		388,305		36		469,883		997,536
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	80,920	\$	49,941	\$ 174,362	\$	21,056	\$	388,305	\$	36	\$	478,526	\$	1,193,146

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - NONMAJOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Special Revenue				Capital Project	Debt		
	CDBG	HOME	Grants	Asset Forfeiture	2020 Capital Improvements Construction	2006 Library Debt Service	2020 Capital Improvements Debt Service	Total
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 544	\$ -	\$ 544
Intergovernmental	150,389	-	502,262	3,975	-	-	-	656,626
Investment income	-	-	-	-	6,910	-	5,111	12,020
Miscellaneous	17,618							17,618
Total revenues	168,007	-	502,262	3,975	6,910	544	5,111	686,808
Expenditures								
General Administration	-	-	-	-	1,045,291	-	-	1,045,291
Community programs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Parks and recreation services	-	-	-	-	89,775	-	-	89,775
Police	_	-	32,581	4,549	-	-	_	37,130
Fire	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	· -
Emergency communication services	_	-	_	-		-	-	_
Animal Control	_	_	_	_		_	_	_
Housing and neighborhood programs	196,211	_	375,941	_	_	_	_	572,152
Debt service	.00,2		0.0,0				_	0.2,.02
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	345,000	345,000
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	162,856	162,856
Agent fees	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000	1,000
Issuance costs	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,000	1,000
issuarios sosts			· ———	-				
Total expenditures	196,211		408,522	4,549	1,135,066		508,856	2,253,204
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	(28,204)	-	93,740	(574)	(1,128,156)	544	(503,745)	(1,566,397)
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	590,779	590,779
Transfers out			<u> </u>			(650)		(650)
Total other financing sources					<del>-</del>	(650)	590,779	590,129
Net Change in Fund Balances	(28,204)		93,740	(574)	(1,128,156)	(106)	87,033	(976,268)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year-as previously reported	23,320	49,941	(20,539)	21,630	1,516,461	142	382,849	1,973,804
Prior Period Adjustment			<u> </u>					
Net Position, Beginning of Year - as restated	23,320	49,941	(20,539)	21,630	1,516,461	142	382,849	1,973,804
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ (4,885)	\$ 49,941	\$ 73,200	\$ 21,056	\$ 388,305	\$ 36	\$ 469,883	\$ 997,536



# FIDUCIARY FUNDS

### **Pension Trust Funds**

**Pension Trust Funds** account for assets held in the Policemen's Pension and Relief Fund and the Firemen's Pension and Relief Fund. Fund trustees must act in accordance with the specific purposes and terms of these retirement plans.

### **Custodial Funds**

The **Custodial Funds** account for activities associated with collecting and disbursing fines, court costs, forfeitures and restitution monies for the District Court.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		Employee Retiremer	nt Plans	Custodial Funds								
	Policemen' Pension And Relief Fund	Pension And	Total		t Court Fines rfeitures Fund	District Court Restitution Fund	Total					
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 105,73	9 \$ 376,613	\$ 482,352	\$	20,485	\$ 1,489	\$ 21,974					
Investments												
U.S. Government obligations	1,558,33	2,402,958	3,961,288		-	-	-					
Corporate bonds	735,99	-	735,998		-	-	-					
Mutual funds	3,346,70	2,789,509	6,136,211		-	-	-					
Receivables							-					
Due from other funds	33,09	33,095	66,190		-	135	135					
Accrued interest	12,26	9,790	22,050		-	-						
Total assets	\$ 5,792,12	\$ 5,611,965	\$ 11,404,089	\$	20,485	\$ 1,624	\$ 22,109					
Net Position												
Restricted for:												
Pensions	5,792,12	5,611,965	11,404,089		-	-	-					
Individuals and organizations		<u> </u>			20,485	1,624	22,109					
Total net position	\$ 5,792,12	\$ 5,611,965	\$ 11,404,089	\$	20,485	\$ 1,624	\$ 22,109					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Emp	loyee Retiremen	t Plans	Custodial Funds							
	Policemen's Pension And Relief Fund	Firemen's Pension And Relief Fund	Total	District Court Fines and Forfeitures Fund	District Court Restitution Fund	Total					
Additions											
Contributions		•	40.004	•	•	•					
Employer	\$ 46,904	\$ -	\$ 46,904	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Plan members	-	-	-	-	-	-					
Contributed from General Fund	000 707	000 707	007.504								
Property taxes	303,797	303,797	607,594	-	-	-					
State insurance turnback and guarantee fund	45,184	136,406	181,590	-	-	-					
Court fines & forfeitures	-	-	-	441,157	-	441,157					
Restitution											
Total contributions	395,885	440,203	836,088	441,157		441,157					
Investment income											
Net increase(decrease) in fair value of investments	(885,842)	(801,194)	(1,687,037)	_	_	_					
Interest and dividends	147,211	100,201	247,412	_	_	_					
Gain on sale of investments	99,084	(97,678)	1,406	_	_	_					
	(639,548)	(798,671)	(1,438,219)								
Less investment expense	60,171	66,673	126,844								
Net investment income	(699,719)	(865,344)	(1,565,063)								
Total additions	(303,834)	(425,141)	(728,976)	441,157		441,157					
Deductions											
Benefits paid directly to participants	590,836	768,221	1,359,057		-	-					
District Court fines distributed				446,638	-	446,638					
Administrative expenses	18,400	5,000	23,400								
Total deductions	609,236	773,221	1,382,457	446,638		446,638					
Change in Net Position	(913,070)	(1,198,362)	(2,111,433)	(5,481)	-	(5,481)					
Net Position Restricted, Beginning of Year	6,705,194	6,810,327	13,515,521	25,966	1,624	27,590					
Net Position Restricted , End of Year	\$ 5,792,124	\$ 5,611,965	\$ 11,404,089	\$ 20,485	\$ 1,624	\$ 22,109					



# DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS

**COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS DISCRETELY PRESENTED COMPONENT UNITS** YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	J	lacksonville Municipal Water Works		Jacksonville Wastewater Utility		Nonmajor Component Unit Advertising and Promotion Commission		Total
Operating Activities		0.705.770	_	4.750.000	_		_	10.150.710
Receipts from customers Other receipts	\$	8,705,779 6,559,674	\$	4,753,969 568,050	\$	-	\$	13,459,748 7,127,724
Payments to employees		(2,577,262)		(1,887,548)		-		(4,464,810)
Payments to suppliers		(785,452)		(940,214)		(2,378)		(1,728,044)
Payments to service providers		(185,901)		(94,917)		(1,022,265)		(1,303,083)
Other payments		(3,092,083)		-		-		(3,092,083)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		8,624,755		2,399,340		(1,024,643)		9,999,452
Noncapital Financing Activities  Local tax levy supporting operations				<u> </u>		1,097,093		1,097,093
Capital and Related Financing Activities								
Purchase of capital assets		(7,892,712)		(2,448,824)		-		(10,341,536)
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		-				-		
Bond issuance costs		(2.250.040)		18,561		-		18,561
Principal paid on long-term debt Interest paid on long-term debt		(3,356,049) (218,677)		(500,000) (492,225)		-		(3,856,049) (710,902)
		(210,077)	_	(492,223)	_			(710,902)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities		(11,467,438)		(3,422,488)		_		(14,889,926)
Investing Activities		(11,401,400)	_	(0,422,400)	_			(14,000,020)
Proceeds from maturities of cash investments		2,181,996		_		-		2,181,996
Purchase of cash investments		(2,187,456)		-		(1,669)		(2,189,125)
Interest received		7,426		145,903		2,124		155,453
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		1,966		145,903		455		148,324
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(2,840,717)		(877,245)		72,905		(3,645,057)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year		5,572,038		17,908,623		781,209		24,261,870
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	2,731,321	\$	17,031,378	\$	854,113	\$	20,616,812
			_					
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities Operating income (loss)	\$	(987,163)	\$	176,509	\$	(782,414)	\$	(1,593,068)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		, , ,				, , ,		, , ,
Depreciation and amortization expense		2,600,304		2,068,801		-		4,669,105
Closure and post-closure care costs		-		94,070		-		94,070
Accued pension liability		-		-		-		-
(Gain) loss on disposal of capital assets  Amortization of deferred expenses		72,933		1,347		-		1,347 72,933
Other income, net		6,559,674		-		-		6,559,674
Changes in operating assets and liabilities								
Receivables, net		(5,722)		(158,046)		-		(163,768)
Revenues earned and unbilled		(40 505)		(2,194)		-		(4.4.770)
Prepaid expenses Inventories		(12,585) 63,259		(2,194) (8,925)		-		(14,779) 54,334
Due to other entities		183,839		(0,323)		-		183,839
Accounts payable		129,635		309,104		(242,229)		196,510
Accrued pension liability		1,484,956		-		-		1,484,956
Accrued expenses		12,620		(11,827)		-		793
Customer deposits		14,680		(60,400)		-		14,680
Deferrals related to pensions Other liabilities		(1,491,675)		(69,499)		-		(1,561,174)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	8,624,755	\$	2,399,340	\$	(1,024,643)	\$	9,999,452
Presented on the Statement of Fund Net Position- Proprietary Funds as Follows:								
Current assets	_		_		_			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,802,203	\$	11,846,244	\$	854,113	\$	14,502,560
Restricted for bond requirements-cash and cash equivalents Restricted for capital assets-cash and cash equivalents		929,118		139,082 3,877,045		-		139,082 4,806,163
Noncurrent assets		-20,0						-
Cash and cash equivalents		-		1,169,007		<u>-</u>		1,169,007
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	2,731,321	\$	17,031,378	\$	854,113	\$	20,616,812

#### Supplemental Disclosure of Noncash, Capital and Financing Activities

Jacksonville Municipal Water Works accepted utility property constructed by private developers. The fair value of this donated property in 2022 was \$243,067

During 2022, Jacksonville Wastewater Utility accepted utility property constructed by private developers. The fair value of this donated property was \$5,206,498.

### City of Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This section of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas' comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information reflect about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends (Tables 1-5)	108
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity (Tables 6-10)	118
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.	
Debt Capacity (Tables 11-15)	123
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information (Tables 16-17)	129
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information (Tables 18-20)	131
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

# NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015 (1)	<u>2016</u>
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 42,058,114	\$ 42,843,428	\$ 43,120,490	\$ 42,125,123
Restricted	1,184,762	1,831,423	6,086,120	4,161,056
Unrestricted (deficit)	3,544,078	2,694,078	(12,819,219)	(14,319,749)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 46,786,954	\$ 47,368,930	\$ 36,387,390	\$ 31,966,430
Business-type activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 887,393	\$ 989,853	\$ 1,366,575	\$ 1,820,668
Unrestricted	1,479,431	1,673,821	871,967	328,090
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 2,366,824	\$ 2,663,674	\$ 2,238,542	\$ 2,148,758
Primary government				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 42,945,507	\$ 43,833,282	\$ 44,487,065	\$ 43,945,791
Restricted	1,184,762	1,831,423	6,086,120	4,161,056
Unrestricted (deficit)	5,023,509	4,367,899	(11,947,253)	(13,991,659)
Total primary government net position	\$ 49,153,778	\$ 50,032,604	\$ 38,625,934	\$ 34,115,188

 <sup>(1)</sup> During 2015, the City adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. The adoption of GASB 68 resulted in a significant decrease of unrestricted net position of the governmental activities.
 (2) During 2017, the AGFF Shooting Sports Complex was moved into an enterprise

Table 1

<u>2017(2)</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 37,788,738	\$ 35,873,213	\$ 34,351,016	\$ 27,537,475	\$ 32,470,428	\$ 32,185,537
4,759,509	5,023,813	5,284,005	13,674,802	8,981,135	7,534,266
(15,403,962)	(15,340,558)	(14,372,828)	(14,134,802)	(6,677,429)	(395,787)
\$ 27,144,285	\$ 25,556,468	\$ 25,262,192	\$ 27,077,475	\$ 34,774,135	\$ 39,324,016
\$ 5,284,651 178,852 \$ 5,463,502	\$ 5,080,941 (193,393) \$ 4,887,549	\$ 5,050,271 347,011	\$ 5,627,241 (115,618)	\$ 5,209,383 1,124,610 \$ 6,333,993	\$ 5,084,462 1,274,703 \$ 6,359,165
\$ 43,073,389	\$ 40,954,154	\$ 5,397,282	\$ 5,511,623	\$ 37,679,811	\$ 37,270,000
4,759,509 (15,225,111)	5,023,813	5,284,005 (14,025,817)	13,674,802	8,981,135 (5.552.810)	7,534,266
(15,225,111) \$ 32,607,787	(15,533,950) \$ 30,444,016	\$ 30,659,475	\$ 32,589,098	(5,552,819) \$ 41,108,127	878,916 \$ 45,683,181
7 32,007,787	7 30,444,010	7 30,033,473	7 32,303,038	7 41,100,127	7 43,003,101

CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN YEARS (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015 (1)</u>		<u>2016</u>
Expenses								
Governmental activities:								
General administration	\$	614,247	\$	538,999	\$	569,284	\$	556,838
City council		143,817		129,174		137,959		127,096
Office of the mayor		245,782		239,117		242,586		268,762
City clerk		140,796		137,910		133,400		156,334
City attorney		192,214		177,245		175,033		169,206
District court		342,963		340,907		339,984		363,278
Director of administration		114,376		114,063		108,044		129,570
Information technology		241,131		233,713		215,326		344,072
Finance		541,303		470,372		468,408		523,413
Human resources Fleet services		236,759 144,176		227,865 151,582		223,741 142,922		234,627 155,398
Community programs		94,705		193,128		156,941		410,863
Public works		3,605,742		2,247,748		2,832,455		2,987,291
Parks and recreation services		2,953,709		3,381,026		3,547,411		4,109,087
Police		7,928,822		7,507,452		7,129,333		9,125,283
Fire		4,840,219		4,498,167		3,985,677		5,744,534
Emergency communication services		962,308		1,035,881		980,293		1,103,149
Animal control		320,102		318,606		296,316		329,470
Housing and neighborhood programs		588,290		239,470		200,669		240,454
Interest expense on long term debt		154,499		224,750		209,386		262,728
Agent fees on long-term debt		-		-		33,833		6,844
Debt issuance costs		-		-		145,014		-
Total governmental activities expenses		24,405,960		22,407,174	_	22,274,017		27,348,297
Business-type activities								
Sanitation services		1,522,422		1,459,139		1,516,551		1,575,392
Shooting complex services		1,322,422		1,435,135		1,510,551		813,554
Emergency medical services		1,876,427		2,005,367		2,472,158		1,994,625
Total business-type activities expenses		3,398,849		3,464,506	_	3,988,709		4,383,571
	\$	· · · · ·	\$		\$		\$	28,381,999
Total primary government expenses	<u> </u>	25,806,023	Φ	25,738,523	<u> </u>	31,337,006	<u> </u>	20,301,999
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities:								
Charges for services:								
General administration	\$	156,458	\$	183,919	\$	365,550	\$	259,848
District court		766,291		812,509		561,363		533,596
Finance		20,001		20,001		29,001		28,001
Fleet services		28,368		22,950		35,338		33,602
Public works		79,073		87,505		118,729		178,305
Parks and recretion services		797,053		980,103		1,024,897		1,037,505
Police Fire		33,670		25,464		92,562		46,142
Emergency communication services		822 212,769		1,968 221,994		600 221,144		616 224,805
Animal control		19,365		24,415		18,770		10,508
Housing and neighborhood programs		486		67,693		53,217		300
Operating grants and contributions		4,428,410		4,598,762		4,145,981		4,413,390
Capital grants and contributions		685,232		211,790		933,951		259,177
Total governmental activities program revenues		7,227,997		7,259,074		7,601,103		7,025,795
Pusiness type activities								
Business-type activities		4 000 700		4 047 400		4 004 054		4 005 540
Sanitation services		1,908,726		1,847,490		1,881,351		1,825,540
AGFF Shooting sports complex Emergency medical services		- 1,132,011		1 397 624		- 1,550,301		1,579,660
Operating grants and contributions		6,500		1,387,624		1,550,301		1,579,660
Capital grants and contributions		0,500		-		12,400		11,341
Total business-type activities program revenues		3,047,237		3,235,114		3,444,112		3,417,147
Total primary government program revenues	\$	10,275,234	\$	10,494,188	\$	11,045,215	\$	10,442,942

<sup>(1)</sup> During 2015, the City adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB Statement 27", which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. The adoption of GASB 68 resulted in a significant decrease of unrestricted net position of the governmental activities.

Table 2

<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
\$ 557,064	\$ 588,492	\$	536,219	\$ 346,671	\$ 869,946	\$ 869,946	\$ 1,518,970
135,390	115,767		102,366	103,693	128,940	128,940	120,304
257,366	235,751		264,799	276,279	250,495	250,495	275,040
137,719	132,710		149,541	158,409	134,299	134,299	162,761
265,883	195,078		263,203	290,918	309,963	309,963	275,491
327,002	288,647		410,884 60,483	343,938	49,467	49,467	241,420
168,666 281,286	66,589 328,045		396,834	45,752 517,127	15,661 523,392	15,661 523,392	22,033 553,160
480,310	476,826		520,396	454,295	449,424	449,424	538,629
182,619	173,136		179,466	220,407	209,005	209,005	245,024
151,475	144,414		143,021	145,368	119,686	119,686	215,963
247,008	197,863		236,212	194,578	209,140	209,140	229,655
3,134,679	2,802,632		3,167,610	2,781,187	2,563,369	2,563,369	3,780,051
2,875,561	2,688,822		3,053,109	3,117,949	3,160,003	3,160,003	3,686,218
7,531,016	6,757,932		6,377,452	6,582,987	6,354,770	6,354,770	7,717,298
5,465,496	6,345,142		5,840,076	5,376,174	5,498,885	5,498,885	6,336,582
1,026,272	1,001,230		1,108,903	1,028,641	1,039,125	1,039,125	988,077
307,420	285,996		336,284	313,737	317,201	317,201	323,043
216,681	252,044		370,280	586,642	418,147	418,147	568,209
242,525 6,990	223,214 7,035		199,807 6,741	184,860 1,912	166,827 1,000	166,827 1,000	164,882
0,990	7,035		0,741	93,773	46,633	46,633	-
 23,998,428	 23,307,364		23,723,687	23,165,297	 22,835,378	 22,835,378	27,962,808
20,000,120	 20,001,001		20,720,007	20,100,201	22,000,010	 22,000,070	27,002,000
2,001,844	2,001,844		2,030,667	1,761,166	1,339,894	1,339,894	1,846,007
657,188	657,188		565,546	440,421	503,605	503,605	573,137
2,323,196	2,323,196		2,254,304	2,866,716	2,467,226	2,467,226	2,610,331
4,982,228	4,982,228		4,850,517	5,068,303	4,310,725	4,310,725	5,029,475
\$ 28,289,592	\$ 28,289,592	\$	28,574,204	\$ 28,233,600	\$ 27,146,103	\$ 27,146,103	\$ 32,992,283
\$ 443,992	\$ 311,026	\$	434,576	\$ 338,876	\$ 279,167	\$ 279,167	\$ 368,764
473,217	435,533		364,662	264,705	257,752	257,752	318,805
29,001	29,001		29,001	33,000	33,000	33,000	18,000
30,990	28,920		31,583	26,586	29,156	29,156	30,279
101,345 690,777	73,919 688,960		106,416 640,172	183,061 455,925	61,425 621,264	61,425 621,264	76,676 673,767
82,007	69,432		103,226	45,670	96,953	96,953	32,831
6,218	2,956		2,756	200	200	200	32,031
227,063	237,118		309,191	488,849	483,989	483,989	472,618
10,444	4,865		20,495	8,530	8,353	8,353	12,448
45,973	46,020		20	24,928	-	-	17,618
4,300,118	4,242,826		2,031,400	3,031,255	4,620,971	4,620,971	4,881,168
111,000	406,260		3,048,158	2,846,079	 3,039,639	3,039,639	3,932,073
 6,552,145	 6,576,836		7,121,656	7,747,664	 9,531,869	9,531,869	10,835,045
1,854,628	1,885,890		1,591,723	1,911,169	1,941,895	1,941,895	1,946,651
361,463	332,942		405,152	197,871	301,451	301,451	346,400
1,743,946	1,739,613		2,132,153	2,109,681	2,147,367	2,147,367	2,315,682
15,855 -	13,893		16,171 -	74,465 -	38,363	38,363	23,715
3,975,892	3,972,338		4,145,199	4,293,186	4,429,076	4,429,076	4,632,448
\$ 10,528,038	\$ 10,549,174	\$	11,266,855	\$ 12,040,851	\$ 13,960,945	\$ 13,960,945	\$ 15,467,493

(continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION, LAST TEN YEARS (Continued) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Net (expense)/revenue		<u>2013</u>		<u>2014</u>		<u>2015 (1)</u>		<u>2016</u>
Governmental activities	\$	(17,177,963)	\$	(15,148,100)	\$	(14,672,914)	\$	(20,322,502)
Business-type activities	•	(153,581)	Ψ	(163,735)	•	(20,394)	Ψ.	(571,562)
Total primary government net expense	\$	(17,331,544)	\$	(15,311,835)	\$	(14,693,308)	\$	(20,894,064)
				,				
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities:								
Taxes								
General property taxes	\$	826,033	\$	838,864	\$	845,840	\$	871,178
Sales taxes		13,164,041		13,406,409		13,798,792		13,781,154
Utility franchise taxes		1,292,667		1,137,932		1,262,049		1,105,865
Investment earnings		7,026		5,059		15,644		89,570
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs		433,463		470,303		454,419		451,246
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		31,775		331,187		(69,038)		37,520
Transfers		(590,000)		(459,677)		(425,000)		(434,989)
Total governmental activities		15,165,005		15,730,077		15,882,706		15,901,544
Business-type activities:								
Investment earnings		688		908		993		1,539
Grants and contributions not restricted		-		-		-		1,000
Gain on sale of capital assets		_		_		74.831		45.250
Transfers		590.000		459,677		425,000		434,989
Total business-type activities	_	590,688		460,585	_	500,825		481,778
Total Zasinoss type asartises		000,000	-	.00,000	_	000,020		,
Total primary government	\$	15,755,693	\$	16,190,662	\$	16,383,531	\$	16,383,322
		_		_		_		_
Changes in Net Position								
Governmental activities	\$	(2,012,958)	\$	581,977	\$	1,209,792	\$	(4,420,959)
Business-type activities		437,107		296,850		480,431		(89,784)
Change in accounting principle						(13,096,892)		
Total primary government	\$	(1,575,851)	\$	878,827	\$	(11,406,669)	\$	(4,510,742)

Table 2

2017	2018		2019	2020	2021		2022
\$ (17,446,283)	\$ (16,730,529)	\$	(16,602,030)	\$ (15,417,632)	\$ (13,303,509)	\$	(17,127,763)
 (407,679)	 (1,009,890)		(705,318)	 (775,117)	 118,351		(397,027)
\$ (17,853,962)	\$ (17,740,419)	\$	(17,307,348)	\$ (16,192,749)	\$ (13,185,159)	\$	(17,524,790)
\$ 821,693	\$ 882,197	\$	917,150	\$ 888,874	\$ 979,374	\$	1,063,014
14,013,579	13,935,682		14,623,842	15,937,121	18,255,204		19,085,733
1,096,000	1,078,449		1,113,293	1,109,300	1,167,611		1,274,208
110,441	78,189		110,642	69,101	44,099		327,990
449,828	449,060		448,418	415,333	437,453		410,313
(149,160)	- (000 000)		-	(007.550)	(388,766)		(108,546)
 (3,718,243)	 (390,000)		(1,194,851)	 (897,556)	 (620,000)		(400,000)
 12,624,139	 16,033,577		16,018,494	 17,522,173	 19,874,974		21,652,710
4,125	10,755		20,200	11,257	6,160		22,200
-	-		-	-	-		-
56	33,180		-	(19,356)	77,857		-
3,718,243	390,000		1,194,851	 897,556	620,000		400,000
 3,722,424	 433,935		1,215,051	 889,457	 704,017		422,200
 10.010.500	 10 107 510	_	17.000.545	 10 111 000	 00 570 004	_	00.074.044
\$ 16,346,563	\$ 16,467,512	\$	17,233,545	\$ 18,411,630	\$ 20,578,991	\$	22,074,911
\$ (4,822,144)	\$ (696,952)	\$	(583,537)	\$ 2,104,541	\$ 6,571,465	\$	4,524,947
3,314,745	(575,955)		509,733	114,341	822,368		25,173
	(890,867)				1,125,196		
\$ (1,507,399)	\$ (2,163,774)	\$	(73,803)	\$ 2,218,881	\$ 8,519,029	\$	4,550,120

# GENERAL GOVERNMENT TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting) Table 3

						Sales <sup>-</sup>	Тах	es						
		General								Total	•	Utility		
	ı	Property				Pulaski		Alcoholic		Sales	ı	Franchise		
Year		Taxes		City		County		Beverage		Taxes		Taxes		Total
2012	<u>۸</u>	026 022	<b>,</b>	7 227 424	¢	F 777 F20	<u>,</u>	40.400	<u>,</u>	12.164.044	,	1 202 667	<u> </u>	45 202 744
2013	\$	826,033	\$	7,337,421	\$	5,777,520	\$	49,100	\$	13,164,041	\$	1,292,667	\$	15,282,741
2014		838,864		7,448,713		5,852,314		105,382		13,406,409		1,137,932		15,383,205
2015		845,840		7,646,395		6,071,374		81,023		13,798,792		1,262,049		15,906,681
2016		871,178		7,643,899		6,042,853		94,402		13,781,154		1,105,865		15,758,197
2017		821,693		7,786,515		6,144,151		82,913		14,013,580		1,096,000		15,931,273
2018		882,197		7,639,555		6,211,566		84,560		13,935,682		1,078,449		15,896,328
2019		917,150		7,971,755		6,565,369		86,719		14,623,842		1,113,293		16,654,285
2020		888,874		9,106,051		6,767,980		63,091		15,937,121		1,109,300		17,935,295
2021		979,374		10,337,376		7,804,993		112,835		18,255,204		1,167,611		20,402,188
2022		1,063,014		10,734,361		8,226,081		125,290		19,085,733		1,274,208		21,422,954
Change														
2013-2022		28.7%		46.3%		42.4%		155.2%		45.0%		-1.4%		40.2%

### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	2022
General Fund										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 49,285	\$ 35,247	\$ 29,034	\$ 1,003	\$ 3,758	\$ 2,066	\$ 13,355	\$ 2,355	\$ 2,458
Restricted	123,382	8,158	8,158	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	7,039	2,654	3,301	5,948	5,876	6,985	7,873	9,824	10,895	10,895
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	3,089,430	2,375,306	1,830,111	806,202	994,333	1,992,119	3,139,553	5,089,752	9,032,333	9,131,705
Total general fund	\$ 3,219,851	\$ 2,435,403	\$ 1,876,818	\$ 841,184	\$ 1,001,212	\$ 2,002,862	\$ 3,149,492	\$ 5,112,931	\$ 9,045,583	\$ 9,145,058
All Other Governmental Funds										
Restricted	\$ 1,061,380	\$ 1,823,265	\$ 6,077,962	\$ 4,161,056	\$ 4,759,508	\$ 5,023,812	\$ 5,284,005	\$ 13,674,802	\$ 8,391,823	\$ 7,913,927
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,484,746
Assigned	1,809,841	1,597,837	1,617,645	1,603,548	1,406,102	1,472,853	1,760,870	1,558,376	96,196	-
Unassigned			-	-	· · · · -		-	· · ·	-	(4,885)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,871,221	\$ 3,421,102	\$ 7,695,606	\$ 5,764,604	\$ 6,165,610	\$ 6,496,665	\$ 7,044,875	\$ 15,233,178	\$ 8,488,020	\$ 16,393,789

Table 4

In 2015, the increase in restricted fund balance is associated with the issuance of the 2015 Capital Improvement Bonds.

In 2020, the increase in restricted fund balance is associated with the issuance of the 2020 Capital Improvement Bonds.

In 2022. the increase in assigned fund balance is associated with the allocation of COVID -19 American Rescue Plan funds.

# CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

		<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$	782,292	\$ 802,438	\$ 833,835	\$ 839,052
Sales taxes		13,164,041	13,406,409	13,798,792	13,781,154
Licenses and permits		123,447	133,586	136,274	226,274
Intergovernmental		4,674,667	4,729,464	4,575,835	4,847,747
Charges for services		1,081,303	1,119,187	1,150,933	1,097,253
Fines and fees		798,456	840,609	651,626	562,916
Utility franchise taxes		1,292,667	1,137,932	1,262,049	1,105,865
Investment income		7,026	5,059	15,644	89,570
Contributions		150,000	-	772,000	257,500
Miscellaneous		917,159	932,527	 665,312	 548,794
Total revenues		22,991,058	23,107,211	23,862,300	23,356,125
Expenditures					
General government		3,491,811	2,906,919	2,708,248	2,781,035
Public works		3,021,075	2,528,778	2,802,715	2,375,150
Parks and recreation services		5,514,730	3,025,248	3,292,345	3,936,111
Police		8,096,659	7,149,003	7,347,242	7,370,238
Fire		4,486,226	4,324,497	4,472,701	7,214,517
Emergency communication services		878,086	714,945	675,758	699,037
Animal control		322,848	305,998	287,637	280,536
Housing and neighborhood programs  Debt Service		559,482	238,824	202,067	226,768
Principal		1,422,435	1,803,468	6,389,707	725,000
Interest		157,622	227,594	215,760	272,534
Agent fees		600	600	33,833	6,844
Issuance costs		-	 -	 145,014	 -
Total expenditures		27,951,574	 23,225,874	 28,573,027	 25,887,770
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures		(4,960,516)	(118,663)	(4,710,727)	(2,531,645)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Bonds issued		-	-	8,851,649	-
Proceeds from other long-term debt Capital lease		3,157,161	344,335	-	-
Transfers in		577,890	554,150	150,000	993,156
Transfers out		(1,167,890)	 (1,013,827)	(575,000)	 (1,428,145)
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	2,567,161	(115,342)	 8,426,649	(434,989)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,393,355)	\$ (234,005)	\$ 3,715,922	\$ (2,966,634)
Dobt convice as a percentage of					
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		10.5%	12.4%	33.6%	4.3%

Table	5	

									Table 3
<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
\$ 826,251	\$	856,539	\$	852,536	\$	877,551	\$ 937,059	\$	929,242
14,013,579	•	13,935,682	·	14,623,842	•	15,937,121	18,255,204	-	19,085,733
434,535		243,423		305,522		279,517	273,121		291,681
4,738,360		4,687,887		5,482,124		6,268,771	8,070,894		8,616,676
942,439		956,629		1,063,640		1,017,444	1,182,950		1,159,952
542,862		493,869		429,075		301,114	280,107		344,192
1,096,000		1,078,449		1,113,293		1,109,300	1,167,611		1,274,208
110,441		78,189		99,274		69,101	44,099		327,990
110,000		406,260		4,125		3,750	9,740		17,900
234,085		260,997		334,679		303,787	 167,419		820,841
23,048,552		22,997,923		24,308,109		26,167,455	30,388,204		32,868,414
2,904,825		2 707 279		2 025 070		3,039,182	2 442 106		4,942,920
2,390,959		2,797,378 2,295,609		3,025,070 3,029,940		2,174,498	3,443,196 2,313,256		4,942,920
2,390,939		2,293,609		2,682,522		2,174,498	2,974,325		3,556,873
6,970,618		6,003,262		5,919,883		6,803,095	6,859,286		7,520,052
4,764,915		5,261,163		5,919,883		5,381,616	5,525,282		5,766,950
714,326		761,607		812,913		857,035	3,323,282 845,571		795,729
290,121		299,083		307,313		310,037	326,613		347,164
213,718		244,248		365,580		581,347	435,028		572,152
1,050,000		765,000		790,000		770,000	75,000		345,000
251,964		220,133		198,391		177,423	162,185		162,856
6,990		7,035		6,741		1,912	1,000		1,000
 -		-		-		93,773	 46,633		-
 22,031,526		21,275,222		22,338,900		23,025,100	 23,007,375		28,126,500
1,017,026		1,722,701		1,969,209		3,142,354	7,380,829		4,741,915
						7,935,000			
-		-		-		8,643	-		-
1,088,000		1,000,336		- 726,536		8,281,423	2,545,886		- 5,591,429
(1,543,989)		(1,390,336)		(1,301,536)		(8,926,422)	(3,165,886)		(5,991,429)
 (1,545,565)		(1,330,330)		(1,301,330)		(0,320,422)	 (3,103,880)		(3,331,423)
(455,989)		(390,000)		(575,000)		7,298,644	 (620,000)		(400,000)
\$ 561,037	\$	1,332,701	\$	1,394,209	\$	10,440,998	\$ 6,760,829	\$	4,341,915
7.5%		5.0%		4.5%		4.3%	1.1%		2.1%

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN YEARS (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 6

					s	ales Taxes						
Year	General Property Year Taxes		Pulaski City County		Alcoholic Beverage		Total Sales Taxes		Utility Franchise Taxes	Total		
				•		•						
2013	\$	782,292	\$	7,337,421	\$	5,777,520	\$	49,100	\$ 13,164,041	\$	1,292,667	\$ 15,239,000
2014		802,438		7,448,713		5,852,314		105,382	13,406,409		1,137,932	15,346,779
2015		833,835		7,646,395		6,071,374		81,023	13,798,792		1,262,049	15,894,676
2016		839,052		7,643,899		6,042,853		94,402	13,781,154		1,105,865	15,726,071
2017		826,251		7,786,515		6,144,151		82,913	14,013,580		1,096,000	15,935,831
2018		856,539		7,639,555		6,211,566		84,560	13,935,682		1,078,449	15,870,670
2019		852,536		7,971,755		6,565,369		86,719	14,623,842		1,113,293	16,589,671
2020		877,551		9,106,051		6,767,980		63,091	15,937,121		1,109,300	17,923,972
2021		937,059		10,337,376		7,804,993		112,835	18,255,204		1,167,611	20,359,874
2022		929,242		10,734,361		8,226,081		125,571	19,086,013		1,215,893	21,231,148
Change												
2013-2022		18.8%		46.3%		42.4%		155.7%	45.0%		-5.9%	39.3%

## ASSESSED AND APPRAISED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN YEARS

Table 7

	Regular	Property	Utility	Property	Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax	Total Appraised	Assessed Value as a Percentage
Year	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	Assessed Value	Rate	Value	of Appraised Value
2013	\$ 208,233,348	\$ 55,876,090	\$ - \$	17,583,900	\$ 281,693,338	3.0	\$ 1,408,466,690	20%
2014	211,849,225	58,290,985	-	19,517,835	289,658,045	3.0	1,448,290,225	20%
2015	214,553,993	57,134,325	-	20,250,790	291,939,108	3.0	1,459,695,540	20%
2016	218,016,627	60,054,250	-	17,822,980	295,893,857	3.0	1,479,469,285	20%
2017	212,102,407	60,382,580	-	21,874,860	294,359,847	3.0	1,471,799,235	20%
2018	219,119,460	59,101,010	-	21,670,270	299,890,740	3.0	1,499,453,700	20%
2019	223,912,898	69,007,820	-	22,845,645	315,766,363	3.0	1,578,831,815	20%
2020	228,111,681	64,173,005	-	25,747,245	318,031,931	3.0	1,590,159,655	20%
2021	230,775,142	71,261,870	-	25,079,005	327,116,017	3.0	1,635,580,085	20%
2022	248,431,326	80,634,175	-	27,711,015	356,776,516	3.0	1,783,882,580	20%

Source: Pulaski County Tax Assessor.

Note: Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

Note: Tax collections shown do not include Act 9 Real Estate Valuations.

Note: The Arkansas Public Service Commission has combined the

personal and real estate public service accounts. Both are

considered personal PSC accounts

PROPERTY TAX RATES AND TAX LEVIES OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 8

#### Local Tax Rates Per \$1,000 Assessed Value

Year	Jacks	sonville	Pulask	i County		ski County School District	•		Totals		
	Real	Personal	Real	Personal	Real	Personal		Real	Personal	Real	Personal
2013	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	40.70	40.70		-	-	50.80	50.80
2014	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	40.70	40.70		-	-	50.80	50.80
2015	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	40.70	(1) 40.70	(1)	-	-	50.80	50.80
2016	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-	(2)	40.70	40.70	50.80	50.80
2017	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-		48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
2018	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-		48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
2019	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-		48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
2020	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-		48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
2021	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10	-	-		48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
2022	3.00	3.00	10.10	10.10				48.30	48.30	58.40	58.40
				Tax	Levies						
2013	\$	1,253,591	\$	50,553,806	\$	105,004,294		\$	-	\$	162,634,409
2014		1,289,033		52,080,512		109,264,864			-		69,343,032
2015		1,299,180		53,185,616		14,858,236			-		56,492,623
2016		1,316,778		55,175,845		-			18,017,117		75,443,503
2017		1,309,974		55,667,587		-			18,465,942		77,969,963
2018		1,334,609		57,637,586		-			18,997,768		77,969,963
2019		1,405,292		59,806,627		-			19,920,435		81,132,354
2020		1,415,374		61,248,395		-			20,223,612		82,887,381
2021		1,455,803		63,187,101		-			20,956,773		85,599,677
2022		1,587,789		69,507,895		-			22,848,104		93,943,788

Note: Property assessments are made, tax rates (millages) are established, and taxes are levied in one year for payment by the taxpayer and collection by local governments the following year.

Note (1): In 2015 a new school district was established, the Jacksonville North Pulaski School District, and 2015 tax rates and levies reflect amounts for the new school district.

Note (2): In July 2016 the new Jacksonville North Pulaski School District opened for classes.

Taxes are due and payable on or before October 10th. Taxes are recorded as delinquent after October 10th and a 10% penalty is added.

State statutory limits on City tax rate:

General operation 5 mills

General improvement bonds Unlimited subject to voter approval

Industrial development bonds 5 mills
Firemen's pension and policemen's pension 1 mill each

PRINCIPAL SALES TAXPAYERS DECEMBER 31, 2022

Table 9

The City of Jacksonville, Arkansas' largest own-source revenue is sales taxes. The City's sale taxes revenues are generated from two separate tax levies: a two cent city tax based on point of sale and a portion of the county's one cent tax based on population. Taxes are assessed based on the point of sale. The City of Jacksonville makes up approximately 8.28% of the county population and receives a like portion of the county tax. In 2022, the two cent city sales tax generated revenue of \$10,734,361. The City's share of the county 1-cent tax generated revenue of \$8,226,081.

According to Arkansas State Statute, the City is required to keep the identity of individual tax payers confidential. Therfore, the City of Jacksonville is not able to identify the top 10 taxpayers. However, Jacksonville enjoys a diverse economic sales tax base.

			Tax	
	Jacksonville Top Ten 2 Cent Sales Taxpayers Industries		Collected	% of Total
	Retail Trade	\$	6,122,375	56.1%
2	Wholesale Trade		1,350,855	12.4%
3	Accomodations and Food Services		910,104	8.3%
ļ	Information and Cultural Industries		405,740	3.7%
	Other Services (except Public Administration)		372,028	3.4%
	Manufacturing		347,913	3.2%
	Utilities		340,818	3.1%
	Rental, Leasing and Real Estate		310,559	2.8%
	Admin & Support & Waste Mngmt		256,630	2.3%
	& Remediation Services		•	
	Constrcution		111,745	1.0%
	To	otals \$	10,528,767	96.3%
		_		
	Jacksonville Top Ten 1 Cent County Sales Taxpayers Industr	у	Collected	% of Total
	Retail Trade	\$	4,638,409	54.0%
	Accomodations and Food Services		1,050,445	12.2%
	Wholesale Trade		937,665	10.9%
	Utilities		38,987	0.5%
	Manufacturing		478,035	5.6%
	Information and Cultural Industries		366,160	0.0%
	Rental, Leasing and Real Estate		362,421	4.2%
	Other Services (except Public Administration)		328,622	3.8%
	Admin & Support & Waste Mngmt		•	0.0%
	& Remediation Services		255,905	3.0%
	Automobile		94,536	1.1%
	T	otals Ś		95.2%

Source: Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration, Revenue Division (DFA), Sales and Use Tax Section.

Note: DF&A will not supply "Taxable Sales". Therefore, taxable sales are based on "Tax Collected" divided by 2%, the tax rate for the corresponding year.

# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 10

			Taxes Levied	in the Prior Year						
	Tot	al Tax Levy	Collected withi	n the current year	Coll	ections in		Total Coll	lections to Date	
Year	in	Prior Year	Amount Percentage of Lev		Subsequent Years		Amount		Percentage of Levy	
2013	\$	1,216,108	\$ 1,056,117	86.84%	\$	89,448	\$	1,145,565	94.20%	
2014		1,253,591	1,101,934	87.90%		90,277		1,192,211	95.10%	
2015		1,289,033	1,124,222	87.21%		88,624		1,212,846	94.09%	
2016		1,299,180	1,120,679	86.26%		83,517		1,204,196	92.69%	
2017		1,316,778	1,110,770	84.36%		82,084		1,192,854	90.59%	
2018		1,309,974	1,114,212	85.06%		100,976		1,215,188	92.76%	
2019		1,334,609	1,141,963	85.57%		91,323		1,233,286	92.41%	
2020		1,405,292	1,167,449	83.08%		139,184		1,306,633	92.98%	
2021		1,415,374	1,205,383	85.16%		103,187		1,308,570	92.45%	
2022		1,455,803	1,339,242	91.99%		124,332		1,463,574	100.53%	

Note: Property assessments are made, tax rates (millages) are established, and taxes are levied in one year for payment by the taxpayer and collection by local governments the following year.

Data is not available to show the current level by year of outstanding delinquent taxes.

#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN YEARS

Table 11

		Governmental	Activities		Business-Type Activities			
Year	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per Capita (1)
2013	1,579,017	-	5,038,839	2,429,113	771,818	9,818,787	1.70%	482.35
2014	1,404,381	-	4,104,899	2,075,153	475,337	8,059,770	1.40%	395.94
2015	1,194,520	8,849,418 (2)	-	74,958	216,842	1,486,320	0.26%	72.57
2016	970,126	8,343,237	-	54,958	-	9,368,322	1.68%	477.37
2017	735,732	7,521,374	-	621,185	-	8,878,292	1.54%	437.14
2018	490,139	7,004,038	-	633,710	_	8,127,887	1.36%	384.86
2019	230,041	6,470,439	-	463,223	-	7,163,702	1.14%	323.48
2020	-	13,870,411 (3)	-	305,346	-	14,175,756	2.10%	618.11
2021	-	7,868,374	-	145,005	-	8,013,379	1.12%	331.28
2022	-	7,522,995	-	24,672	-	7,547,667	0.96%	282.45

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for the personal income and population data.(2) In 2015, the City issued \$8,815,000 of Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds to renovate the Central Fire Station and Splash Zone (City Water Park), to purchase three new fire trucks, to replace playground and exercise equipment, to construct a roundabout at General Samuels and Harris Roads and to refund the City's outstanding short-term loans.

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2020, the City issued \$7,935,000 of Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds to refund the 2015 Capital Improvement Refunding Revenue Bonds, remodel the courts building, construct new City Mechanic shop, repair roof at public safety building, and purchase a shot curtain at the shooting range.

# RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN YEARS

Table 12

	General Obligation	Less: Amounts Available in Debt		Percentage of Appraised Value	
Year	Bonds	Service Fund	Total	of Property (1)	Per Capita (2)
2013	1,579,017	251,641	1,327,376	0.47%	46.80
2014	1,404,381	272,324	1,132,057	0.39%	39.91
2015	1,194,520	275,130	919,390	0.31%	32.41
2016	970,126	275,079	695,047	0.23%	24.50
2017	735,732	273,598	462,134	0.16%	16.29
2018	490,139	279,918	210,221	0.07%	7.41
2019	230,041	230,041	_	0.00%	-
2020	-	-	_	0.00%	-
2021	-	-	-	0.00%	-
2022	=	=	-	0.00%	=

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> See Table 7, Schedule of Assessed and Appraised Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

<sup>(2)</sup> See Table 16, Schedule of Demographic and economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2022

Table 13

	Debt Available for Retirement	Percentage Applicable	City's Share of Overlapping Debt
Direct: City of Jacksonville	\$ 7,547,667	100%	\$ 7,547,667
Overlapping: Jacksonville North Pulaski School District	87,965,000	75% (1)	65,973,750 (2)
Total direct & overlapping debt	\$ 95,512,667		\$ 73,521,417

<sup>(1)</sup> Property value for city is \$356,776,516 while property value for the School District is \$473,045,434. Estimated percentage = 356.8 divided by 473.0 = 75%

<sup>(2)</sup> Share of outstanding debt = 87,965,000 X 75%= 65,973,750

# LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN YEARS

	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Debt limit	\$ 70,423,335	\$ 72,414,511	\$ 72,984,777	\$ 73,973,464
Total net debt applicable to limit	8,772,496	7,308,901	9,739,216	8,732,284
Legal debt margin	\$ 61,650,839	\$ 65,105,610	\$ 63,245,561	\$ 65,241,180
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	10.27%	12.46%	10.09%	13.34%

Note: Computation of the City's legal debt margin is set forth in Amendments 78 and 62 to the Constitution of the State of Arkansas.

<sup>(1)</sup> General obligation debt is not to exceed 20% of assessed value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Short-term financing debt is not to exceed 5% of assessed value.

<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2020</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2022</u>
\$ 73,589,962	\$ 74,972,685	\$	78,941,591	\$	79,507,983	\$	81,779,004	\$	89,194,129
7,534,343	7,472,668		6,731,895		12,168,583		6,067,435		6,689,480
\$ 66,055,619	\$ 67,500,017	\$	72,209,695	\$	67,339,399	\$	75,711,569	\$	82,504,649
11.80%	10.24%		8.53%		15.30%		7.42%		7.50%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for 2023									
Assessed value								\$	356,776,516
Debt limit:									
•	ion debt limitation								71,355,303
	ncing debt limitation	on (2)							17,838,826
Total Debt Limi	tation							_	89,194,129
Debt applicable to	o limit:								
• •	ion and short-term	financi	ng						7,547,667
Less: Amount set aside for repayment in debt service fund									858,188
Total net debt a	applicable to limit								6,689,480
Legal debt margir	1							\$	88,335,941

PLEDGED REVENUE BOND COVERAGE LAST TEN YEARS

Table 15

#### Governmental Activities Revenue Bonds\*

		Pledged		De	bt Service Requ	irer	nents	
Fiscal Year	F	Revenues	ı	Principal	Interest		Total	Coverage
2015	\$	1,262,049	\$	- \$	57,284	\$	57,284	5%
2016		1,105,865		500,000	224,136		724,136	65%
2017		1,096,000		815,000	214,036		1,029,036	94%
2018		1,078,449		520,000	193,061		713,061	66%
2019		1,113,293		530,000	182,561		712,561	64%
2020		1,109,300		540,000	171,861		711,861	64%

		Pledged		Deb	t Service Requir	ements	
Fiscal Year	F	Revenues	Principal		Interest	Total	Coverage
2020	\$	1,109,300	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	0%
2021		1,167,611	75,000		154,005	229,005	20%
2022		1,274,208	345,000		162,856	507,856	40%

Notes: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

<sup>\*</sup>Primary government pledged revenue bond coverage is presented starting with fiscal year 2015.

<sup>(1) 2015</sup> Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds are backed with a pledge of specific Utility Franchise fees.

<sup>(2) 2020</sup> Capital Improvement and Refunding Revenue Bonds are backed with a pledge of specific Utility Franchise fees.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN YEARS

Table 16

Year	Population		(t	Personal Income thousands dollars) (2)	Per Capita come (2)	Median Age	Percent of Population Age 25+ MA/Professional Degree or Higher	School Enrollment (3)		Unemployment Rate (4)
2013	28,364	(1)	\$	577,378	\$ 20,356	31.2	15.0%	5,279	(3)	7.7%
2014	28,364	(1)		577,378	20,356	31.2	15.0%	5,144	(3)	6.1%
2015	28,364	(1)		580,895	20,480	31.2	18.6%	3,898	(5)	5.7%
2016	28,364	(1)		556,644	19,625	31.2	18.9%	4,062	(6)	4.1%
2017	28,364	(1)		576,073	20,310	31.9	19.2%	3,871		3.3%
2018	28,364	(1)		599,019	21,119	32.4	19.5%	3,886		4.2%
2019	28,364	(1)		628,149	22,146	33.1	18.6%	3,958		5.0%
2020	29,477	(7)		676,026	22,934	33.5	18.7%	3,457		7.6%
2021	29,477	(7)		713,019	24,189	33.5	21.8%	3,986		3.9%
2022	29,477	(7)		787,684	26,722	33.5	22.40%	4,095		3.6%

Data Sources: Metroplan - Council of Local Governments, Pulaski County Special School District

- (1) 2010 Census
- (2) Metroplan provides per capita income. Personal Income is a calculation of per capita income multiplied by the population.
- (3) Pulaski County Special School District
- (4) Source: Arkansas Department of Workforce Services / www.discover.arkansas.gov
- (5) 2015 New division lines for Pulaski County Special School District excludes data from Adkins PreK, Cato Elementary, Northwood Elementary schools.
- (6) 2016 Jacksonville no longer is part of the Pulaski County Special School District. Jacksonville North Pulaski School District opened.
- (7) 2020 Census

# JACKSONVILLE AREA MAJOR EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS

Table 17

	2022				2013		
			Percentage			Percentage	
			of Total City			of Total City	
<u>Employer</u>	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	<u>Employment</u>	<b>Employees</b>	Rank	<b>Employment</b>	
Little Rock Air Force Base	9,302	1	53.07%	10,413	1	42.05%	
Jacksonville North Pulaski School District	625	2	3.57%	-	-	-	
Pathfinder, Inc	615	3	3.51%	1,200	3	4.85%	
Lomanco, Inc.	357	4	2.04%	185	10	0.75%	
Wal-Mart	315	5	1.80%	380	4	1.53%	
Sig Sauer	293	6	1.67%	-	-	-	
City of Jacksonville	268	7	1.53%	328	6	1.32%	
First Arkansas Bank & Trust	267	8	1.52%	260	7	1.05%	
First Electric Co-op	228	9	0.00%	225	8	0.91%	
Lowes	145	10	0.83%	-	-	-	
Wright's Cabinets, Inc	139	-	0.79%	-	-	-	
Arkansas Federal Credit Union	12	-	0.07%	200	9	0.81%	
Pulaski County Special School District	-	-	0.00%	2,632	2	10.63%	
North Metro Medical Center		-	0.00%	360	5	1.45%	
	12,566		70.39%	16,183		65.35%	

Sources: Jacksonville Chamber of Commerce

Discover Arkansas.net-Labor Force Statistics

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

ST TEN YEARS Table 18

<u>Function</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
General Government:										
General administration	12	12	12	12	10	10	10	10	10	10
City council	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Mayor	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
City clerk	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
City attorney	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
District court	5	5	5	5	3	4	5	5	3	4
Director of administration	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Information technology	2	2	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3
Finance	8	7	6	6	6	6	7	6	6	7
Human resources	3	3	2	1	1	1	2	2	2	3
Fleet services	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Public works										
Public works coordinator	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Engineering	4	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Code enforcement	4	4	4	4	3	2	5	3	3	5
Parks and recreation	55	35	34	45	34	64	55	55	45	55
Police	98	96	95	94	79	55	60	58	58	50
Fire	56	56	55	45	55	51	56	62	61	60
Emergency communication	15	12	11	10	13	9	10	14	10	11
Animal control	6	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	5
Total General Fund	288	261	253	248	229	227	240	245	227	236
Community Development	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Emergency Medical Services	12	12	12	12	12	12	10	10	11	11
Public Works - Street	18	15	14	18	19	16	14	12	13	13
Sanitation	16	15	15	15	16	13	15	15	15	15
Total Other Funds	48	43	42	46	48	42	40	38	40	40
Total Personnel	336	303	295	294	277	269	280	283	267	276

Source: City's Human Resource Department

#### OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM

LAST TEN YEARS Table 19 Function/Program 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2013 2014 2015 2016 Planning and Development Total building permits issued 150 147 153 183 149 163 158 145 190 174 Estimated building cost 10,620,235 \$ 11,637,357 \$ 9,244,024 \$ 15,307,827 \$ 97,881,742 \$ 18,957,534 \$ 41,491,501 15,694,601 \$ 28,810,690 \$ 28,000,788 New commercial construction permits 9 3 6 13 8 4 6 5 Commercial construction value 5 335 457 \$ 5 273 746 \$ 380 000 \$ 2 126 400 87 803 785 \$ 9 564 888 \$ 26 265 314 3 505 844 \$ 8 755 302 6 766 302 New residential construction permits 32 39 43 41 63 56 51 71 Residential construction value 4,109,500 \$ 4,749,000 \$ 5,633,017 \$ 5,060,053 \$ 7,309,903 \$ 5,404,500 \$ 13,256,326 7,921,238 \$ 7,692,840 \$ 12,777,000 Police Number of uniformed employees 80 79 70 70 65 52 Call responses 49,659 45,587 55,199 51,263 42,804 43,266 40,031 37,528 53,485 343,999 Physical arrests 3,804 4,040 3,363 2,896 1,898 2,621 2,018 1,539 1,795 1,785 Parking/traffic violations 5,996 7,278 7,731 6,410 3,502 3,651 5,572 3,890 9,836 5,560 Clearance rate - violent crimes 63.5% 56.7% 63.0% 59.0% 56.0% 59.0% 38.7% 61.0% 40.0% 85.0% Clearance rate - property crimes 64.0% 44.5% 49.0% 37.0% 18.0% 35.0% 29.0% 24.0% 46.0% Number of uniformed employees 55 55 67 55 56 52 56 62 61 68 4.141 3.752 4.485 4.699 5.035 5.308 5.558 6.101 6.252 6.423 Fire alarms EMS alarms 3.120 3.847 3.920 4.253 4.608 4.797 5.293 3.541 4.215 5.167 Fire losses 829.630 803.495 \$ 394.220 829.630 706.250 459,600 205,750 633.800 \$ 1.987.450 675.800 10.133.450 12.081.600 Fire savings 3.014.880 \$ 2.906.079 7.949.810 \$ 5.656.220 \$ \$ 6.967.785 \$ 7.633.750 7,873,800 \$ 11.751.371 911 Communications Ambulance land line calls (1)(2) 1,404 1,593 QRO 1.054 1,063 1.152 1.199 1.323 1.292 2,116 3,161 1.716 2.940 3,190 3.598 3.970 Ambulance wireless calls (1)(2) 1.948 3.456 3.875 Fire land line calls (1)(2) 1.863 1 688 2 018 1.175 1 259 1 327 1 390 1 525 1 563 1 606 Fire wireless calls (1)(2) 2,278 2,064 2,467 3,524 3,776 3,981 4,169 4,576 4,689 4,817 Police land line calls (1)(2) 22.347 20.514 24.840 12.816 10.701 10.816 10.008 9.382 13.371 8.600 Police wireless calls (1)(2) 30.359 38.447 32.450 28.146 27.312 25.073 32.103 30.023 40.114 25.799 Animal Shelter Animals handled 1.563 1,507 1.500 1,503 1,723 1.668 1.720 1.562 1,698 1.352 Adoptions 595 795 1,032 1,125 1,236 1,180 1,012 1,044 1,010 832 Rescued and released to owners 374 324 324 296 329 299 361 354 339 399 Animal cruelty investigations 73 27 46 52 35 40 40 32 40 18 21 50 Animal bite investigations Solid Waste/Garbage collection Solid waste disposal monthly service rate (3) 21.40 22.40 22.40 22.40 22.62 22.39 22.39 24.12 25.34 26.00 Refuse collected (cubic vards) 21 542 22 393 24.774 26.890 26 886 22 789 23 967 26 933 27 237 21 027 Recyclables collected, processed, and sold (tons) 579 612 557 524 531 557 384 505 363 221.5 Recycled yard waste (cubic yards) 33,456 34,529 30,636 31,830 38,352 30,636 30,054 34,962 28,854 22,206 Recycle drive-thru customers (4) 7,826 8,156 8.140 8,122 6,620 8,140 6,766 10,164 18,131 16,573 Public Works Asphalt milling (square yards) 15.513 13.286 7.314 11.600 10.000 7.390 21.025 0 0 18.596 Asphalt overlay (tons) 2,574 1,623 2,226 2,055 2,064 2,280 2,759 4,418 Right-of-way and ditch mowing (miles) 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 1.850 Ditch cleaning (linear feet) 22.322 22,240 18,422 20.299 27.856 30.582 30.582 14.655 849 18.005 Pipe/culvert installation (linear feet) 2.577 1.500 1.065 1.528 2.106 3.288 2.040 3.517 739 1.460 Storm drain culverts cleaned/flushed ( feet) 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 3 000 2 500 2 500 2 500 2 500 Roadways cleaned with street sweeper (miles) 9 3 1 8 9.318 9 3 1 8 7.800 7.800 7 800 7 800 7 800 7 800 8 183 Potholes repaired 202 200 225 225 246 358 495 425 290 290 Parks and recreation Total recorded parks attendance 375 000 425,000 425,000 435,000 500,000 435 000 500 000 500,000 500,000 500,000 Community Center events booked 350 173 187 303 329 474 304 101 113 190 227 272 Pool parties-indoor pool 185 184 212 203 171 74 62 95 Pool parties-outdoor pool 113 112 126 92 127 118 97 36 95 Swim lessons 1,562 1,541 1,126 1,477 1,392 1,472 1,439 874 1,347 1,428 AG&FF Shooting Sports Complex (5)

Source: Various city departments

Total Events Held

Targets Thrown

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government function.

79

1,200,000

87

1,300,000

60

1,200,000

60

1,200,000

60

620,975

52

1,045,175

60

1,331,275

<sup>(1)</sup> Beginning in 2011 the Total EMS/Fire/Police Calls= 45% (landline), 55% (Wireless)

<sup>(2)</sup> Beginning in 2016 the Total EMS/Fire/Police Calls= 25% (landline), 75% (Wireless)

<sup>(3)</sup> Solid Waste disposal was charged per cubic yard until 2012, then it was charged per ton

<sup>(4)</sup> Decrease due to the County's new 2017 curbside recycling program

<sup>(5)</sup> Beginning in 2017 the Shooting Sports Complex became its own Enterprise Fund

# CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM I AST TEN YEARS

LAST TEN YEARS	Table 20

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Function										
Police										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sub-stations	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Patrol units	69	87	82	78	80	49	51	64	64	48
Fire										
Fire Stations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Fire trucks	4	5	5	5	5	6	8	7	7	6
Ambulances	4	4	4	4	3	4	5	5	5	4
Refuse Collection										
Collection trucks	18	18	18	20	22	18	19	24	24	18
Public Works										
Miles of streets	121	121	123	123	124	124	124	125	125	130
Miles of highways	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43
Traffic signals	24	17	17	16	16	18	18	18	18	18
Parks and Recreation										
Acreage	318	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700	700
Number of parks	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	17	17
Number of playgrounds	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Number of ball fields	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Number of soccer fields	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of community centers	2	2	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2
Number of fitness centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of swimming pools	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of pavilions	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18	18

Source: Various City departments.

Note: No capital asset indicators are available for the general government.





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# Independent Accountant's Report on Compliance with Certain State Acts

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas Jacksonville, Arkansas

We have examined management's assertions that the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas (City), complied with the requirements of the *Arkansas Act 15 of 1985* and the following Arkansas statutes during the year ended December 31, 2022.

- (1) Arkansas Municipal Accounting Law, §14-59-101 et seq.
- (2) Arkansas District Courts and City Courts Accounting Law, §16-10-201 et seq.
- (3) Improvement contracts, §§ <u>22-9-202</u> <u>22-9-204</u>
- (4) Budgets, purchases and payments of claims, etc., § 14-58-201 et seq. and 14-58-301 et seq.
- (5) Investment of public funds, § 19-1-501 et seq.
- (6) Deposit of public funds, §§ <u>19-8-101</u> <u>19-8-107</u>

Management of the City is responsible for the City's compliance with those requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our examination.

Our examination was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accounts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the examination to obtain reasonable assurance about whether management's assertion is fairly stated, in all material respects. An examination involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about management's assertion. The nature, timing, and extent of the procedures selected depend on our judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of management's assertion, whether due to fraud or error. We believe that the evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, management's assertion that the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas, complied, in all material respects, with the aforementioned requirements for the year ended December 31, 2022, is fairly stated, in all material respects.

We are required to be independent and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to the engagement.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors, management and the State of Arkansas, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

FORVIS, LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas September 28, 2023







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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas Jacksonville, Arkansas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas (City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2023. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of Jacksonville Municipal Water Works and Jacksonville Wastewater Utility, as described in our report on the City's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditor's testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas September 28, 2023



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# Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Honorable Jeff Elmore, Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Jacksonville, Arkansas Jacksonville, Arkansas

#### Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited the City of Jacksonville's (City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended December 31, 2022.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the City's federal programs.



#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the City's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and
  design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the City's compliance with the compliance
  requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered
  necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the City's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance" section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

FORVIS, LLP

Little Rock, Arkansas September 28, 2023



# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Awards Expended	
Department of Defense Programs					
Direct Programs:					
Community Economic Adjustment Assistance for					
Compatible Use and Joint Land Use Studies	12.610	N/A	\$ -	\$ 313,186	
Total Department of Defense			-	313,186	
Department of Housing and Urban Development Programs					
Direct Programs:					
CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster					
Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grants	14.218	N/A	-	144,376	
COVID - 19 Community Development Block Grants/ Entitlement Grant	14.218	N/A	<u> </u>	51,835	
Total CDBG Entitlement Grants Cluster			-	196,211	
Total Department of Housing and Urban Development			-	196,211	
Department of Justice Programs					
Direct Programs:					
Drug Task Force Overtime	16.000	N/A	-	20,448	
Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program	16.607	N/A	-	9,391	
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	16.738	N/A	-	22,428	
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922	N/A	<del>-</del>	3,975	
Total Department of Justice			-	56,243	
Department of Transportation Programs					
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Pass-Through From:					
Arkansas Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	JOB #205847	-	6,940	
	20.205	JOB #061527		84,441	
Total Department of Transportation			-	91,381	
Department of Treasury					
Pass-Through From:					
Arkansas Department of Finance and Administration					
COVID -19 American Rescue Plan	21.027	None Provided		2,722,259	
COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	None Provided		290,655	
Total Department of Treasury			-	3,012,914	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ -	\$ 3,669,936	

# NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

#### Note 1: Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the City of Jacksonville, Arkansas (City) under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position or cash flows of the City.

### Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance or other applicable federal guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

#### **Note 3: Indirect Cost Rate**

The City has elected not to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### Note 4: Federal Loan Programs

The City did not have any federal loan programs during the year ended December 31, 2022.

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

### **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

### Financial Statements

1.	The type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statement accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the Unites S was:		-
	X Unmodified Qualified Adverse Dis	sclaimer	
2.	The independent auditor's report on internal control over financial reporti	ng disclosed:	
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
	Material weakness(es) Identified?	Yes	XNo
3.	Noncompliance considered material to the financial statements was disc	losed by the a	udit? X
Fed	eral Awards		
4.	Internal control over compliance for the major federal awards program: applicable to major federal awards programs disclosed:		
	Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes	X None reported
	Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes	XNo
5.	Type of audiotor's report issued on compliance for the major federal awa	rd program:	
	X Unmodified Qualified Adverse Dis	sclaimer	
6.	The audit disclosed findings required to be reported in accordance with 2	2 CFR 200.516 Yes	6(a)? XNo
7.	Identification of the major federal program:		
	Cluster/Program		
	COVID-19 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Program	21.027	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinquish between Type A and Type B program	ns: \$750,000	
9.	The City qualified as a low-risk auditee?	Yes	XNo

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Section II - Findings Required to be Reported by Government Auditing Standards

Reference Number	Finding						
No matters are reportable.							
Section III - Findings Required to be Reported by the Uniform Guidance							
Reference Number	Finding						

No matters are reportable.

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Reference		
Number	Summary of Finding	Status

No matters are reportable